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ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY

# DRUG&CHEMICALMARKETS

Established 1914

A Weekly Business Paper for Those Who Make, Sell, or Buy Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Drugs, Essential and Fatty Oils

VOLUME XII,

NEW YORK, JUNE 20, 1923

No. 25

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#### ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY

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# DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS

3 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK

VOLUME XII, NUMBER 25

[June 20, 1923

#### GUESSING THE DYE FUTURE

Since France occupied the Ruhr there have been rumors that part of the German coal-tar chemical industry is to be transplanted to American soil. As time passes the logic behind such a move becomes stronger and the rumors are more persistent.

German psychology is famous for going askew; but there is no reason to doubt the soundness of the German commercial instinct in matters chemical. It is therefore, not so difficult to reconstruct the line of reasoning that would lead to the fulfilment of these rumors, and it may not be so futile to guess a little at the consequence.

Dye manufacture in Germany has become an extremely hazardous and difficult undertaking. German dye manufacturers have experience, ability, and a valuable, world-wide reputation for good products. They have the men and apparently the money. They see the American, Swiss, and British dye industries becoming daily stronger in the world's markets which they had counted upon regaining. In America is at once the greatest dye-consuming market and the greatest storehouse of coal-tar crudes. And there is no insurmountable difficulty in putting into effect the obvious solution to their problem.

If Badische or Bayer—rumors fly thickest about these two companies—were to establish a factory in the United States, how would they go about elbowing their way into our already crowded dye fields and what would be the effect upon our domestic dye

They would hardly be tempted into the manufacture of sulfur black, indigo, or any of the big tonnage dyes which are now over-produced here and selling at prices that pay no dividends. But there are a hundred or more dyes, not made here now, which, while not absolutely necessary in the color range, are nevertheless desirable. Two of our companies, as an example, produce four or five of the indanthrenes: there are a dozen good dyes in staple demand in this group. It is fairly safe guessing that the Germans would begin at such loose ends of the line of least resistance. They are not price-cutters (except for the ulterior motive of breaking competition) and they are always careful collectors of profits. With a foothold gained in this way, they might later produce bulk colors. and with their well known tricks of full-line-forcing and commercial bribery they might in time use strangling tactics to suppress their American

German competition within our midst would,

however, bring some benefits. It would assuredly stimulate research. It would probably shift dye competition from price to service. It would, of necessity, employ American workmen, American salesmen, and some American chemists. Even imported executives and technical experts could not be kept always in their own organizations. In American costs would have to be based upon American dollars paid out for American labor, plants, equipment, coal, and raw materials. No tariff is needed to equalize such competition, and unfair competition in inter-state trade can be swiftly dealt with.

We have not forgotten the tremendous accomplishments of the short five years between 1914 and 1919, and we "guess" the American coal-tar chemical industry has a future. The longer the French hold the Ruhr, the quicker our supremacy in the dye markets will be assured; but even the prospect of German competition in our midst is nothing to strike terror to the heart.

#### QUOTING ALKALI PRICES

The old method of quoting alkali prices, based on 48% Na<sub>2</sub>O for soda ash and 60% Na<sub>2</sub>O for caustic soda, is involved and difficult to understand by many buyers with a limited knowledge of chemistry and the chemical industry. The buyer always has hoped that he is being charged the right prices, but is frequently in serious doubt regarding it owing to his ignorance of the system. By changing over to an actual flat basis for quoting alkalies of a definite composition at so much per hundred pounds, one of the leading alkali sales organizations has taken a long step forward toward better understanding between seller and purchaser, particularly where the latter is a non-chemical person. The change is away from confusion which frequently surrounds sales where both parties are not thoroughly familiar with the conditions.

Years ago where every lot of alkali varied in composition and when each manufacturer's product was different from all the other producers' goods, the sale of alkali on its Na<sub>2</sub>O content based on the New York and Liverpool test may have been necessary. To-day, this method has outlived its usefulness. Practically all alkalies on the market to-day are of a uniform composition with the reputation of a well-known maker behind the goods. Caustic, 76% solid, is the same to-day from most of the makers, uniform in composition and quality, and containing 99% NaOH. Every lot is the same as the preceding lot. The adoption of a flat price per

hundred pounds is not only a materially simpler way of handling this business, but it is an unspoken declaration that alkali production of definite, constant qualities has become permanently standardized.

#### WHEN TO SEEK FOREIGN TRADE

Whether manufacturers in the United States who are seeking foreign trade should attempt to satisfy the whims and caprices of a varying multitude of customers in the innumerable small markets of the world, or continue their plants on mass production and sell by mass distribution, is discussed by Dr. Julius Klein in "Commerce Reports." He says there is no reason why a concentration on foreign sales campaigns similar to that applied to domestic sales should not result in oversea mass distribution of our mass production. In a number of lines of goods we can sell the peoples of the world "what they want" and still supply the goods from domestic stocks without much, if any, alteration in design.

Great Britain has gone so far in catering to the wishes of foreign buyers that British manufacturers find it impossible to put any appreciable percentage of their plants on a mass production basis. Each mill turns out small quantities which necessitates constant readjustment of machinery. In this connection, Dr. Klein urges American manufacturers to build up foreign trade when domestic business is good, and not wait until the home demand falls off, and attempt to find an outlet for their goods in foreign markets by means of a whirlwind campaign.

#### OPPOSED TO A SMALL BOTTLE

The successful fight made against the plan of Southern Railway officials to displace the 12-13 gallon carboy by a 5-gallon bottle illustrates the value of trade association work. The railway men had enlisted the support of the Army and Navy purchasing departments and consumers generally, and were in a fair way to put over the plan, when the carboy committee of the Manufacturing Chemists Association took up the question for the members directly affected by the proposed change and after numerous conferences won over the Army and Navy and induced the Southern Railway officials to refrain for the present from further efforts to install the small container.

Reports of experiments by the carboy test committee and statements that the industries concerned would lose millions of dollars by the change, owing to heavy capital investments in machinery, not to speak of excessive charges on smaller containers, made a favorable impression. The question had been considered only from the point of view of the railroad. When the committee representing manufacturers presented the objections to the plan, the complaints of excessive damage due to carboy breakage did not seem so alarming as to call for the proposed change. If the plan had gone so far as to bring an order from the Interstate Commerce Commission authorizing the use of the 5-gallon

bottle, the cost would have made advances in the prices of many products imperative and all consuming industries would have suffered.

Government ownership will be abandoned by the Australian Commonwealth Ministry as rapidly as the plants in various industries can be sold to private interests. These include a lime plant and an explosive factory. Railway and other public utilities may be retained for a time, but all commercial and industrial enterprises will be closed out. It has been found in Australia, as in the United States, that individual initiative is necessary to success in any business.

#### Many Men: Many Minds

"The cost element in our commerce undoubtedly carries a danger just now. When one of our large industries, working night and day shifts, cannot produce more than 60 per cent of its maximum of pre-war years, the large increase in cost, due to decreased efficiency, cannot be passed over lightly, but must be considered as a significant element in the situation."

—J. H. Tregoe, National Assn., of Credit Meu.

Marked improvement since the depression of 1921 is shown in certain industries represented by 122 corporations. Each of the groups shows the greater demand of 1922. Stores, including mail order houses, made the highest leap from a net deficit of nearly ten millions to profits exceeding 40 millions. Motors and accessories vaulted further from a deficit of 23 millions to profits of 36 millions. Both of these groups owe quick recovery to drastic measures that produced lower prices and attracted buyers.—Financial America.

A small Scotch mill took an order from a London stationer for some writing paper. When the paper was received in London it was found to be soft—so soft that it was impossible to use it for writing purposes. The fact was that the paper maker had omitted putting in his "sizing." Scotch like, Sandy went down to London and, after figuring around for a week or two, discovered a use for his soft paper and sold it as blotting. Blotting paper made an immediate hit with the quill wielders and became a regular product of the mill. From that modest and essentially Scotch beginning, the industry has grown as the art of writing has spread over the world.—John Gibson, Jr., Wrenn Paper Co.

#### FOOLING THE BOLL WEEVIL

In Enterprise, Coffee county, Alabama, stands a monument to the boll weevil. It bears this inscription:

In Profound Appreciation
of the Boll Weevil
As the Herald of Prosperity
This Monument Is Erected
by the Citizens of
Enterprise, Coffee County, Alabama.

Farmers of Coffee county wasted several years fighting the weevil before they learned there was more money in crops other than cotton. They planted sugar cane, sorghum, peanuts and corn, anything but cotton, in their outlying fields. Peanuts are now paying off the mortgages cotton placed on Coffee county farms. Hence the monument to the boll weevil, a plague that proved a blessing in disguise.—N. Y. Herald.

# The Returnable Package Problem

Way Suggested to Eliminate the Annoying and Expensive Item in the Insecticide and Disinfectant Trade

> By H. W. COLE, Vice President, Baird & McGuire

F the many complex problems the industry is called upon to solve, one of prime importance is that of returnable packages. The manufacturer who ships his material in returnable drums is appalled at his investment in these containers during the course of the year. He often finds the expense of purchasing drums and keeping track of them requires a considerable part of his working capital. The larger establishments pay out annually an enormous sum for heavy-weight drums, and still have to maintain at large expense a clericai staff to keep these containers moving back to the original shipping point. It is safe to say that there is not in all America a business house using returnable drums that does not lose money on this item each year. Some customers have a habit of using these drums for storage and returning them, if at all, when it best suits their convenience. Although it is the custom to charge the drums to the buyer when shipments are made, many refuse to pay this charge but carry it on their books as a memo-randum. There may be a few of our members who use heavy-weight drums because of necessity. If inflammables or explosives are to be transported, then the Interstate Commerce Commission specifies the type of container which must be

Aside from the amount of money which drums cost, consideration must be given to the added freight charge because of weight, and in this the jobber and consumer have a common interest. Many a buyer has had

sumer have a common interest. Many a buyer has had his anticipated margin of profit materially reduced by being obliged to pay the freight on the empties back to the shipper. Unfortunately there does not seem to be a recognized standard of terms among the trade as applied to drums. One manufacturer considers a drum a steel package holding fifty gallons, while another calls this same container a half drum, and still another classes as a drum a steel package holding one hundred gallons. No wonder that many shipments of large drums have been returned at the seller's expense because the buyer intended and expected that fifty-gallon packages would be supplied when he specified drums. The return of these shipments not only entails expense, but dissatisfaction, if not actual loss of trade.

The wooden barrel which has served such a useful purpose for many years is rapidly passing into the discard as a container for oils and kindred substances. Such materials, because of their nature, tend to seep through the staves and around the chimes, especially if care is not exercised in loading and unloading. It is generally regarded that to make a wooden barrel fit for transporting disinfectants it must be cleaned, steamed and



Insecticide and disinfectant manufacturers have found the returnable package an annoying and puzzling item in the cost of doing business, and Mr. Cole's proposed solution of the problem by the use of nonreturnable containers created much interest at the recent meeting of Insecticide and Disinfectant Manufacturers Association, at Detroit. Mr. Cole was formerly with The Barrett Co., and has had wide experience in the use of drums and other containers.

glued. Even such treatment will not always insure a perfectly clean package, for the porosity of the wood makes possible the absorption of previous contents and this at times is sufficient to spoil the new contents. Your product may be chemically perfect when it is ready to ship, but may be sub-standard upon arrival at destination because of the presence of a foreign substance in the barrel that steaming has not completely removed. The use of new barrels would eliminate this difficulty, but this advantage is offset by a price that is much higher than light-weight steel drums. Your coveted reputation as a manufacturer of high-quality products may be jeopardized by just one shipment of goods that is contaminated, and every seller knows that it is far more difficult to bring a lost account into line than it is to secure the business originally.

#### Non-Returnable Drums

After very considerable study of the package problem, as applied to our industry, many have concluded that the real solution lies in the exclusive use of the so-called non-returnable drum or one-time shipper. These can be purchased at a price but little in excess of wooden barrels, and, if desired, may be supplied with reversible faucets in the bung, making it convenient for the consumer to withdraw the contents as needed. It is the practice to make no separate charge to the buyer for these light-weight drums, but to add their actual cost to the price of the material. This does away with the

expense which would be incurred if each drum had to be kept track of. Incidentally, the buyer has no return freight charges to worry about. As to durability, these drums will stand a great amount of rough handling. It has been proven by test that a drop of one of these containers loaded, sufficient to dent the drum. would so damage a wooden barrel of equal weight as to make almost impossible the salvaging of the contents. It is a big satisfaction for the buyer to receive the same gallenage of material which you ship him, without having to file a claim for loss through leakage. It is a point in your favor when soliciting business to be able to assure the customer that you use only containers which will stand up under the strain of presentday traffic. As compared with heavy-weight drums, both you and your trade have less transportation expense to pay on these one-time shippers. There is always a healthy demand for empties, and it is optional with your trade as to whether they care to dispose of them at a figure which will further reduce their merchandise costs, or retain as many as may be needed for the storage of gasoline, oils and other materials. Not a few of these drums, after having served their best

days of usefulness, are converted into receptacles for ashes, garbage and refuse.

Less Likelihood of Contamination

Light-weight drums are cleaned with comparative ease. Through their use the possibility of contamination of contents is almost wholly removed. There is less likelihood of leakage at the bung. They do not necessarily require painting, and the cost of re-coopering is eliminated altogether. They may be stored for an indefinite time with safety and without loss. Some of the largest buyers of the country, who are not obliged to use I. C. C. drums, have standardized on light-weight drums, and have found the move to be not only practical but economical. Although it is generally known, it might not be amiss to mention that these drums are also furnished with the buyer's name and address embossed in the metal, when desired, thus giving to this type of package something of advertising value.

It is earnestly recommended that those of our members who have been accustomed to shipping in heavy drums and wooden barrels give consideration to the use of the non-returnable drum. This is not a matter to be decided by vote of the association; it is simply a plan offered the individual for curtailing a part of his shipping expense and giving greater satisfaction to his

trade.

#### PAUL SCHNORRENBERGER DEAD AT 72

Paul Schnorrenberger, Heller & Merz, New York, died at his desk at the office of the company, 502 Hudson St., of a heart attack on June 11. Although Mr. Schnorrenberger had been with Heller & Merz for thirty-nine years, he refused to quit active work in spite of chronic asthma for a number of years past. He was 72 years of age, having been born at Grue Odernheim, Rhein Hessen in Germany on December 8, 1850. He was graduated from Mayence University and spent most of his early business life in Paris as an accountant. Coming to the United States in 1884, he entered the employ of Heller & Merz. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Anna Schnorrenberger.

U. S. Chemical Corp., with capitalization of \$2,350,000, will build a double superphosphate plant near Tampa, Fla., and develop 4,000 acres of phosphate land at Dover, Sidney and Plant City. The company is being promoted by Harry L. Pierce, New York. Peter S. Gilchrist, president Chemical Construction Co. of Charlotte, N. C., will act as chairman of the board, and William Schneider, president, Bank of Plant City, will serve on the board of directors. Judge James F. Glen, of Tampa, is attorney of the company. Executive offices are at Tampa.

Importation of crude material for use in manufacturing will approximate, according to National City Bank of New York, a billion and a half dollars in the fiscal year which ends with the current month, against \$909,000,000 in the fiscal year 1922, and \$1,051,000,000 in the fiscal year 1921 Raw material for manufacturing formed in the nine months ending with March no less than 39 per cent of the total merchandise entering the country, as against 35 per cent in the fiscal year 1922 and 29 per cent in the fiscal year 1921.

International Rhineland High Commission has increased by 25 per cent the duties on merchandise coming into the Rhineland from unoccupied Germany. The increase constitutes a penalty for the German defiance of the Franco-Belgian demand for cessation of the passive resistance and punishment for imposition by the German government of onerous duties on foreign importations sent through the Rhineland.

# URGE CRESYLIC ACID TARIFF REVISION AT DISINFECTANT MAKERS MEETING

Immediate Reduction of Duty to Permit Imports, Asked For—Supply 70 Per Cent Short in U. S.— Association Drops "Insecticide" Part of Name

(Special to Drug & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Detroit, June 20—Cresylic acid and the tariff held the center of the stage at the mid-summer meeting of Insecticide and Disinfectant Manufacturers' Association at Hotel Statler, last week. After considerable discussion condemning the present duty on cresylic acid, a resolution was adopted urging on the Tariff Commission an immediate recommendation for a cut of fifty per cent in the rate. Supplies in the United States to-day are seventy per cent short of normal needs, it was pointed out. A resolution recommending to the Government the appropriation of a fund for testing and eliminating a number of low grade disinfectants on the market was passed. The name of the association was also changed at the meeting to the Disinfectant Manufacturers' Association, the "Insecticide" portion of the title being dropped.

Following an address by A. W. Clark, St. Louis, National "Clean Up and Paint Up" Campaign Bureau, the association decided to participate in the campaign in the future. In addition to an address of welcome from Mayor Frank E. Doremus, Dr. F. M. Meader, Detroit Department of Health, spoke on disinfection and public health work. The fifty members present at the meeting were entertained at the Highland Park plant of the Ford Motor Works, and at luncheon at

the plant of Parke, Davis & Co.

C. C. Baird, Baird & McGuire, Holbrook, Mass., president of the Association, in his opening address, outlined methods of disinfection used in the past and the development of improvements in the science of disease prevention. He also urged a strong campaign directed on Washington to hasten the revision of the cresylic acid duty downward the fifty per cent permitted by the law. The meeting decided to hold the regular annual convention in New York during December.

Charles F. Whittemore, Denver, Colc., sailed from New York last week for Buenos Aires, Argentina, where he will install apparatus for purifying radium emanation. The University of Buenos Aires and a newly formed Argentine association of physicians, according to an announcement by the American Chemical Society. of which Mr. Whittemore is a member, have acquired a large supply of radium from Paris for use in cancer treatment.

Joel Henry Hildebrand, professor of chemistry, University of California, Berkeley, has been appointed dean of men by President-elect Dr. W. W. Campbell. Prof. Hildebrand is a native of New Jersey, and received his Ph.D. from University of Pennsylvania in 1906. He later studied under Mernst in Berlin. He is a member of American Chemical Society and American Electrochemical Society.

Dr. Leslie Carrington Beard, Jr., formerly instructor in chemistry at Johns Hopkins University, now chemist for the Standard Oil Co., New York, was married June 9, in Third Reformed Church, Baltimore, to Miss Mildred Holland Morgal, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Guy N. Morgal.

E. H. Killheffer, Newport Chemical Works, has been elected chairman of the New York Section of the American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists; H. F. Wilmot, treasurer, and Mr. Grandage, Clark Thread Mills, Newark, secretary.

#### Business Brevities

Specialty Glass Co., Long Beach, Cal., will build a new plant estimated to cost \$50,000.

G. S. Stoddard & Co., Inc., chemists, have moved to their new fireproof building, 121 E. 24th st., New York.

Kilseo Chemical Co., organized under laws of Delaware, with capital of \$1,000,000, has appointed W. S. Charak, 105 Hudson st., as New York agent.

Brocalsa Chemical Co., Columbus, Ohio, will install new equipment to provide for greater production. A bond issue of \$500,000 is being arranged.

Louisiana Utilities Mfg. & Agricultural Co., Hammond, La., will erect a commercial fertilizer plant. The company was recently formed with capital of \$1,000,000. H. G. Hungate is secretary.

Manufacturers of celluloid with plants in Brooklyn have protested against restrictions of the Bureau of Combustibles, saying they cannot continue in business if the city fire ordinances are enforced.

Bernard Trading Co., a holding company for May Chemical Co., has purchased a plot 50 by 100 feet at 200 Niagara st.., Newark, N. J., adjoining the plant of May Chemical Co., which will build on the site.

Bon Air Chemical Co., Nashville, has been incorporated with capital of \$10,000,000 to take over Bon Air Coal and Iron Corp. Incorporators are M. P. O'Connor, Paul E. Griffin, Frederick Leake, J. A. Foster and J. O. Swingley.

American Magnesium Co. will establish its plant at Tidewater, Los Angeles, Cal. The company, which is building a railway to its sodium carbonate properties at Searles Lake, also owns valuable magnesium sulfate and aluminum sulfate deposits in Death Valley.

The advisory committee of the Chemical Exposition is considering a plan to have exhibitors display goods in some novel way that will demonstrate their special uses, and selling points. It has also been suggested that exhibitors have their full sales forces at the Exposition.

A. R. Moss Chemical Co., 308 East Eighth st., Los Angeles, Cal., has acquired a tract of about five acres at Bell, near Los Angeles, as a site for a new plant. The initial building will be one-story, 80 x 133 feet, with two wing extensions. A portion of the structure will be equipped as a chemical laboratory.

Maryland Chemical Co., Baltimore, is distributing, in less than carload lots, acids and heavy chemicals manufactured by the General Chemical Co., and delivery will be made by motor truck as well as by railroad in the territory around Baltimore and Washington. The Maryland company is also distributor for the American Trona Co., and for Wing & Evans.

Niagara Falls Smelting & Refining Corp., 1070-1084 Niagara St., Buffalo, has organized by electing W. R. Hopkins, Cleveland, president; Ernest G. Jarvis, Buffalo, vice president and general manager; and A. Madigan, Buffalo, treasurer. The company will make ingot metals and alloys, Babbitt metal, and solders. The plant cost approximately \$100,000. Crude materials used are fluorspar, acids, borax and copper sulfate.

#### CHEMICAL FOUNDATION SUIT WATCHED BY AGENT OF GERMAN DYE CARTEL

Dr. Eugene Maas, Official Observer, Will Issue Statement on Points Brought Out by Col. H. A. Metz-Court Rules Out Government Evidence Involving President Wilson's Authority to Order Sale of German Patents

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Wilmington, Del., June 20-The Government suit against Chemical Foundation will be heard again tomorrow, having been adjourned to Thursday at the close of the session on Friday, June 15. Col. Metz was not called on Friday, but it developed during the proceedings that Dr. Eugene Maas, official observer for Interessen Gemeinschaft, the German Dye Cartel, is present at the trial, and if Col. Metz appears for the U. S. Government, having been summoned as a witness by Col. Anderson, assistant attorney general, Dr. Maas will issue a statement covering points that are brought out by Col. Metz.

During the week Judge Morris held that evidence.was irrelevant which the Government had depended upon as of the utmost importance in its case against the Chemical Foundation. The court has already indicated a number of times its intent to hold with the defense that war acts of a President are not reviewable by the courts. On this principal contention rests the fate of the suit

in equity. Judge Morris said:

"It seems to me that a court cannot substitute its opinion of what is for the greatest public interest for the judgment of the President, Mr. Polk, or Mr. Palmer, or any other authorized or empowered official."

Isidor J. Kresel, counsel for the defense, pointed out that the peace treaties specifically ratified "every act taken by any agency of any of the Allied Governments with resepect to enemy property. So," he said, "if there were no express ratification of this act by the President there is a ratification taken advantage of by our Government and approved in our treaty with Germany, ratifying every act of the custodian and the President up to that time with respect to enemy property."

Mr. Krese! announced that when the defense opens

he probably would move for dismissal.

George W. Storck, formerly special accountant in the office of the Alien Property Custodian, testified that the total amount received from royalties on the patents from Dec. 31, 1917, to Dec. 31, 1922, was \$1,289,-783.25. Of this amount, he said, the Chemical Foundation had received \$675,345.10; the Federal Trade Commission \$491,801.77, from which \$30,000 was deducted in payment against principal on the sale of a contract.

Charles T. Parmlee, New York, a manufacturing chemist, testified concerning patent No. 906918. The witness said that while this patent had been seized by the Alien Property Custodian it had been his property since May 11, 1911. Mr. Parmlee contended that he was an American citizen and that the seizure was unlawful.

Many zinc mines in the Joplin, Mo., district are curtailing production because of lower prices and higher Over a dozen plants have ceased operations within the last two weeks. These curtailments should have a direct effect upon any further accumulations of stocks within the district.

Carbon Limestone Co. has purchased the properties of Interstate Limestone Co., near New Castle, Pa., adding about 8,000,000 tons of limestone to its holdings, increasing them to 20,000,000 tons. For the present the Interstate properties will not be operated.

#### NEARLY ALL INDUSTRIES DEPENDENT UPON CHEMISTRY, SAYS A. D. LITTLE

Manufacture of Steel, Production of Gold, the Gas Industry, and the Farmers' Crops Subject to Chemical Control—How Americans Lost an Opportunity in Artificial Silk

Arthur D. Little told New York State Bankers' Association in convention at Atlantic City, last week, that America had taken Germany's place as leader in chemical developments. He said nothing had so greatly augmented the supply of gold as the cyanide and chlorina-

tion processes, which have permitted the profitable extraction of gold from vast deposits of low-grade ores. He continued:

"Every step in the manufacture of steel is subject to chemical con-trol. The blast furnace is merely a gigantic crucible 'of special design for the conduct of chemical processes on the grand scale. Without the Bessemer process and the basic converter of Thomas and Gilchrist modern civilization would be impossible and the great



ARTHUR D. LITTLE

"The gas industry represents an investment of \$4,000,000,000, and the revenue from sales of manufactured gas in 1921 was over \$379,000,000. It is based primarily on the chemical processes of Murdock and of Lowe.

steel corporations non-existent at the present time.

"To Le Blanc, who died in a French poorhouse, and to Solvay you owe the great alkali industry; to Hall and Heroult the Aluminum Co. of America; to other chemists the spectacular electrochemical developments at Niagara Falls.

"The founder of the du Pont family in this country was a pupil of Lavoisier, the father of chemistry, and chemistry, fostered by intensive research, has been the tap root of that industrial sequoia which bears the family name.

"I doubt if a corporation is listed on the New York Stock Exchange that does not in some phase of its activities touch chemistry. Chemistry adds \$150,000,000 a year to the value of the average cotton crop by developing by-products from the cotton seed once only a nuisance to the farmer and his neighbors, and new corporate values follow. Because of the discovery of a simple chemical reaction 40,000,000 bushels of corn are converted to glucose in the United States each year and the securities of the Corn Products Refining Co. have interest for bankers.

"Twenty-four years ago a firm of distinguished London chemists offered the American rights to viscose artificial silk for £11,000. They found no takers here. Our financial men could not see the oak in the acorn. Ultimately an English group was found who undertook the development at Coventry, in England, and later in this country at Marcus Hook.

"Last year the world's production of real silk was 60,000,000 pounds and of artificial silk 80,000,000, and of this the American production of viscose silk by this one company was 22,000,000 pounds. I have never seen their cost sheets, but will hazard a guess that their profits have been at least \$1 a pound."

# 1923 FERTILIZER CONDITIONS DISAPPOINT (Special to Drug & Chemical Markets)

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., June 20—Conditions in the fertilizer industry during the past year have been disappointing and caused much pessimism among producers although some improvement over the state of affairs in 1922 was noted. Increased production and keener competition between makers, with agricultural prosperity not general, was the cause of many troubles, according to President Gustavus Ober, Jr., reviewing conditions in his address at the annual convention of National Fertilizer Association. The annual meeting of Southern Fertilizer Association was held here immedi-

ately following the National meeting.

President Ober said in part in his address: "Our difficulties had largely been brought about by overproduction, this, in turn, being caused by a decreased consumption in the period following the war. the prospect of better business, we, therefore, felt confident that we were on the way to recovery and a more normal operating basis for our industry. This hope of an increased tonnage was, in fact, realized in some sections, even to an unexpected extent. In other sections the hope fell flat as there was an actual decrease in tonnage. This was due as much, I think, to a desire on the part of the farmer to economize as to any other reason. In some cases this amounted almost to a buyers strike. Generally speaking though, there has been a fair increase of tonnage for the industry as a whole. We, too, bear, I believe, a personal responsibility for some of our troubles. The stress of overproduction and personal necessity has, in many cases, so clouded our judgment that we have given way to practices and methods that have been, to say the least, detrimental to the return of the industry to normal. If prosperity is to be realized, we will have to clear our eyes from the dust of the arena in which most of us are struggling and take a broader view of the future as well as the pressing necessities of the moment."

#### 1923 ALCOHOL OUTPUT 50,000,000 GALS.

Fifty million gallons of industrial alcohol will be produced in the fiscal year 1923 which closes June 30, according to a report from U. S. Prohibition Commissioner Roy Haynes, recently issued. According to the report, the production of industrial alcohol from July 1, 1920, to June 30, 1921, was 44,047,442 wine gallons; July 1, 1921, to June 30, 1922, 41,691,776; and from July 1, 1922, to March 31, 1923, 48,857,894.

"These figures of gross production of industrial alcohol in the country clearly show that the production and use have closely followed the lines of commercial activity and that the drop from 44,000,000 to 41,000,000was due to the depression of a year ago. The number of plants now qualified to produce alcohol is practically the same as two years ago, being approximately seventy in number, but at present they are working at a greater capacity than they were two years ago.

The withdrawals of denatured alcohol follow:—Specially denatured, twelve months' period ending February 28, 1921, 11,767,587.77, wine gallons; period ending February 28, 1922, 12,719,452.46 wine gallons; period ending February 28, 1923, 25,505,940.07 wine gallons

ending February 28, 1923, 25,505,940.07 wine gallons.
Completely denatured:—Twelve months' period ending February 28, 1921, 13,319,230 19 wine gallons; period ending February 28, 1922, 15,483,003.92 wine gallons; period ending February 28, 1923, 22,766,389.90 wine gallons.

Fort Smith Fertilizer Co., Fort Smith, Ark., will install grinding, mixing and pulverizing machinery.

#### QUOTATIONS ON CHEMICAL STOCKS

Closing Prices for Week Ending June 16

Bid	Asked	Bid	Asked
Air Reduction 64	66	Heyden Chem 17/8	
*Allied Chem. & D. 68	69	Hooker Electro 55	65
*Allied Ch. & D., pf.108	10934	Hooker Electro, pf. 60	70
*Am. Ag. Ch 16	17	*Household Products 331/2	337/8
*Am. Ag. Ch., pf 42	431/2		43/8
*Am. Chicle 9	91/2	*Int. Agricult 4	13
*Am. Chicle, pf 40	47	*Int. Agricult., pf 12%	
*Am. Cot. Oil 634	7	*Int. Nickel 14	143/2
*Am. Cot. Oil, pf 16	181/2	*Int. Nickel, pf 82	831/4
*Am. Cyan 48	51	*Int. Salt 781/4	4.4
*Am. Cyan., pf 73	75	*Mathieson Alk 461/4	47
	53/4	Merck & Co., pf 85	87
*Am. Druggist S 5	85	Merrimac 96	
Am. Glue 82		Mulford Co 29	34
Am. Glue, pf124	1261/2	Mutual Co150	
*Am. Linseed 21	221/2	*National Lead1147/8	116
*Am. Linseed, pf 421/4	44		110
*Am. Malt 12	13	*National Lead, pf.1081/2	157
*Am. Zinc 934	11	N. J. Zinc152	100
*Am. Zinc, pf 40	42	Niag. A., pf 96	
*Atlas Powder171	173	Parke, Davis & Co. 80	041/
*Atlas Powd., pf 86	871/2	Penn. Salt 84	843/4
By. Prod. Co 67	72	*People's Gas, Chi 911/2	921/2
Carborundum135	1351/2	Procter & Gamble124	128
Carborundum, pf1151/2	116	Procter & Gam., pf102	106
Casein Co 60	65	Royal Bak. Po122 Royal Bak. Po., pf 961/2	130
Celluloid Co 88	92	Royal Bak. Po., pf., 961/2	99
Celluloid Co., pf107	110	Sherwin-Williams 29	
Ches. Mfg233	238	Sherwin-W., pf101	102
Ches. Mfg., pf110	115	Stand. Ch 90	100
Com'l Solv. A 28	32	Swan & Finch 26	30
Do B 181/2	22	*Tenn. C. & Chem 97/8	10
*Corn Products13134	1321/4	"Tex. Gulf, Sul 585%	59
*Corn Products, pf.1161/2	119	Union Carbide 563/4	57
*Davison Chem 327/8	33	Union Sulphur	
Dow Chem, non par. 40%		*Un. Drug 80	803/2
	96	"Un. Drug, 1st pf 473/4	48
Dow Ch., pf Du Pont de Nem. 1251/8	126	*Un. Dyewood130	150
*Du P't de Nem. Db. 85	8514	*Un. Dyewood, pf112	
Total Vodels 1061/	1065%	Un. Gas Imp 4934	••
Eastman Kodak10614		Un. Gas Imp., pf 5534	
Eastman Kodak, pf.1081/2	127/	U. S. Gypsum 643/4	
*Freeport Tex., Sul. 121/2	127/8	*U. S. Indus. Al 5114	52
Freept. Tex. Sul., pf. 91	93	TIL C Today A1 of Oti	100
*Grasselli125	133	*U. S. Indus. Al., pf. 941/2	9%
*Grasselli, pf102	105	*VaCar. Ch 834	201/4
Hercules Powder103	106	*VaCar. Ch., pf 25	1834
Hercules Powd., pf.103	105	*V. Vivaudou 18	10,3
***		de Ctente Probanes	

\*Listed on New York Stock Exchange

American Agricultural Chemical Co. reports 15 per cent gain in sales of fertilizer over the amount sold to date last year. About 65 per cent of the sales this year were for cash. The company reports satisfactory liquidation of receivables which stood at \$18,796,363 as of June 30, 1922. It owes nothing to the banks having recently anticipated payments on some notes. On June 30 last this item stood at \$4,806,356, and on the same date of 1921, \$15,522,000.

Stockholders of Atlas Powder Co. have approved the proposal to create an issue of 500,000 shares of capital common stock without par value. From this 261,438 shares will be issued in exchange for the present outstanding capital stock of \$100 a share par value, on the basis of three shares of the new stock for one share of the old.

George W. Manly was appointed receiver of the insolvent Oil Products Co., Inc., 302 North Holliday st., Baltimore, by Judge Soper, United States Court, on June 5, under \$10,000 bond. Adjudication of the corporation as a bankrupt was made at the request of three creditors, who filed claims totaling \$570.

National Licorice Co. has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on common and quarterly of 1½ per cent on preferred. The common is payable July 10 to stock of record July 2 and preferred June 30 to stock of record June 22.

Merrimac Chemical Co. has declared an extra dividend of \$1 a share, in addition to the quarterly dividend of \$1.25. Both dividends are payable June 30 to stockholders of record June 16.

#### INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL EARNINGS INCREASE

The decline in the common stock of U. S. Industrial Alcohol to 56 represents a 17 point drop from 1923 high. Stock sold in 1922 as high as 727%. High in 1921 was 741/4, and in 1920, 1163/8. Dividends on common were discontinued in 1921 after 5 per cent had been paid. Common dividends of 8 per cent were paid in 1920, 14 per cent in 1919, 16 per cent in 1918, and 32 per cent in 1917. Dividends on \$6,000,000 preferred have been paid regularly. U. S. Industrial Alcohol controls Cuba Distilling Co., which owns Porto Rico Mercantile Co. The business of these companies is gathering and distributing molasses.

The appreciation in the market value of the stock of Cuba Co. indicates profits estimated between \$700,000 and \$1,000,000 for U. S. Industrial Alcohol if the directors should decide to liquidate its Cuba Co. holdings. Earnings of Industrial Alcohol this year have shown continued improvement over 1922, when \$3.68 a share was earned on \$24,000,000 common.

American Smelting & Refining Co. has declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.25, payable Aug. 1, on stock of record July 9. The new dividend is the first to be paid on the junior issue since March, 1921, when a distribution of \$1 a share was made. Previously the dividend rate had been \$6 annually. The quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share was declared on the preferred stock, payable Sept. 1 to stock of record Aug. 10.

International Nickel Co. common stock (one lot of 100 shares) was sold for \$14.25 per share at the Auction Sales Rooms, Vesey st., New York, June 13.

Tennessee Copper Chemical Corp. has declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share payable July 16 to stockholders of record June 30.

Empire Fertilizer Co., New York, will issue 10,000 shares preferred stock, \$10 each, and 3,000 shares common, no par value.

# New Consuming Companies

Victory Dyeing and Finishing Co., Paterson, N. J., \$300,000 nthony Nazzaro, Jennie Nazzaro, James Dimond, Paterson. North Newark Laundry, Clinton st., Newark, N. J., \$100,000.

No-Worry Chemical Co., 810 Broad st., Newark, N. J., \$50,000. Chemical products.

Triangle Rubber & Supply Co., Boston, \$50,000. Manufacturing. Louis Kumins, Roxbury; Albert Swerdlove, Dochester, William M. Silverman, Dorchester.

Ber-Tan Leather Co., Lynn, Mass., \$50,000. Chas. V. McManus, Walter H. Murphy, Lynn; Julia M. Cotter, Salem. Rugby Knitting Mills, Buffalo, \$1,050,000. D. B. and S. and E. Levi. Attorneys, Shire & Jellinsk, Buffalo.

International Laboratories, Wilmington, Del., \$125,000. Colonial

Summit Hosiery Co., Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. Colonial Charter Co.

E. S. Tyler Drug Co., Philadelphia, \$100,000. Chain of drug stores. Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.

Barretts, Palmer & Heal Dyeing Establishment, Inc., New York, \$200,000. Jeannette Wanneker, 174 E. 74th st., New York. Northeastern Rubber Co.. 252 North Broad st., Elizabeth, N. J., \$125,000. Manufacturing. Hite Drug Co., Wilmington, Del., \$250,000. Registrar & Transfer Co.

Crusoil Products, Buffalo, N. Y., \$25,000. W. C. Kruz and W. C. Kruz, Jr., B. B. Dowd. Attorneys, Hull & Hammond, Buffalo. Brooks Piece Dye Works, New York, \$10,000. J. Brooks, G. Raiff, A. Appelbaum. Attorney, M. H. Hofstadter, 261 Broadway. Stamplex Corp., Wilmington, Del., \$300,000. Manufacture steel and iron. Colonial Charter Co.

Famous Fitz-Hugh, Dover, Del., \$250,000. Manufacture textiles. Frank M. Deeney, John E. Fitzpatrick, Rose McLaughlin, Philadelphia. Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.

Edwards Merritt Co., Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. Manufacture tires, oils, greases. Corporation Trust Co. of America.

# The Heavy Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Heavy Chemicals, page 1568

#### MAKERS REDUCE COPPER SULFATE

Imported Material Selling at Low Levels—Prussiates Continue Weak—New Method of Quoting Alkali Prices—Oxalic Acid Reduced—Sodium Nitrite Lower

## PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced No Advances

Declined

Copper Sulfate, dom., 15c 100 lbs. Sodium Nitrite, 1/2 lb.

Oxalic Acid, 1/2 lb.

Barium Nitrate, 1/4 lb.

#### Trend of the Market

Quiet conditions still prevail in the market for heavy chemcals. A little activity develops for a day or two, but it usually dies out as quickly as it came. Inquiries have been more numerous recently and in most cases are due to snowballing of a few inquiries. Reports from all quarters are to the effect that little business is passing. The summer dullness is apparent and consumers are getting along with as small stock's as possible and buying only when absolutely necessary. Buyers will not buy in a declining market, but a reaction is looked for before the end of July that will start business upward again. More contract business has been done this year than heretofore, and this accounts somewhat for the lack of spot buying with industries still going along in fair shape. Increased contract business is especially true in alkalis and dealers have not been enjoying former activity. Makers are now quoting alkalis on the basis of 76 per cent instead of the old method of 60 per cent. Bleaching Powder is less active during the summer and prices are unsettled. Prussiates continue weak. Copper sulfate is lower. Oxalic acid has been reduced. Sodium nitrite is plentiful and lower in price. Aluminum sulfate is easier in some directions. Zinc dust is lower. Bichromates are holding firm. Heavy acids are moving well. Alkalis are

Acid, Acetic—Buying is still along active lines and makers are operating at capacity. All grades are moving well. Prices are holding steady at recent levels with 28 per cent at \$3.38@\$3.63 in bbls; 56 per cent, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78 @\$13.03.

Acid, Muriatic—Makers report a steady demand from all industries which is keeping their plants busy. Prices are steady and firm at \$1.00@\$1.10 for 20° in tanks and \$1.25@\$1.50 in carboys; 22°, \$1.75@\$2.00; 18°, \$1.00 @\$1.10 in carboys.

Acid, Oxalic—Makers have reduced their prices and are now quoting 13c@13½clb. as to quantity at works. Spot prices are also lower at 13c@13½clb. Imported named at 13c@13½clb. Demand is less active and competition keen.

Acid, Sulfuric—Demand has fallen off somewhat but there is still a good volume of business being done on spot while contract withdrawals are steady. Supplies are increasing slowly but no large surplus exists. Prices are holding up with 66° in tanks named at \$15.00@\$16.00 ton at works; carboys at \$1.25@\$1.50; 60° unchanged at \$9.00@\$10.00 in tanks; Oleum is in limited supply at \$19.00@\$20.00 ton in tanks.

Acetone—Prices are firm at recent advance and supplies far from plentiful. Methyl quoted at 90c@95c gallon at works; C. P. 25c@25½clb., works, and 30c @32clb. resale.

Alums—All grades are quiet with prices of imported material easier in some directions. Domestic ammonia in lumps named at \$3.50@\$3.60; potash alum held at 3c@3½clb. on spot; chrome steady at 5½c@5¾clb.

Aluminum Sulfate—Makers are holding prices steady at \$2.50 for the iron-free. Some imported material is offered at lower prices but demand is inactive; commercial is quoted at \$1.40@\$1.50 in carlots.

Ammonium Chloride—Buyers have shown little interest and supplies have been accumulating. Prices are easier at 6½c@6¾clb. for imported white; domestic held at 7½c@8clb.; Gray is scarce at 8c@9clb., lump quiet at 13c@14clb.

Ammonium Sulfate—Very little business at this season. A few foreign firms are willing to buy but not at present prices. Contracts are named at \$3.15@\$3.20. F.a.s. in double bags, \$3.50@\$3.60.

Arsenic—The market continues quiet with all interested parties waiting developments in calcium arsenate. Sales of arsenic have been made as low as 13½c lb. while most sellers are holding to 14clb. Supplies are gradually increasing but the amount available is still comparatively small.

Barium Compounds—Very little business is passing. Some imported carbonate is available at \$70.00 ton while import costs are up to \$75.00. Domestic producers are quoting \$68.00@\$70.00 at works. The chloride can still be had at \$80.00@\$\$5.00 or imported; domestic at \$88.00@\$90.00. Nitrate is easier at 734c@8clb.

Bleaching Powder—The situation is unsettled with demand for bleach less active during warm weather and buyers and sellers adjusting stocks to suit the season. Prices are quoted mainly at \$1.90 at works and \$2.50@\$2.60 on spot.

Calcium Arsenate—Everyone is awaiting developments in the South during the next month. Planters are gradually beginning to call for insecticide as the weevil makes its appearance. Southern dealers have sufficient stocks for immediate needs but are uncertain about the future. Experiments in spraying arsenate by airplane are being conducted in the South. Prices are from 16c@17clb. at present depending upon quantity and seller.

Copper Sulfate—Some good business is reported by domestic makers in repeat orders. Prices have been reduced to a basis of \$5.50@\$5.60 for small and large crystals, delivered. Imported material is quiet with most sellers holding at 5c@5½clb. though sales have been made at 4½c@4½clb. Supplies are still plentiful.

Potash, Caustic—Business barely moving in imported goods while domestic is fairly steady. Imported prices

are down to  $7\frac{1}{2}$ c@ $7\frac{3}{4}$ clb. and this is about as low as sellers can afford to do business. Import costs are at  $7\frac{3}{4}$ clb. Domestic material at 9c@ $9\frac{1}{2}$ clb.

Soda Ash—Makers are now quoting ash on a flat basis, \$1.33 per 100lbs, for light in bulk, 58% Na<sub>2</sub>O; bags, \$1.45@\$1.50; bbls. \$1.69. Dense, 58%, \$1.51 in bags and \$1.75 in bbls. Demand is steady and makers report plants operating at near capacity.

Soda Caustic—The new selling basis names solid in drums at \$3.16 per 100lbs. at works, for 76% Na<sub>2</sub>O, on contract. Other forms are also on a flat basis. Spot prices range from \$3.30@\$3.70 as to brand and quantity. Export demand is quiet while domestic business is fair on spot. Makers are enjoying a steady volume of business.

Sodium Prussiate—Sales of yellow have been reported at 14clb. Demand is dull and prices are easy. Imported material named at 15c@15½clb.; domestic at 16clb. delivered.

#### GAINS SHOWN IN CHEMICALS EXPORTS

Important increases, as well as equally marked decreases, were evidenced in our foreign sales of chemicals and allied products during April, 1923. Of the heavy chemicals recording considerable gains, acetate of lime advanced 116 per cent in value, from \$72,405 (3,645,869 pounds) in April, 1922, to \$156,708 (4,448,-824) pounds) in April 1923; dextrine or British gum, 106 per cent, from \$39,434 (1,183,954 pounds) to \$81,335 (2,223,938 pounds); aluminum sulfate, 63 per cent, from \$44,504 (2,742,727 pounds) to \$72,385 (3,501,692 pounds); and baking powder, 40 per cent, from \$99,584 (230,574 pounds) to \$138,447 (346,612 pounds). On the other hand, shipments of copper sulfate dropped 93 per cent, from \$41,352 (917,495 pounds) in April, 1922, to \$2,673 (47,010 pounds) in April, 1923; calcium carbide, 79 per cent, from \$75,927 (1,559,138 pounds) to \$16,192 (407,-658 pounds); bleaching powder, 67 per cent, from \$43,693 (2,788,056 pounds) to \$14,649 (659,335 nounds); and glycerin, 53 per cent, from \$37,498 (249,085 pounds) to \$17,641 (92,102 pounds) The reduction in value but expansion in volume of shipments of sodas and sodium compounds, evident in February and March, continued in April, when \$987,911 worth (36,605,402 pounds) were sent abroad.

Nitrate Producers' Association of Chile estimates March sales at 1,966,331 metric quintals, compared with 1,685,403 quintals in February, and 1,960,742 in January. Sales effected by the Association up to the end of March totaled 19,655,346 metric quintals, while "outside" sales, including 1,010,084 quintals credited to the two American companies, amounted to 2,133,762 metric quintals. Exports from the various ports of Chile during the past month totaled 2,226,017 metric quintals, compared with 2,705,979 quintals in February, and 2,225,139 quintals in January. Total exports for the first three months of the previous year amounted to only 1,036,480 metric quintals. Approximately 50 per cent of the 1923 exports have gone to the United States.

Calcium arsenate has been placed on the market by Salt Lake Insecticide Co. Dr. Frank K. Cameron has charge of production. Howard Ambruster is New York agent.

The fifth annual convention of National Lime Association was held June 13-15 at Hotel Commodore, New York. This was the twenty-first year that the lime burners have held an annual meeting.

#### METHOD OF QUOTING ALKALIS CHANGED

Wing & Evans, Inc., sales agents for Solvay Process Co., announce that hereafter their quotations on soda ash and caustic soda will be made on the basis of 100 pounds flat; that is, as shipped. This method of quoting will supersede the old practice of quoting soda ash on the basis of 48% Na<sub>2</sub>O and caustic soda on the basis of 60% Na<sub>2</sub>O, and the change is made in the interests of a better understanding between buyer and seller in the marketing of these Alkali products. This change, coupled with that announced by Wing & Evans, Inc., some months ago changing the method of testing soda ash and caustic soda from New York and Liverpool test to actual test, will simplify transactions in these products and remove all chance of confusion as to what has been actually bought and sold. Prevailing contract prices on a flat basis are as follows: Per 100 pounds

8% Light Soda Ash—	
In bulk	\$1.33
In 300-pound bags	\$1.45
In 150-pound bags	
In barrels	
3% Dustless Dense Soda Ash-	
In bulk	\$1.42
In 430-pound bags	\$1.51
In 430-pound barrels	
5% Solid Caustic Soda—	
In 700-pound drums	\$3.161/2

 76% Ground Caustic Soda—
 \$3.60

 In 475-pound drums
 \$3.60

 In 575-pound barrels
 \$3.85

 76% Flake Caustic Soda—
 \$3.60

 In 400-pound drums
 \$3.60

In 525-pound barrels .....

These prices are for carload quantities under contract, f.o.b. maker's works. Spot carload prices, on soda ash 5c per 100 pounds higher; on caustic soda 10c per 100 pounds higher.

\$3.85

#### APPROVES BOX FOR SHIPPING CARBOYS

A box for shipping carboys containing chemicals has been approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is made of wood and has cushion walls on the inside. Glass containers can be packed without using any protecting material, according to Charles Lefkowitz, president Hercules Carboy Box Co., Newark, N. J., who says: "Hitherto each glass bottle had to be packed in protective layers of hay or mineral wool, which meant a very considerable cost in labor and material. In cold weather there was always the trouble arising from moist hay freezing against the bottle and packing box, making it difficult and often dangerous to remove glass containers."

Outgoing shipments of fertilizers and fertilizer materials in April, for the first time this year exceeded those of the corresponding month of 1922, having totaled \$2,256,139 (98,236 tons), compared with \$1,666,956 (87,161 tons) in April, 1922. Heavier shipments of sulfate of ammonia and superphosphates were made, but smaller amounts of phosphate materials and prepared fertilizer mixtures were exported.

A 14 per cent drop was registered in the shipments of sulfur to foreign countries during April, 1923, as compared with April, 1922, exports having declined from \$793,746 (53,501 tons) to \$679,151 (42,034 tons). Canada was our best customer, with Germany a close second, and France, Spain, and Australia following in the order named.

# The Intermediate and Dye Market

Current Spot Quotations of Intermediates, see Chemicals, page 1572

#### CRESYLIC ACID PRICES FIRMER

Coal Tar Crudes in Better Supply—Intermediates Offered Lower at Resale—Wool Dyes Fairly Active— Export Movement in Sulfur Colors—Pyridine, Scarce and High

## PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Cresylic Acid, 5c gal.

Pyridine, 50c gal.

Declined
Alpha-naphthol, 5c tb.

Tres	nd of t	he Ma	rket			
	Today		Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Benzene, puregal.	\$.27	\$.27	\$.30	\$.30	\$1.10	\$.25
Naphthalene flaketb.	.08	.083/2	.093/2	.07	.16	.03
Phenoltb.	.50	.50	.58	.12	1.50	.08
Toluene, puregal.	.29	.29	.30	.30		
Aniline Oiltb.	.16	.16	.16	.14	1.40	.10%
Alpha-naphthylamine tb.	.35	.35	.35	.30	1.25	
Benzaldehyde	.75	.75	.75	.65		
Betanaphthol, dist tb.	.23	.23	.23	.23	1.50	.08
Dimethylaniline	.41	.41	.41	.32	1.30	
Paranitroaniline fb.	.74	.74	.74	.75	1.85	.18
Average	.378	.378	.391	.331	**	

Quiet conditions continue to prevail in the market for coal tar products and prominent factors state that no large volume of business is looked for during the next few months. The usual summer decline in business has begun, but a resumption of activity is expected in the early fall. Prices on the whole are holding up well on intermediates. A few odd lots have come into the market at prices below those quoted by manufacturers, and in some cases makers will shade prices a little. Manufacturing costs have been increasing, but prices have been quite stable except in cases which have been influenced by higher costs of raw material. Coal tar crudes have become more plentiful, due to increased production and a recent lack of demand. Cresylic acid has been moving somewhat better and sellers are firmer and higher in their prices. Phenol is about the same, the market holding close to the 50c price, though some sales have gone through below that price. Naphthalene is dull at unchanging prices. Makers' prices for the third quarter are reported higher than for first half of the year. Pyridine is scarce and high. Competition is keeping dyestuff prices at low levels, while demand is quiet. Wool dyes are in fair demand. Sulfur colors are reported in some demand for export.

#### Coal Tar Crudes

Benzene—Demand for industrial benzol has fallen off while motor benzol is improving in demand. Production has been steady and on a large scale. Competition is keen for business to prevent accumulation of stocks. Pure benzol is quoted at 27c@30c per gallon, as to quantity and seller, while the 90 per cent is named at 25c@27c per gallon.

Cresylic Acid—With more interest manifested by consumers, sellers are firmer in their prices. One seller is naming \$1.20 as the lowest price for 97-99 per cent, while the range is \$1.15@\$1.30 per gallon, as to quantity. Dark 95 per cent quoted at \$1.10@\$1.15.

Naphthalene—The market is reported quiet to fair. with prices holding at 8c@8½clb. for flake. Demand for intermediate manufacture is less active and prices

for chipped are named at 7½c@8clb. Crude is still in limited supply and imported material is arriving regularly. Prices in England are reported easier.

Phenol—The market is holding close to the 50c price with occasional sales between 45c@50clb. Present makers are sold ahead, so there is no surplus material in the market.

Pyridine—Demand here and for export has been active, while supplies are very scarce. Recent quotations from England name 21s 6d per gallon over the remainder of the year. Other prices have been heard at \$3.75@\$4.00 per gallon, but the lower figures are becoming difficult to obtain.

Toluene—In better supply and moving quietly at 29c@30c per gallon in tanks, and 34c@35c in drums.

Xylene—Still in limited supply, with small lots held at \$1.00 per gallon, while occasional tanks are moved at 60c@75c per gallon by large producers.

#### Intermediates

Acid, Anthranilic—Routine demand, with technical steady at 96clb. and refined at \$1.20lb.

Acid, Benzoic—In small supply, technical being quoted at 70c@75clb., and U. S. P. up to 85clb.

Acid, Cleve's-Moving quietly at \$1.00@\$1.10lb.

Acid, Gamma—Business has dropped off, but prices are still quoted at \$1.70@\$1.80lb.

Acid, H—Contract deliveries continue steady, while spot demand is less active. Selling basis still firm at 80c@85clb.

Alpha-naphthylamine—Moving in a fair way, with ton lots named at 35clb. and smaller lots up to 37clb.

Alpha-naphthol—Demand is dull, with prices easy at 60c@65clb. for crude, and refined at 70c@75clb.

Aniline Oil—Makers are still quoting on a basis of 16c@17clb., depending upon the quantity, while a few odd lots are being resold at 16clb. in single drums.

Benzaldehyde—Supplies continue small, while demand is still active. Makers are holding technical at 75c@ 80clb.

Benzidine—Demand has become routine and prices are holding steady at 82c@84clb., as to seller and quantity.

Beta-naphthol—Resale lots are offered at 20c@21clb., but little interest is manifested. Manufacturers are less firm in their prices and quoted prices can be shaded. Named at 23c@24clb.

Dimethylaniline—Makers continue to quote prices at 42c@43clb., as to quantity. Demand has fallen off, but a fair volume is reported passing.

Dinitrobenzene—Prices are holding steady at 19½c@ 20clb. Consumers are taking on smaller quantities to conform to lessened activity.

Meta-phenylenediamine—Moving in a routine way with makers holding prices at 90c@95clb.

Meta-toluenediamine—Makers are naming this product at 90c@95clb., with demand along seasonable lines.

Ortho-toluidine—Generally quoted at 14c@16clb., but firm orders would find 13clb. possible in some quarters. Demand is quiet.

Para-aminophenol-Fur dyers are taking regular sup-

plies, though activity has not been pronounced. Prices are holding at \$1.40@\$1.50 for the base.

Para-nitraniline—Some sellers are quoting lower prices and a few odd lots have reached the market at 75clb., but manufacturers are still quoting at 74c@75clb.

Para-toluidine—Fair demand, with prices ruling at 90clb., though lower prices are possible in some directions.

#### NEW USES FOR FURFURAL FOUND

In the recent development of new chemical processes and the utilization of waste products, much progress has been made in the manufacture and application of furfural. Experiments are under way by the Bureau of Chemistry on the manufacture of furfural from other agricultural wastes than corn cobs, such as hulls of rice, buckwheat, cottonseed and peanuts. In Germany, furfural has been found to be one of the most important by-products in the conversion of sawdust, straw, bamboo and other cellulose materials into sugar. Furfural is an aldehyde and as such can be combined with certain coal tar intermediate products such as toluidines, naphthylamines, meta-nitraaniline, xylidine, methyl ethyl ketone and diamines, forming resinous condensation products and synthetic shellac. The manufacture of these products would rival the product obtained by the condensation of formaldehyde and phenol. Patents on nine products have been granted to two chemists, M. Phillips and G. H. Mains, of the Department of Agriculture who have dedicated them to the free use of the Government and the people of the United States.

#### GERMANY LOSES ZINC DUST TRADE

In a report on zinc dust, Trade Commissioner Arthur J. Grey, Berlin, writes to the Department of Commerce, Washington, that while Germany made the heaviest sales of zinc dust to the United States before the war, the exports have dwindled as production in America rose from 69 tons in 1910 to 11,339 tons in 1920. In 1922 Germany exported only 603 tons, and zinc dust was merged with zinc oxide in the reports.

Among the manufacturers in Germany there are Kahlbaum, Adlershof-Berlin; Merck, Darmstadt; Schuckert, Gorlitz; Hohenlohenhuette, Upper Silesia; Gische's Erben, Breslau. These firms produce the pure material

English manufacturers are: H. S. Willcocks & Co., Manchester; Keeling's Oxides (Est. 1921), Ltd., 35 Surrey street, London, W. C.; May and Baker, Battersea, London; Prescott & Co., Rutland Mills, Hulme, Manchester.

March imports of dyes and dyestuffs, according to Department of Commerce figures, show totals of 24,436 lbs. of alizarin and alizarin dyes, valued at \$45,591 Switzerland supplied 10.337 lbs., and Germany 9,742 lbs., valued at \$28,853 and \$12,620 respectively. Color lake imports, all from Germany, were 1,840 lbs.; natural indigo, 3,414 lbs.; indigoids, 3,187 lbs.; all other colors, dyes, stains, etc., 318,950 lbs., of which 200,817 lbs. came from Germany, 46,697 lbs. from Italy, and 45,866 from Switzerland. Extracts, etc., totaled 315,895 lbs., mainly from Haiti and Mexico.

H. B. Prior Co., chemicals, 17 E. 42d st., New York, has been appointed selling agents in New York State and New Jersey for Naphthalene Products Co., Birmingham, Ala: The Naphthalene Products Co. recently began operations at their new plant, producing refined naphthaline in various forms.

#### CHINA NOT BUYING AMERICAN DYES?

"The American share in the aniline dye trade of China is nil in comparison with imports from Germany and Switzerland," writes a Shanghai correspondent. "It has been stated that American manufacturers expect to increase their export trade in this special line with China, and that Chinese consumers are anxiously waiting for American dyes. This is wrong. There is no shortage of dyes, in spite of the French invasion of the Ruhr, and no one can trace even the slightest demand in China fon dyes made in America. This export business will be understood in time, and especially in aniline dyes technical knowledge of one's own line is essential to intelligent selling.

"There was only one chance to get a footing in the market, and that was during the war. But then, without competitors in the whole Far East, American business houses thought it a better policy to buy the stocks available in China and to transfer them to America, instead of making the dyes and exporting them to China. This chance has been lost, and an equal one will probably never come. It will be a struggle for years, and with what success remains to be seen."

#### DISCUSS CHEMICAL EXPOSITION PLANS

A meeting of the Chemical Exposition Advisory Committee has been called for Thursday evening, June 28, at Rumford Hall, Chemists' Club, 52 E. Forty-first st., New York, when the following suggestions by the subcommittee will be discussed:

1. An annual exposition beginning in 1924, with an exposition in Chicago every third year.

2. An exposition every eighteen months in New York, beginning March, 1925.

3. An exposition every eighteen months, beginning March, 1925, with the exposition in Chicago every third year.

4. An exposition bi-annually in New York.

Exhibitors who send replies will kindly indicate which plan they favor or would vote for.

Other questions to be decided are whether exhibits of foreign products shall be permitted; shall complimentary tickets to exhibitors be limited, and shall exhibits be classified and segregated in sections.

Charles F. Abbott, Montclair, N. J., was elected president of National Association of Sales Managers, at a recent meeting at Atlantic City. Mr. Abbott was formerly sales manager of National Aniline & Chemical Co. Other officers of the association are: Regional vice presidents—George W. Hopkins, vice president and general sales manager Columbia Graphophone Co., New York; H. D. Whittlesey, vice president and director of sales Sherwin-Williams Co., Cleveland; Martin J. Wolf, general sales manager Bussman Manufacturing Co., St. Louis, Mo., Secretary—C. H. Rohrbach, 50 Church street, New York.

Sulfanthrene Pink FF paste, a vat color hitherto imported from abroad, is now being made for the first time in the United States by E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. It is suitable for dyeing washable cotton goods, linen, pure and artificial silk.

M. S. Morton, president Scottish Dyes, Ltd., Grange-mouth and Carlisle, England, specialists in vat and alizarine colors, is stopping at the Hotel Vanderbilt, New York.

R. F. Revson, who formerly represented H. A. Metz & Co., in Philadelphia, is now chemical purchasing agent of the company with headquarters in New York.

# The Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Oils, Tallows, Greases, page 1583

#### MENHADEN OIL HOLDS AT HIGH PRICES

Catch Small Owing to Labor Shortage-Linseed Oil Lower-Chinawood Oil Crop Below Normal-Tallow Advanced-Turpentine Gains Slightly

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced
Tallow, 1/2c fb.
Turpentine, 2c gal. Grease, white, 36c fb. Neatsfoot Oil, 20°, 1/2c fb.

Declined Chinawood Oil, spot, bbls., 2c tb. Soya Bean Oil, Tks. Coast, ½c tb.
Linseed Oil, 2c gal.
Oleo Oil, No. 1, ½c tb.
Red Oil, ½c tb.

Declined

Stearic Acid, s.p., ½c tb.

Stearine, ½c tb.

Stearine, ½c tb.

Tallow Oil, Tks., ½c tb.

Trend of the Market War Peak Last Last Last Today Week Month Year Pre-War \$.72 .043/2 .91 .50 1.25 10 \$.36½ .03½ .92 .33 .95 .07 .12 \$.72 .041/2 .04 .80 .35 1.80 .91 .55 1.25 .091/2 .1034 .083/2 .141/2 .1456 .1054 .10 1.12 1.17 .10 .25 1.88 1.14 .82 1.12 .13¼ .11½ 1.14 .**5**7 4.50 .30 .19½ Peanut, refined .......tb. Soya Bean, bbls......tb. .165/2 .131/4 .135/4 .133/4 0.497 0.499 0.593

Business in fixed oils, tallow and greases continues along the same quiet lines which have characterized the market during the past month. Buyers are running on as small stocks as possible and are only purchasing enough for their immediate requirements. Even products which are attractive in price are going begging, while others are being neglected because of high prices. Sellers of menhaden oil are holding prices firm at high levels, due to scarcity of oil and higher costs of operating. Catches thus far have been small, owing to difficulty in obtaining labor. Chinawood oil is quiet again after a fairly active period of a week's duration. Linseed oil has been moving steadily on contract, while spot and future business has been quiet. Crushers are quoting lower prices for both spot and future. Imported oil has been moving well. Cottonseed oil has been fairly steady on restricted offering of old crop. Animal oils and greases have been quiet but steady. Tallow, white grease and neatsfoot oil are higher. Red oil, oleo oil, and stearic acid are down. Turpentine gained two cents during the week. Rosin is steady.

#### Vegetable Oils

Castor Oil-Crushers are holding prices steady at 141/2c@15clb. for No 1 and 14c@141/2clb. for No. 3. Supplies are reported fair in both seed and oil.

Chinawood Oil-Estimates of this year's crop are placed at about 80 per cent of normal, and supplies in the primary centers are small. Some consumers who tried to obtain their requirements have found supplies unobtainable. Demand has quieted down after a fairly active week and prices are lower on spot at 27clb. in bbls. June-July forward at China named at 241/2clb. At the coast, July forward, 23clb.

Coconut Oil-Remains unchanged in price with little business passing. Ceylon is offered on spot at 81/2c@83/4c lb., and barrels at 10c@101/4clb.; Cochin in tanks at

9½c@9¾clb.; Manila in tanks, at coast, 8¼clb. Copra is steady at 51/4 clb. April arrivals at Manila totaled 170,000 piculs, slight increase over March.

Cottonseed Oil-The market was irregular during this week and opened at slightly lower figures than at the close. Crude remained steady at 10clb. P. S. Y. opened with spot at 11.50; June, 11.50; July, 11.32@11.35; Aug. 11.24@11.30; Sept., 11.05@11.15; Oct., 9.96@10.00; Jan., 8.80@8.85. White, 1134clb.; winter yellow, 12clb.

Linseed Oil-Crushers are now selling carlots at \$1.12 for spot and June delivery. Contract deliveries are proceeding regularly, while spot and future business is quiet. Imported oil is moving well at \$1.05@\$1.08. Future business is quoted at \$1.08 for July down to \$1.05 for Sept. Flaxseed prices have been gaining, with July Winnipeg opening this week at \$2.48; Oct., \$2.10; Duluth, cash, \$2.86; July, \$2.86; Sept., \$2.53; Oct., \$2.4334. Buenos Aires, quiet, \$2.001/2. London linseed oil, 45s 6d. Antwerp, 352f.

Olive Oil-Business is along routine lines with prices holding steady at recent levels. Denatured is held at \$1.17@\$1.20; edible, \$1.80@\$2.20. Olive oil foots, firm at 8c@81/2clb.

Palm Oil-Lagos holding steady at 71/2c@8clb., with demand slow; Niger is unchanged at 71/8c@73/8clb.

Peanut Oil-Offerings continue light, but demand has been inactive. Sellers are holding refined at 161/2c@17c lb. and crude at 12c@121/2clb. at mills.

Soya Bean Oil-Prices are nominal with business dull. Crude in tanks at the coast is easier at 10clb.; in tanks on spot at 101/8c@181/2clb.; bbls., spot, 13clb.

#### Animal Oils

Greases-White grease has been in better demand and prices have stiffened; now named at 83/4c@9clb.; other grades are unchanged, with yellow at 63/4clb.; brown, 61/2clb.; house, 63/4clb.

Neatsfoot Oil-Producers have advanced 20° to 163/4c lb.; demand has been fairly active and stocks are somewhat limited; 30° test held at 151/4c@151/2clb.

Oleo Oil-Demand has been slow and supplies have been accumulating steadily. No. 1 is lower at 12clb.; No. 2, 11c@111/2clb.; No. 3, 91/2clb.

Red Oil-Stocks are quite plentiful, while buyers have been showing little interest. Producers are now quoting on a basis of 9½c@10clb., as to quantity.

Stearic Acid-Single and double pressed are easier with s.p. at 13c@131/2clb.; d.p., 131/4c@133/4clb.; triple pressed is moving fairly well at 141/2c@15clb.

Tallow-The market has firmed up slightly and producers are making sales at 71/4 clb.

#### Fish Oils

Cod Oil-Supplies are not plentiful but demand has not been active. Sellers are holding to their old basis of 70c gallon in carlots, and 72c in less than cars.

Menhaden Oil-Buyers are showing little interest at present prices, but sellers are maintaining quotations at 48c@50c per gallon at works, Baltimore. Labor is scarce and an advance of 40 per cent in wages has been made. Thus far catches have been small in the Chesapeake. Long Island fishing has started, but results have been poor. Refined oils are steady at 86c@92c per gallon, as to quality.

Sperm Oil—Moving in a routine way at unchanged prices. The 38° grade held at 94c gallon, and the 45° at 99c gallon.

#### Naval Stores

Turpentine—Business has shown improvement and prices appear to have reached a stable basis. A gain of 2c per gallon is noted, which stimulated buying as buyers are reluctant to enter a declining market. Exyard prices at \$1.05 per gallon for spirits; steam distilled, 98c; destructive, 78c.

Rosin—Prices remained unchanged throughout the week. The tone is steady, however, in spite of the lack of buying interest. Any buying movement is expected to send prices upward. B, \$5.80; D-E, \$5.85; F-H, \$5.95; I-M, \$6.00; N, \$6.25; WG, \$6.75; WW, \$7.50.

The textile industry is said to be the largest consumer of industrial soaps. T. E. Waters, Procter & Gamble Co., estimates the consumption at 100,000,000 pounds annually. In the manufacture of silk about thirty pounds of soap are used for 100 pounds of silk produced. The soap is used principally in the "degumming" process, where the gum from the silk worm is separated from the raw silk, and also as a mordant to set the colors in the dyeing process. Woolen mills use hundreds of tons of soap for scouring raw wool, and for "fulling" and finishing.

Pacific coast oil importers have been informed by the Transcontinental Traffic Bureau of a movement on the part of eastern and western transcontinental railways to advance the hauling charges on vegetable oils from Seattle eastward to 91 cents a pound, providing the eastern roads make a corresponding advance on oils moving westward. Too heavy reductions, due to keen competition during the past few years, is stated to be the reason for the proposed increase in rates.

Exports of turpentine from the United States in April, according to Department of Commerce statistics, totaled 516,681 gallons, valued at \$757,367. England was the largest consumer with 218,100 gals.; Canada, 76,140 gals.; Argentina, 72,400 gals; Germany, 24,650 gals. Rosin exports totaled 90,934 barrels (500 lbs.), valued at \$883,969. England took 19,080 bbls.; Germany, 13,402 bbls.; Brazil, 10.254 bbls.; Java and Madura, 9,340 bbls., and Canada, 6,056 bbls.

Malcolm Mc Kenzie, president Mc Kenzie & Foster, New York, writes from Shanghai that in China business is difficult on account of political conditions. He says the Chinese, who are always gamblers, are putting up prices on the products of northern China by buying largely with the idea that intervention will eventually take place, with its consequent disruption of business and production.

Linseed oil imports into the United States during March totaled 189,245 lbs.. valued at \$17,117, according to Department of Commerce figures, 188,885 of which came from Netherlands. Flaxseed imports for March were 2,431,340 bushels, valued at \$4,810,955. Argentina supplied 2,213,930 bushels, Canada 210,821 bushels, and China 6,589 bushels.

American Linseed Co., Chicago, Ill., will rebuild the portion of its plant recently destroyed by fire. The building will be four-story, 70 x 100 feet, and is estimated to cost \$75,000. R. H. Adams is president.

Henderson Cotton Oil Co., Shreveport, La., will rebuild the portion of its works destroyed by fire, at an estimated cost of \$25,000.

Georgia Cottonseed Crushers' Association met at Tybee, Ga. June 18 and 19.

#### WESTERN MILLS IMPORTING FLAXSEED

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., June 20—Five hundred thousand bushels of Argentine flaxseed have been received by the Minneapolis linseed oil mills during the last few weeks, according to information received by the foreign section of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. Imported flaxseed has been coming to that market since February. It is estimated that 500,000 bushels are on the way.

Argentine flaxseed received in Minneapolis is purchased c.i.f. New York, and forwarded to Minneapolis by canal, lake, and rail. The Argentine seed is sold on a basis of 96 per cent pure; whereas local terms are on a basis of practically clean seed with net bushels determined after a dockage deduction. On May 28, 1923, Argentine flaxseed was being purchased at \$2.16 c.i.f. New York, and the cost delivered in Minneapolis is determined by that price with 8 cents added to cover the 4 per cent impure seed, plus 40 cents import duty, and freight per bushel by canal, lake, and rail at 20 cents, making a total cost delivered at Minneapolis of \$2.84. This price compares with carlot sales of domestic seed on the Minneapolis market on that date of \$2.93 to \$2.98. Part cars and sack lots of spot seed on the same date sold at \$2.871/2 to \$2.93 per bushel. The all-rail freight rate on flaxseed from New York to Minneapolis is 55 cents per cwt., or at the rate of 30.8 cents per bushel.

Total imports of flaxseed into the United States durig the calendar year 1922 amounted to 14,913,161 bushels. During the nine months' period from July 1922, up to and including March, 1923, the last month for which figures are available, flaxseed imports amounted to 14,264,461 bushels. Of that amount 12,061,551 bushels were from Canada and the balance from other countries.

#### AMERICAN COTTON OIL QUITS CRUSHING

Fourteen crushing mills of American Cotton Oil Co. scattered throughout Southern States, will not be reopened this Fall. The company announced that the mills are to be closed "pending such time as conditions in the cotton industry improved so far as to justify the company in operating." For similar reasons, it is said, the company is closing the oil and fertilizer plants at Gretna, La.

This statement means, according to a representative, that the company will go out of business of producing crude cottonseed oil, and will confine its activities, for the present at least, to the refining of cottonseed oil, and to the distribution and sale of this product. At one time the company operated twenty-three crushing plants throughout the South.

Cottonseed crushing during the ten month period, August 1 to May 31, totalled 3,193,524 tons, compared with 2,962,849 for the same period a year ago, and on hand at mills May 31 was 23,098 tons compared with 23,380 a year ago, says the Census Bureau. Cottonseed products manufactured in the ten month period and on hand May 31, included: Crude oil produced, 982,756,658 pounds, compared with 916,025,098, and on hand 24,195,802 pounds, compared with 23,703,854.

During the first three months of 1923 the imports of lac from India to the United States totaled approximately 96,000 chests of 164 pounds each. Exports to the end of April are expected to bring this figure up to 125,000 chests, which, for the four months, will represent about one-half the normal annual shipments to the United States.

# The Fine Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Fine

Chemicals, page 1572

#### FURTHER SHARP RISE IN MENTHOL

Drive Abroad to Force Price Over \$8.00 C.I.F. Reported—Citric Spot Lower Than Shipment—Cod Liver Oil Easier Abroad—Makers of Hydroquinone All Up to \$1.25

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced Menthol, \$1.00 fb.

Acid Tartaric, Imp., 1/4c tb.

Declined
Dynamite, 1/4c tb.
Potassium Permanganate, 1/4c tb.

Tre	nd of t			T	337	73
	Today		Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acetanilid	\$.32	\$.32	\$.32	\$.30	\$2.00	\$.20
Acid Citric, Import	.52	.52	.52	.441/2	1.25	.45
Caffeine Alkaloid		3.75	3.75	3.75	18.00	3.65
Calomel, American		1.25	1.25	.94	3.43	.90
Camphor, Jap., ref		.88	.87	.78	3.55	.41
Jodine, Resublimed		4.55	4.55	4.20	5.00	3.75
Menthol		7.75	7.75	5.50	13.50	3.00
Potassium Bromide, Cryst.	.26	.26	.26	.23	4.30	.80
Ouinine Sulfate, Imp		.30	.50	.50	.90	.25
Sodium Salicylate		.47	.47	.32	4.25	.27
Strychnine Sulfate		.84	.84	.76	2.05	.50
Average	2.35	2.19	1.93	1.61	5.92	1.56

A stationary market, both as to the movement of goods as well as prices, characterized the medicinal chemical situation during the past week. However, the movement of prices, where there is any movement at all, is more downward than upward. While demand has not displayed any noticeable expansion, an increase in routine absorption for immediate requirements for consumers, has been shown during the past fortnight. Numerous items are selling below cost, and a number of directions state that very little buying will be necessary to bring values back to a more profitable basis. Spot holders of menthol have thrice advanced their prices during the week. Glycerin is weaker. Spot mercury lower than at mines. Potash permanganate stocks heavy. Warm weather has increased consumption of citric acid.

Acetanilid—Quoted at 32c@35clb spot for U. S. P. in barrels, as to manufacturer.

Acid Acetylsalicylic—Makers unchanged at 95c@\$1.05 lb. spot, as to seller, and resales are being freely offered at 90c@95clb. spot. Demand has been light during the past two weeks.

Acid Citric—Imported generally quoted at 52c@53clb. spot for U. S. P. crystals, with some small lots available at 51½clb. spot. Demand has picked up lately, and the importation of 500 casks at New York last week will in all probability go directly into consumption. Import cost is well over 52clb. European market is competing with America for this article. Domestic makers quoting 49clb. spot to regular customers.

Acid Diethylbarbituric—Imported quoted generally at \$4.45@\$4.50lb. spot.

Acid Salicylic—Makers quoting 40c@50clb. spot, as to seller. Some directions report that business was quiet during the week, while others state that sales are being made in large way. A resale lot of 1,000 pounds U. S. P. was offered last week at 45clb. spot.

Acid Tartaric—Has eased off slightly and now quoted at 353/2c@361/4clb. spot for U. S. P. crystals. Demand is light at the moment. During past week 200

casks and 40 kegs were received at New York. Spot stocks are in larger supply.

Alcohol—All grades steady, and business reported golod. U. S. P. 190 pf. quoted at \$4.75@\$4.80gal. spot. Completely denatured No. 1 quoted at 38c@40cgal. for drums, and 35c@37cgal. for special denatured No. 1 in drums. Methanol, 95 per cent, unchanged at \$1.12@\$1.16gal. spot.

Amidopyrine—Quoted at \$5.50@\$6.00lb. spot, with tendency for firm prices. The market still feels the effect of the recent large importation.

Antipyrine—Quoted at \$3.00@\$3.25lb. spot, with some quarters asking the maximum figure as inside.

Bromides—Imported prices holding firm, but demand on spot for the moment is not heavy. Recent cables from London state weaker market there. Imported ammonium quoted at 19c@20clb. spot, potassium at 18c goods unchanged at 33clb. for ammonium, 26clb. for potassium, and 25clb. for U. S. P. spot sodium.

Cod Liver Oil—Recent cables quote Norwegian oil at \$23.50 barrel c.i.f. New York. Spot unchanged at \$25.00@\$26.00 barrel. The catch of whole Norway up to May 28 is as follows: For 1923, 46,300,000 cod, 79,145 hl. steam oil, and 16,716 hl. livers, compared with 46,700,000 cod, 77,769 hl. steam oil, and 14,712 hl. livers for 1922.

Cream Tartar—Unchanged and firm at 25c@25½clb. spot for imported. Spot stocks are said to be light owing to greater consumption in Italy and less goods coming out of Germany.

Formaldehyde—In good demand at 15clb. for U. S. P. in barrels at works. Small resale lots offered at 14½clb. spot, bbls. A patent has been taken out in London to produce formaldehyde by conducting the mixed vapors of water and methylene chloride at a raised temperature over porous bodies, such as clay or wood charcoal.

Glycerin—C. P. has declined and now quoted at 16½c @17clb. spot owing to weakening demand. Stocks are said to be piling up and buyers are few. Dynamite has also declined and now quoted at 15clb. spot. During past week 10 cars were sold at 15½clb., and 12 cars at 15clb. Reports from West indicate weaker market.

Hexamethylenetetramine—Imported material easy at 75c@80clb. spot, as to quantity. Stocks are ample at the moment. Domestic quoted at 93clb. spot, with tendency to shade this figure slightly.

Hydroquinone—All makers are now at same level, namely, \$1.25@\$1.35lb. spot, as to quantity. Competition keen.

Menthol—Price has been advanced three separate times during past week, and now quoted at \$9.50lb. spot, with possibility of even higher figures, according to trade. There are about 1,600 cases available to supply the remaining needs of the buyers. Spot stocks are thought to be low, as well as supplies in London and Paris. One factor thinks that this year will see \$5.00lb. menthol, while another one thinks the market will reach about \$10.50lb. and stay there for the remainder of the year. All supplies appear to be well controlled.

Mercury—Spot position easy at \$68.00@\$68.50 flask. With the possibility of any appreciable amount of buying

taking place, the price will advance, as foreign quotations are higher than spot. London quoted recently £10 10s, and Italy at 1,050 lire per flask, not at mines. The last-named quotation means about \$67.80 flask laid down in New York. Last week saw 306 flasks imported at New York.

Podophyllin—Has declined and now quoted at \$4.75@ \$5.50lb. spot, owing to weakening demand.

Potassium Permanganate—Has declined and now quoted at 17c@17½clb. spot, with tendency for lower figures. This figure is thought to be about 3clb. below import cost. Some factors are holding for 19½c@21clb. spot. There are several buyers in market at 16clb. spot, unable to fill. A seller was reported at this price, but up to a late hour he could not be located. Import cost is generally quoted at 16½clb. c.i.f., making a laid down cost in New York of 20½clb. This item is being consistently underquoted, both as to spot market and to shipment, according to reports in the trade. During past week 52 drums were received at New York.

#### PREDICT \$5.00 MENTHOL BY FALL

Present Boom Said to Be Artificial and Based on Drive by Japan to Force Price Over \$8.00 C.I.F.—On Other Hand, London and Paris Reported Bare With U. S. Short for Fall

Menthol is predicted to sell for \$5.00 per pound spot before the 1923 crop comes on the market, according to a leading importer here. Buying has been exceptional for this time of the year, and within the past three weeks, the price has advanced from \$7.75 per pound spot to the high of this present movement, \$9.50 per pound. Stocks of about 2,000 cases are said to be held back by strong hands in Japan in order to advance prices above \$8.00 per pound c.i.f., which is the price reported to have been paid for these 2,000 cases. Statistically, menthol should not be more than \$5.00 per pound, according to trade reports. The present price of \$9.50 per pound is due to manipulation by interests in Japan, who have been aided by consumers in this country, who have been in the market for larger lots than usual.

On the other hand additional reports state that the present high price is the natural result of high costs coupled with good demand and scant supplies. Of the 2,000 cases, there will be about 1,600 cases available for consumption this year, the balance will be kept as a carry-over for next year. This amount will have to supply the world as London and Paris are said to be nearly bare. United States uses about 3,000 cases per year, and bullish factors state that this amount has not as yet been purchased. In their opinion, demand will be sufficient to absorb all available stocks, and they do not see how the price can go to \$5.00 per pound. One importer stated that the market will reach \$10.50 per pound and remain there until the new crop of peppermint is harvested in Japan and the menthol extracted.

The total value of exports of medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations in April, 1923, exceeded April, 1922, by 22 per cent, growing from \$1,372,072 to \$1,674,041; those of quinine sulfate and other salts of cinchona more than doubled, but antitoxins, serums, and vaccines declined from \$28,948 to \$26,220.

Total cod liver oil catch up to May 19 was 43,500,000 cod, 75,979 hl. steam oil, and 16,366 hl. livers, against 43,100.000 cod, 72,470 hl. steam oil, and 13,744 hl. livers in 1922, according to Aarsaether Brothers, Aalesund, Norway, who are represented in this country by P. R. Dreyer, New York.

#### BOOTLEGGERS IN CHEMICAL AND DRUG BUSINESS WILL BE REFUSED PERMITS

Commissioner Blair to Have Co-operation of the Alcohol Trade Advisory Committee in Exposing Firms Who Mask Their Real Purpose in Guise of Wholesale Druggist or Manufacturer of Extracts

Drug and chemical manufacturers, representing investments of more than a billion dollars, have formed the Alcohol Trade Advisory Committee and will co-



W. A. SAILER

operate with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in eliminating bootlegging from the industry, according to an announcement by American Chemical Society. William A. Sailer, of Baltimore, president of American Drug Manufacturers' Association, has been chosen chairman, and Dr. Harrison E. Howe, of Washington, representing the American Chemical Society, secretary. Other members of the committee are William J. Schieffelin, New York, representing National Wholesale Druggists' Association; Martin

H. Ittner, Jersey City, American Manufacturers of Toilet Articles; Frank A. Blair, New York, president Proprietary Association; R. H. Bond, Baltimore, Flavoring Extract Manufacturers' Association; Milton C. Whitaker, New York, president U. S. Industrial Chemical Co.; Charles L. Reese, Wilmington, president Manufacturing Chemists' Association; R. M. Kane, Indianapolis, manufacturing pharmacist; Samuel C. Henry, Chicago, National Association of Retail Druggists; Prof. J. H. Beal, University of Illinois, representing both the American Pharmaceutical Association and faculties of pharmaceutical colleges.

Appointments to the committee were made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, D. H. Blair. Actively sharing in the organization plans are R. A. Haynes, Prohibition Commissioner; Judge James J. Britt, counsel of the Prohibition Unit, and James M. Doran, chemist of the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

"Since the enactment of the National Prohibition Act, governmental conditions surrounding the manufacture, distribution. sale and use of alcohol for industrial purposes have become so increasingly onerous as seriously to handicap the chemical industry," said Secretary Howe. "An elaborate system of public information will be built up by the committee for the guidance of the Prohibition Commissioner, and thus effective control of permits will be accomplished. The committee aims to aid in driving from commerce the bootlegger who masks his real purpose under the guise of a wholesale druggist or a manufacturer of flavoring extracts. By posing in this way he is able to obtain permits to sell straight alcohol to the drug trade and to physicians.

"The bootlegger in the chemical industries can undersell the legitimate manufacturer and more than make up this loss by illegal trade. The committee plans to make it easier for the legitimate manufacturer to secure the supplies he needs. Under the present situation this task is difficult. The work of the committee is, therefore, twofold: First, to end bootlegging in industry; and, second, to promote the lawful use of alcohol in industry."

# The Crude Drug Market

Current Spot Quotations of Crude Drugs, page 1587

#### ROMAN CHAMOMILES UP ON SCARCITY

Advanced in Two Weeks From \$1.20lb. to \$1.75lb. Inside—New Crop Caraway Higher—Buchu Offered Cheaper for Shipment—Cloves Advanced Again—Insect Powder Demand Improved—Otherwise Quiet

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced
Arabic Gum, Amber Sorts, 1/2 th. Dandelion Root, 1c th.
Balsam, Tolu, 10c th.
Elm Bark, Powd., 2c th.
Chamomile Firs., Roman, 25c th. Wild Cherry Bk., Thin Nat., 1/2 th.
Aniseed, Spanish, 1/2c th.

Caraway Seed, Dutch, 1c lb.
Insect Powder, 2c lb.
Saffron Firs., Spanish, \$1.00 lb.

#### Trend of the Market

	Today	Last Week	Month Month	Year Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Aconite Root, U.S.P	\$.38	\$.38	\$.35	\$.21	\$.90	\$.12
Buchu Leaves, Short	.95	.95	1.00	.95	4.00	.85
Cantharides, Russian	1.75	1.75	1.75	5.00	9.00	2.10
Cocculus Indicus		.031/2	.031/2	.043/2	.85	.03
Ergot, Spanish	.52	.52	.52	1.05	4.50	.54
Insect Powder, pure	.65	.67	.67	.52	1.00	.28
Ipecac, Cartagena, powd	1.90	1.90	1.95	1.85	4.50	1.35
Nux Vomica	.061/2	.061/2	.061/2	.06	.141/2	.07
Opium, gum	8.00	8.00	7.00	6.00	30.00	5.00
Rhubarb Root, H. D	.43	.43	.40	.55	1.75	.15
Tragacanth, No. 1, ribbon	1.52	1.52	1.55	1.80	6.00	1.50
Wild Cherry Bk., thin nat.	.101/2	.10	.10	.09	.21	.07
Average	1.36	1.36	1.35	1.51	5.28	1.00

Although purchasing during the past week has shown no remarkable increase, small routine orders predominating, the materially higher shipment costs combined with a realization on the part of some dealers here that spot stocks are short in the case of a number of items, has tended to keep prices steady, and give the market more or less a healthy appearance. Numerous small reductions are the result of shading in competition and the apparent willingness of dealers to do business on a smaller margin. The reductions are not over a wide area nor in products of outstanding importance just at the moment. Scarcities are becoming quite common here, and in a few instances, acute. Roman chamomiles are up sharply on scarcity. Cloves have advanced again. Insect powder is easier in spite of better demand. Spanish saffron is weaker.

Aconite Root—Unchanged and steady at 38c@40clb. spot.

Agar Agar—No. 1 quoted in fair supply at \$1.50lb. spot. One factor in the trade is of the opinion that this item is entirely too high, and statistically it should be selling for about 80@90clb. The grades are very close in regard to prices as the qualities are not far removed from No. 1. Second quality quoted at \$1.40lb. spot. Shipment named at \$1.20lb. for No. 1.

Aletris Root—Quoted in good supply at 55c@57clb. spot.

Aloes—Barbadoes unchanged at 65c@70clb. as to quantity. Cape is being offered at 9c@10clb. spot. Curacao held at 8c@8½clb. spot.

Aniseed—Star quoted on spot at 14c@15clb., and easier for shipment at 13½c@14½clb. Spanish had eased off slightly at 26½c@27½clb. spot.

Arabic Gum—All cheap lots of amber sorts have been absorbed, and best inside price is now 14¾c@15clb. spot. Powdered, U.S.P., quoted at 22c@23clb. with some directions asking as high as 25clb.

Arrowroot—St. Vincent in good supply at 14c@15clb. spot with tendency for Nower figures, as trade appears to be about supplied.

Balsams—Canadian Fir scarce and firm at \$13.00@ \$14.00 gal. spot. Oregon Fir tightly held at \$3.40@ \$3.50 gal. spot. Tolu has advanced and now quoted at \$1.15@\$1.25lb. spot. London is quoting 4s 6d per pound. Peru unchanged at \$1.75@\$1.80lb. spot.

Bayberry Wax—Supplies are plentiful at 32c@35clb. spot.

Buchu Leaves—Shipment from Capetown is easier at 3s 3d, compared with 3s 6d per pound as of three weeks ago. Spot goods in slightly better supply at 95c@\$1.00lb. for bales and \$1.05@\$1.10lb. for less. Stocks are reported to be moving in small way only.

Calisaya Bark—Has advanced and now quoted at 19c@22clb. as to holder.

Caraway Seed—Dutch quoted easier on spot at 25c @26clb., and shipment of new crop is being offered higher owing to unfavorable weather conditions.

Cascara Sagrada—Unchanged at 14c and 15cfb. for 1922 and 1921 peel, respectively. Sales while uneven have averaged well. The labor problem on the coast is still a factor in keeping the price up on spot.

Chamomile Flowers—Roman has advanced sharply and now quoted inside at \$1.75lb. spot. Stocks are scarce and about the only supplies on spot are held by one dealer, and he reports that they are being consumed at rapid rate. Hungarian has declined and now quoted at 14c@14½clb. spot. Roman is also scarce in London, and sales have been reported at \$1.38lb.

Cinchona Bark—Quills unchanged at 55c@60clb. spot. Broken is in good demand at 24c@26clb. spot with possibility of higher prices owing to high import costs.

Cloves—Zanzibar has advanced and now quoted at 28c@28½clb. spot. Demand has broadened out, and amount of good grade of spice on spot is limited.

Cohosh Root—Blue remains scarce and stocks are well controlled at 18c@19clb. spot. Black firm at 9c @9½clb. spot.

Cubeb Berries—Inquiry was improved slightly. XX quoted 82c@85clb. spot.

Dandelion Root—Prices are holding well in view of near arrival of new crops at 14c@16clb. spot with houses quoting the maximum as inside.

Dragon's Blood—Reeds unchanged at \$1.40@\$1.45lb. spot. London reports good reed is unobtainable owing to purchases for export.

Ergot—Spot stocks are said to be firming up, though unchanged at 52c@55clb. Replacement costs are considered higher than spot prices.

Ginger—All grades are tending to show a little stability after the heavy arrivals of last month. Jamaica quoted at 35c@40clb. as to quality Cochin, ABC, at 15c@15½clb. spot.

Insect Powder—Has declined and now quoted at 65c @68clb. spot as to quantity and seller. Demand has increased during present warm spell, but stocks are sufficient to meet them. During past week 20 cases were received at New York.

Japan Wax-Has advanced and now quoted at 17c

@18clb. spot owing to higher import costs, which are said to be 16clb. laid down in New York.

Lavender Flowers—Ordinary has eased off and now quoted at 22c@23clb. spot, and selected quoted at 30c @33clb. spot.

Mullein Flowers—Has advanced and best inside price quoted at \$1.75lb. spot with most stocks concentrated into one hand.

Rhubarb—Firm and unchanged at 43c@45clb. spot for whole and 48c@50clb. spot for powdered. Spot stocks are small and well held.

Sarsaparilla Root—Honduras quoted at 61c@65clb. spot. London naming 3s per lb. as inside for grey Jamaica. Mexican quoted firm at 33c@36clb. spot. During past week 20 cases of Mexican were entered at New York.

Senega Root—Easy at 64clb. spot with possibility of shading this figure. London reports a market of 3s 3d per lb.

Vanilla Beans—Mexican whole beans quoted at \$8.50 @\$11.00lb. spot. and cuts at \$6.00@\$6.50lb. spot. Some factors appear to discount the reports that most of the beans are "sold to arrive". They further state that consumers are not rushing to buy beans. Bourbons quoted at \$4.50@\$4.75lb. spot. Tahiti beans are reported practically off the market.

#### N. W. D. A. PLANS COMPLETED

Romaine Pierson, chairman Committee on Rates and Routes for the meeting of National Wholesale Druggists Association, at Cleveland, Oct. 8 to 12, announces that the official party will leave New York City by way of New York Central, Saturday, Oct. 6, at 5:30 p.m. Eastern standard time. The rates will be: One way railroad fare New York to Cleveland \$21.75; Pullman fare: Lower berth, New York to Cleveland \$5.63; upper berth, \$4.50; compartment, \$15.75; drawing room, \$21.

Special cars will be available from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Chicago, and St. Louis. The committee comprises: Romaine Pierson, Chairman, 93 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.; Ralph C. Jennings, New York; R. R. Patch, Boston; Walter V. Smith, Philadelphia; Chas. E. Matthews, Chicago; Fred W. Sultan, St. Louis; Frank M. Bell, Chicago; Charles J. Lynn, Indianapolis; Lucien E. Lyons, New Orleans; J. J. Durr, Montgomery, Ala.; Harry Skillman Detroit; Albert Kronkosky, San Antonio, Tex.; C. F. Michaels, San Francisco; Robin H. Davis, Denver; H. D. Bell, Albany, Ga.

Washington Wholesale Drug Exchange, Washington, D. C., celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary, last week, with a banquet at Raleigh Hotel, Washington. Paul Pearson was re-elected president for the seventeenth year. H. C. Easterday, secretary; Robert N. Harper, treasurer, and Wymond H. Bradbury, manager, have served for twenty-five years. The speakers n-cluded Lee Williamson, president Calvert Co., Baltimore, and Mr. Harper, president District National Bank, Washington. W. H. Bradbury, manager, received a gold watch from the members.

John Jay Schieffelin, son of William Jay Schieffelin, Schieffelin & Co., was married on June 16, at Pittsburgh, to Miss Eleanor C. Beggs.

E. M. de Greeff, of R. W. Greeff & Co. Ltd., London, is in New York on a visit to the American branch of the firm. He is stopping at the Hotel Plaza.

#### C. P. FRAILEY SUCCEEDS A. HOMER SMITH

#### Elected Secretary of American Drug Manufacturers' Association—Smith Goes to Sharp & Dohme

Carson P. Frailey, Philadelphia, has been elected secretary of American Drug Manufacturers' Association, succeeding A. Homer Smith, who resigned to join the



C. P. FRAILEY

forces of Sharp & Dohme. Baltimore. Mr. Frailey, who entered upon his new duties June 11, is well equipped to carry on the work of the association, having spent practically his entire life in the drug business. He was born in Emmitsburg, Maryland, and educated in the public schools of Frederick County. Mr. Frailey, upon graduation from the Emmitsburg High School, entered the University of Maryland, Baltimore, and was graduated in 1908 with the degree of Doctor of Pharmacy.

Mr. Frailey is a registered pharmacist in several states, including the State of Maryland, where he received the special award for general excellence at the State Pharmacy Board examination. After serving several years in the retail drug business, Mr. Frailey became associated with Armour & Co. in 1912, as representative of the pepsin department in Washington, D. C., and made a special study of Endocrine production. He entered the service of H. K. Mulford Co. in 1914 as representative in Washington, D. C., and in 1920 became sales manager, western division, with headquarters at Philadelphia, where he remained until he assumed the duties of his present position.

#### SALESMEN TO SAIL ON SATURDAY

After a sail down New York Bay and on to Long Branch, N. J., this coming Saturday morning, the members and friends of the Chemical Salesmen's Association have been promised an unusually novel entertainment as a climax for their annual frolic. Although the committee refuses to make public the details, it is reported that a six-round bout between the present and a former leader of the New York Chapter will be staged. Both have admitted that they expect to win within two rounds. A series of special contests for members has been planned, including a hammer throwing event for salesmanagers.

Saturday, June 23, promptly at 9:45 a. m., from the foot of West 42d st., or 10:10 a. m., from the foot of Cedar st., New York, aboard the boat of the N. J. Central R. R., is the time and place. A half hundred members of the Salesmen's Association have already designated their intention of going. A. J. Binder, Sherwin-Williams Co., chairman of the committee, urges all others to make reservations immediately. The chicken-lobster dinner will be free to members. All are required to buy tickets direct to Morris ave., Long Branch, N. J.

Pyrethrum flower crop in Japan for 1923 will amount to 2,260 short tons, according to estimated reports, of which about 800 tons are required for domestic consumption, leaving about 1,460 tons for export.

# The Essential Oil Market

#### Current Spot Quotations of Essentials Oils, page 1589, Aromatic Chemicals, page 1590

# OIL ORANGE ADVANCED SHARPLY

Some Quarters Quote \$3.75lb. as Inside for Italian-Oil Cloves Up Again-Heavy Imports of Oil Lemon-Oil Peppermint Easier-New Maker of Coumarin Reported-Seasonal Goods in Demand

#### PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced Oil Cloves, 10c tb.
Oil Limes, Distilled, 5c tb.
Oil Orange, Italian, 10c tb.

Declined Terpineol, Imp., 5c tb.

Tren	ad of t	he Ma	rket			
	Today		Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Oil Bergamot	\$2.60	\$2.60	\$2.50	\$4,25	\$7.00	\$5.00
Oil Citronella, Geylon	.70	.70	.70	.55	.92	.60
Oil Cloves	1.85	1.80	1.70	1.95	3.70	1.40
Oil Lemon Italian	.77	.77	.75	.75	1.70	2.00
Oil Peppermint, Nat	2.65	2.65	2.65	1.85	9.00	2.25
Oil Sandalwood, E. I	7.75	7.75	7.85	7.10	13.00	5.25
Oil Sassafras, Artif	.45	.45	.45	.45	1.00	.26
Benzaldehyde, U.S.P	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.40	5.15	1.50
Coumarin	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.00	31.00	3.10
Methyl Salicylate, Cans	.57	.57	.57	.35	1.00	.90
Vanillin	.41	.40	.40	.50	.95	.29
Average	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.07	6.83	2.05

A quiet market with little change has been indicated. A strengthening here, a weakening there, have been noted in a situation which is not exciting a great deal of interest. The basic firmness of the essential oil position is maintained in spite of shading which the appearance of firm business still induces. Buying does not have to be heavy in order to make prices firm up rapidly, owing to the comparatively small spot stocks and the general high prices being quoted in primary markets. The group values as a whole are quite stable with the moving element confined to a few items. Sellers seem slow to realize that no greater bulk of goods has been sold at cut prices, in many instances below actual cost of import or production, than has been sold by maintaining quotations at a normal level.

#### Essential Oils

Oil Almond-U.S.P. is unchanged and in good supply at \$3.75@\$4.001b. spot, and sans prussic acid at \$3.75@ \$4.00lb. spot.

Oil Anise-Supplies are coming forward from China without any difficulty. Spot position easy at 45c@50clb. for technical, and 521/2c@55clb. spot for U.S.P. During past week 50 cases and 16 drums were entered at New York.

Oil Bay-Spot stocks are said to be not over plentiful. Quoted at \$2.50@\$2.601b. spot.

Oil Bergamot-Spot position has become easy due to fair sized stocks carried here, and also to recent cables which show slightly lower c.i.f. quotations. London reports an easier market. Spot quoted at \$2.00@\$2.701b. for coppers. Last week saw 50 cases entered at New

Oils Bois de Rose-Unchanged though firm at \$2.50 @\$2.651b. spot with tendency for higher figures.

Oil Camphor-Japanese white unchanged at 13c@15c 1b. spot drums. Heavy at 11½c@12clb. in drums. London quoting 85s per cwt, for good white.

Oil Caraway-Quoted at \$7.25@\$7.50lb. spot with

tendency to be scarce and firm. Supplies are said to be about sufficient to take care of trade until new goods come on the market, which will be in August-September. During past week 5 cases were received at New York.

Oil Cardamom-Unchanged and firm at \$20.00@\$22.00 lb. spot.

Oil Cassia-The arrival of 60 cases and 8 drums last week from China relieves the spot situation somewhat, providing they are not all sold to arrive. Quoted firm and scarce at \$3.00@\$3.10lb. spot for redistilled and \$2.20@\$2.35lb. spot for technical. Reports are heard that supplies from the source are exhausted.

Oil Cedar Leaf-Quoted in better supply at \$1.10@ \$1.20lb. spot.

Oil Citronella-Offerings are being absorbed about as fast as they are made. Spot position remains firm as well as replacement costs. Sales, while not made in large lots, have been small and numerous. During past week 37 drums Ceylon were received at New York. Java is firm on spot at 85c@871/2clb. Last week saw 6 drums entered at New York.

Oil Cloves-Has again advanced and now quoted at \$1.90@\$2.00 for U.S.P. in cans owing to firm spice The demand on spices has been heavy of late, and it appears that all stocks are low. London reports good demand for this article.

Oil Coriander-Quoted easy at \$19.00@\$20.00lb. spot.

Oil Eucalyptus-U.S.P. quoted in good supply at 471/2c@50clb. spot. London reports very little oil with 70-75 cineol content on spot. Drums quoted at 451/2clb.

Oil Geranium-Bourbon quoted unchanged at \$6.50 @\$7.001b. spot. African at \$8.00@\$8.501b. spot.

Oil Lemon-Italian quoted in good supply at 771/2c@ 90clb. spot as to holder. Recent cables have showed a slight tendency to weaken. Stocks are already well supplied, and with the arrival at New York of 800 cases last week, it is thought in the trade that the market might break, providing these goods have not been sold to arrive. American quoted at 75c@80clb. spot.

Oil Limes-Distilled quoted at 80c@90clb. spot as to seller. Expressed at \$1.70@\$1.80lb. spot.

Oil Orange-Italian has advanced sharply and now quoted at \$3.35@\$3.75lb. spot with some houses holding to the maximum as the inside. Much higher prices are looked for in the trade as demand is very good and replacement costs high. Cables were received recently quoting a landed New York price of \$4.25lb. Some directions report that the expensive Italian oil is being substituted by use of cheaper orange oils. During past week 36 cases of Italian and 160 cases of West Indian were entered at New York.

Oil Peppermint-Unchanged and easy at \$2.65@\$2.80 1b. spot for natural and \$2.90@\$3.051b. spot for redistilled.

Oil Sandalwood-Quoted at \$7.751b. spot. past week 80 cases were entered at New York.

Oil Wormseed-Scarce and firm at \$7.00@\$7.50lb. spot. Reports are heard of an essential oil house commencing operations in the country in order to stabilize the market. The trade is of the opinion that the difference between cost of \$2.00lb. and the country price of \$7.00lb. is too large, and will welcome another factor who might reduce the price of the oil.

#### Aromatic Chemicals

Benzaldehyde—Firm and unchanged at \$1.50lb. for U.S.P., and \$1.75lb. spot for FFC.

Coumarin—Quoted unchanged and in good demand at \$4.50@\$4.75lb. spot, and resales in limited way at \$4.35lb. spot. Reports are heard that there will be another maker in the field in the near future.

Methyl Salicylate—Makers price unchanged at 55c@ 60clb. spot drums as to seller. Business in some quarters is reported quiet.

#### SICILIAN ESSENCES FLUCTUATE

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Catania, Sicily, June 9—A decline in the value of the lira, making the United States dollar worth lire 22.10, and the English pound sterling lire 97.50, encouraged exporters of essential oils to advance prices, although business was dull. The following table shows fluctuations in prices per Sicilian pound during May:

May 1	May 15	May 30
Lire	Lire	Lire
Lemon juice 7.00- 7.	60 6.50— 7.00	7.20- 7.80
Sweet orange3032,	30. —32.	32. —38.
Bitter orange 2225.	22. —25.	22. —25.
Mandarin55. —65.	55. —65.	68. —80.
Bergamot oil3233.	30. —32.	30. —34.

The price of old and new lemon juice remained unchanged until about the tenth of May, falling after that for a week or ten days and rising again at the end of the month. Sweet orange oil remained unchanged until the 30th, when quotations were advanced. Bergamot oil was the only product that declined steadily.

#### PEPPERMINT OIL OUTPUT DECLINES

Japanese peppermint oil production for the last eleven years was as follows:

	Kin		Kin	
1912	530,000	1918	180,000	
1913	750,000	1919	240,000	
1914	890,000	1920	430,000	
1915	890,000	1921	420,000	
1916	1,270,000	1922	600,000	
1917	900.000			

The enormous drop in production from 900,000 kin in 1917 to 180,000 kin in 1918 is due to peppermint acreage giving way to a more profitable crop at the moment, beans. The amount of menthol estimated from the 1922 crop is 5,000 cases.

The Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has been asked for a mandamus by Morana, Inc., against Secretary Mellon of the Treasury Department to compel him to accept a tax of 45 per cent ad valorem on an importation of vanillin, purchased by the company in Paris. The department seeks to collect 60 per cent tariff, the court is advised.

Perfumed toilet soap, assessed at 40c per pound and 60 per cent ad valorem under Paragraph 48 of the Tariff Act of 1913, should have been assessed at the rate of 30 per cent ad valorem under Paragraph 66, according to the Board of United States General Appraisers, sustaining a protest of Park & Tilford.

O. A. Brown, president of O. A. Brown & Co., New York essential oil importers, sailed from Havre for New York aboard the Paris on June 16 following a two months trip through Europe.

#### ESSENTIAL OILS ADVANCE IN ITALY

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Milan, June 9—An advance in the price of all essential oils has taken place in this market. The extent of this rise is shown in the following table:

May 7	May 21	May 28
Lire	Lire	Lire
Sweet orange115-119	125-130	140-14S
Bitter orange100-105	105-110	120-125
Bergamot oil118—123	120-125	120-125
Lemon juice 30- 31	29 31	31-33
Mandarin 195-220	195-225	195-225

Quotations for some other essential oils were as follows per kilo:—Angelica root, lire 985; angelica seeds, lire 900; anis, lire 40; arnica flowers, lire 3,000; absynth, lire 252; Roman chamomiles, lire 2,480; Ceylon cinnamon, lire 350; African geranium, lire 400; sandalwood, lire 400; lemongrass, lire 60; pressed Calabrian lime juice, lire 60; Piedmontese peppermint, lire 180; Italian rose, lire 4.000; French rosemary, lire 26; Italian rosemary, lire 25,25; mustard seed, lire 300; ylang ylang lire 500.

Deterpenized essential oils are quoted as follows per kilo; Bitter orange, lire 3.600; sweet orange, lire 3.750; bergamot oil, lire 350; cedar oil, lire 550; lemongrass, lire 100; lime juice, lire 610; lemon juice, 410; mandarin, lire 7.500; peppermint, lire 330.

During 1922 Italy imported 602 kilos of orange oil, lemon juice, and mandarin oil; 31,694 kilos of anis, citronella, eucalyptus, cedar wood, lemongrass, linaloe and thyme essential oils; 896 kilos oil of cloves; 3,143 kilos mint oil; 70 kilos rose oil; 10,987 kilos other essential oils; 5,077 kilos deterpenized oils; 24 kilos terpenes of essential oils; 38,417 kilos of synthetic perfumes and constituents of essential oils.

#### CHINESE PREFER FOREIGN PERFUMES

Alfred Kroeger, of the chemical department of Cariowitz & Co., Shanghai, China. who has had several years' experience in China and the Dutch East Indies, writes to DRUG AND CHEMICAL MARKETS that essential oils are distributed mainly by the dispensaries. Although there are a number of factories making perfumes and soaps, the average manufacturer is unable to make use of the raw materials in the way the foreign perfumer handles them. New firms can enter the market only by cutting prices, however, because British and German brands have become established. Mr. Kroeger says:

"The large field of perfumes is divided between American and French houses. French houses have obtained a first-class reputation, and sometimes high prices are paid for articles which would not command half the price if imported from another country. Highly perfumed toilet waters, face creams, face powders, and tooth pastes are especially popular, and the prospects of this trade are very good for development, for foreign material is always preferred to the homemade. The cheaper sorts, nicely gotten up, sell quickly, and it is very hard for home manufacturers to compete with foreign goods, placed on the market at very attractive prices."

Fritzsche Brothers, essential oils, New York, have secured a 100-acre tract of land in Maryland which they intend to use for the production of wormseed. The company intends to produce its own oil wormseed and eventually make itself independent of small growers in Maryland, and also undertake to stabilize the market for this product.

# The Foreign Markets

Imports of Drugs and Chemicals, page 1591

#### BALSAMS FIRMER IN LONDON

General Trade For May Best Since 1921—Demand Continues Good—Red Prussiate of Potash and Bulgarian Attar of Rose Firmer—Bromides, Saffron, Oil Bergamot, Carbolic Acid Easier

(Special Cable to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

London, June 20—Trading in crude drugs and fine chemicals during May was the best since 1921. The improvement is continuing this month and no signs of lessening demand are apparent up to this time.

The market is firmer for balsam tolu, Peru balsam, red prussiate of potash, and Bulgarian attar of rose.

Prices are easier for bromides, saffron, oil bergamot, hypophosphites and carbolic acid.

London, June 9 (by mail)—Export trade has been more active, but the home market remains slow. Cod liver oil is cabled 5 per cent dearer from Norway. The total production for the whole season now closely approximates last year's figures. Mint oil comes over dearer from Japan. Santonin supplies from Russia have not reached here, and, the market being bare of stock, buyers are restricted to resale lots at £85 per kilo.

Japanese supplies of arsenic are expected, but they are passing into consumers' hands and will not affect the market. Cornish white powder is selling at £70 to £75 per ton.

Salicylates—The recent reductions in price reported from New York have been without effect here, owing to our import duty. One of the leading manufacturers quotes: Acid salicylic, B. P., at 2s 1d per lb.; sodium salicylate, pulv. B. P., 2s 6d per lb.; sodium salicylate, cryst. B. P., 2s 9d per lb.; methyl salicylate. B. P., 2s 5d per lb.

#### SMALL DYE PLANTS STARTED IN GERMANY

The incorporation of fourteen dye plants in Germany, recently, is attributed to the idleness of the largest color works in the dye cartel owing to occupation of the Ruhr. The new companies have not joined the dye cartel and it is not believed that they will survive when the big plants start again. Among the companies are: Caesar & Loretz Co., Halle, capitalized at 9,000,000 marks, Chemische Fabrik, Dolbergen, with 10,000,000 marks, Chemische Fabrik Marienfelde, Berlin with 22,000,000 marks, Ferdinand Klein Co., Frankfurt, with 40,000,000 marks, and Weill & Eichert Co., Ludwigsburg, with 12,000,000 marks.

The Interessengemeinschaft, which has been concluded between Upper Silesian Coke Works and Chemical Factory Schering, Berlin, for thirty years is a vertical merger. The coke works are producing coal tar distillates, and Schering is taking care of refining and manufacture of pharmaceuticals. The contract provides for pooling of profits and equality of dividends. A special board of five Upper Silesian coke and four Schering representatives is to decide any points of difference arising over the management of the Gemeinschaft. The Coke Works are increasing the share capital from 100 to 275 million marks.

	FOREI	GN 1	EXC	HA	NG	E			E	ar C	urren
Great Britain	(pound	ster	ling)				 		3	4.886	\$4.61
France (franc)							 			.193	.06
Italy (lira)							 			.193	.04
Germany (mar	k) per h	undr	ed						5	23.80	.000
Czechoslovakia	(crown	) pe	r hu	ndr	ed.		 		2	20.30	.02
Poland (mark	) per h	undr	ed				 			23.80	.00
Japan (yen)							 			499	.49
Spain (peseta)											.14
Holland (guile	der)									.402	.39
Belgium (fran	c)						 			.198	.05
Switzerland (	franc)									.193	.17
Sweden (crow	m)						 		• •	.268	.26
Denmark (cro										.268	.17
Argentina (pe										.424	.36
Brazil (milrei	e)						 	• •		.279	.10
China (Silver	dollar	Hon	okon	ar)			 				.53
(Tael-Shang											.72
(Tael-Pekin											.75

#### CHEMICALS SOLD BY U. S. TO NETHERLANDS.

The value of chemicals imported by the Netherlands from the United States, including turpentine and phosphate which are the principal imports, is shown in a table prepared by Consul General George E. Anderson, Rotterdam, as follows:

 Items
 1921
 1922
 Items
 1921
 1922

 Chilean nitrate ...\$105,916
 \$86,640
 Various chemical products ...\$206,895
 \$389,880

 Caustic and other soda ...
 47,996
 96,900
 Turpentine ...
 573,369
 714,020

Of calcium acetate imports in 1922, 2,376 tons came from the United States, which country also supplied 1,170 tons of caustic soda. Germany supplied 262 tons of perfumery in the same year, 146 tons having come from France, 56 tons from Great Britain, and 41 tons from the United States. Germany was also the principal supplier of calcium carbide, while Belgium furnished most of the sulfuric acid and Greece was the principal source of magnesia imports.

#### GERMANY USING MORE ACETIC ACID

(Special to Drug & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., June 20—Germany had nineteen acetic acid plants in her spirits customs district monopoly in the fiscal year 1921 according to a report by Assistant Trade Commissioner Daugherty. Twelve of these plants, the report states, produced dutiable acetic acid. The product was derived from acetate salts in the majority of plants.

The increase in consumption in 1921, against 1920, the report says, amounted to 16 per cent for consumption and 64 per cent denatured for industry. The reason of the increase in consumption, says the report, is because acetic acid is used more and more in family kitchens and preserving plants in place of other preservatives.

German potash companies, including Salzdetfurth, Aschersleben, and Westeredeln, report that the amount of potash marketed in 1922 was 12,955,433 double centers, compared with 11,103,694 in 1913, the previous record year, and with 9,211,814 in 1921. (A centner is slightly more than 110 pounds.) Foreign buyers took 25.6 per cent of last year's production, against 16.6 per cent in 1921 and 45.6 per cent in 1913. The American market is reported as particularly favorable. Potash prices at the end of December last were 800 times those obtained before the war.

# Leather Chemicals

# ROUTINE INQUIRY FOR CHEMICALS REPORTED FROM TANNING CENTERS

Price Tendency of Most Chemicals and Oils Continues
Downward—Demand Stagnant—Importers Cut in
Competition—Little Confidence in Future of Prices

That the leather industry has little confidence in the future of prices for chemicals, oils, and allied products used in tanning operations, is evidenced by the close buying and refusal to purchase ahead. Of course, the fact that the majority of chemical prices which are moving, show a downward tendency, has much to do in shaking confidence in the market. Demand at the present moment is almost stagnant. Accumulations of imported chemical products and need for money on the part of a number of smaller importers, has brought out some very attractive prices and considerable shading where a real order comes to the front. The strongest prices' to-day are the alkalies and heavy acids, where American makers control the situation and continue to deliver regularly to all consuming trades in good bulk.

Acid, Formic—Imported acid is moving along fairly steady lines with prices remaining at 12c@14clb. as to grade and quantity. Very little domestic material is being produced owing to lower priced imported acid.

Acid, Lactic—Prices are holding steady at recent levels while demand is more or less routine; 22 per cent light named at 4½c@5cfb.; dark, 5½c@6cfb.; 44% dark, 9½c@10cfb.; light, 11½c@12cfb.; 66%, 16cfb.

Acid, Sulfuric—Demand has fallen off somewhat but there is still a good volume of business being done on spot while contract withdrawals are steady. Supplies are increasing slowly but no large surplus exists. Prices are holding up with 66° in tanks named at \$15.00@\$16.00 ton at works; carboys at \$1.25@\$1.50; 60° unchanged at \$9.00@\$10.00 in tanks; Oleum is in limited supply at \$19.00@\$20.00 ton in tanks.

Epsom Salt—Makers are moving their production steadily and have very small stocks on hand. Quotations are unchanged with U.S.P. in carlots of barrels at \$2.25@\$2.50; imported is named at \$1.90@\$2.00 in bbls.

Extracts—Have been quiet but prices are unchanged; Myrobalans are quoted at \$27@\$33 ton. Hemlock bark, \$20 ton; Quebracho, 35%, 3½c@4clb.; 65%, 5c@6clb.; Sumac is scarce at \$76@\$80 ton; liquid, 7c@9ctb. Logwood is free at 7½c@12ctb.

Formaldehyde—In good demand at 15ctb. for U.S.P. in barrels at works. Small lots resales offered at 14½ctb. spot, bbis. A patent has been taken out in London to produce formaldehyde by conducting the mixed vapors of water and methylene chloride at a raised temperature over porous bodies, such as clay or wood charcoal.

Arsenic—The red is firm at 151/2c@16clb. with supplies not very plentiful.

Lime—Buying is along quiet lines with prices steady at \$9.50 ton at kilns.

Potassium Bichromate—Demand has dropped off slightly but prices remain firm at 114c@114cfb. Production is still handicapped by lack of labor.

Soda Ash—Makers are now quoting ash on a flat basis, \$1.33 per 100tbs, for light in bulk, 58% Na<sub>2</sub>O; bags, \$1.45@\$1.50; bbls., \$1.69. Dense, 58%, \$1.51 in bags and \$1.75 in bbls. Demand is steady and makers report plants operating at near capacity.

Soda Caustic—The new selling basis names solid in drums at \$3.16 per 100fbs. at works, for 76% Na<sub>2</sub>O, on contract. Other forms are also on a flat basis. Spot prices range from \$3.30@\$3.70 as to brand and quantity. Export demand is quiet while domestic business is fair on spot. Makers are enjoying a steady volume of business.

Sodium Bichromate—A falling off in demand has been noted during the past few weeks. Makers continue to quote prices at 8½c@834clb. at works. Spot goods at 834clb. Supplies are none too plentiful in the market.

Sodium Sulfide—Consumption has been holding up well. Crystals are in limited supply with imported being held at 23%clb.; domestic named at 2½c@234clb.

Sodium Bisulfite—Prices are holding steady at 3½c@ 3¾cfb. for crystals. Buyers have become more conservative and are only buying for their immediate requirements.

Oils

Cod Oil—Supplies are somewhat limited and holders are selling carlots of barrels at 70c gallon. Demand has not been very active.

Menhaden Oil—Catches have been small this season owing to a labor scarcity. Sellers are holding prices of crude at 48c@50c per gallon in tanks at Baltimore. Refined oils are firm at recent levels at 86c@92c per gallon.

Neatsfoot Oil—Producers have raised the prices on 20° cold test and are now at 1634ctb.; 30° test steady at 1534ctb.

Red Oil—Makers have reduced their prices to 9½c@ 10ctb. Supplies are quite plentiful and demand slow.

#### LEATHER CHEMISTS HOLD 20th MEETING

The twentieth annual meeting of American Leather Chemists Association was held at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., June 7 to 9. Among the speakers were President Fraser M. Moffat of the Tanners' Council; Dr. H. E. Howe, American Chemical Society; Prof. M. H. Fischer, University of Cincinnati, Jerome Alexander; Prof. George D. McLaughlin, Tanners' Council; Prof. Allen Rogers, Pratt Institute; and others. Numerous papers were heard, mostly dealing with industrial research problems and findings.

Crescent Tanning Co., Woburn, Mass., will rebuild the portion of its plant recently destroyed by fire with loss of about \$150,000, including machinery.

# OTHER TANNING AND LEATHER MATERIALS

For reports on chemicals, oils, tanning extracts, and other raw materials for the leather industries not reported on this page, see the general market reports on the thirteen preceding pages. For the current market quotations on chemicals and allied products, with specifications and packing, see price list beginning on fifth page toward the back of the book. Prices are for goods f.o.b. New York or works for prompt shipment unless otherwise specified. Read full explanation on first page of price quotations.

# Paper Chemicals

#### CHEMICAL STOCKS OF PAPER MILLS REPORTED REDUCED BY ACTIVITY

Little Buying of Chemicals and Steady Consumption Has Cut Into Reserves—Still Buy Cautiously As Prices Continue Downward—Imported Items Weak

Although reports coming in from various paper mills indicate that their stocks of chemicals, fillers, and finishing materials have been greatly reduced by recent continued activity right into the warm weather, they show little willingness to expand their purchases beyond immediate requirements. This is not unusual in the face of a steady downward trend to chemical prices generally. Predictions of further declines this summer have also shaken their faith in future prices and made them very cautious. Some local chemical houses report a steady spot demand for immediate delivery on mill activity. This is particularly true among the Ohio mills of the Miami River valley which are sold up six weeks ahead and running at full capacity. Weakness in the chemicals is more particularly noted among the imported items that those of domestic origin.

Acid, Sulfuric—Demand has fallen off somewhat but there is still a good volume of business being done on spot while contract withdrawals are steady. Supplies are increasing slowly but no large surplus exists. Prices are holding up with 66° in tanks named at \$15.00 @\$16.00 ton at works; carboys at \$1.25@\$1.50; 60° unchanged at \$9.00@\$10.00 in tanks; Oleum is in limited supply at \$19.00@\$20.00 ton in tanks.

Alums—All grades are quiet with prices of imported material easier in some directions. Domestic ammonia in lumps named at \$3.50@\$3.60; potash alum held at 3c@3½clb. on spot; chrome steady at 5½c@5¾clb.

Aluminum Sulfate—Makers are holding prices steady at \$2.50 for the iron-free. Some imported material is offered at lower prices but demand is inactive; commercial is quoted at \$1.40@\$1.50 in carlots.

Blanc Fixe—Little change in the situation with puip moving quietly at \$40.00@\$50.00 per ton and the dry at \$70,00@\$80.00 ton.

Bleaching Powder—Demand continues quiet while stocks are being lowered in consumers hands. Prices are easier in some directions at \$1.80@\$1.85 at works.

Casein—Prices have again eased off and are now down to 16½c@18clb as to quantity. Demand has been quiet and supplies are quite plentiful.

Chlorine—Consumers are showing more interest in this item and makers are kept busy meeting the requirements. Tanks and carlots of ton cylinders are steady at 5½c@5¾clb; small cylinders are quoted at 6c@7clb.; in small lots on spot, 9clb.

China Clay—Buyers are showing little interest and only a perceptible movement is noticeable at present. Prices are at variance as to grade and quantity and range from \$12.00@\$25.00 ton.

Rosins—Stocks are not very heavy but buying has been lacking. Any demand is expected to send prices up over \$6.00 for the lower grades. Quotations range from \$5.80 for B grade to \$7.50 for WW.

Satin White—Consumers are only taking enough for their immediate requirements and the movement is quiet. Prices are steady at 1½c@2clb.

Salt Cake-Supplies are not large but with demand

gradually falling off an accumulation of stocks is slowly taking place. Prices are still around \$25.00@\$26.00 ton.

Sodium Silicate—Makers are having no difficulty in supplying requirements at present. Demand has not been up to that of recent weeks. Drums of 40° are quoted at \$1.30@\$1.40 on spot while tanks are named at 75c at works; 60° at \$1.70@\$1.90.

Sulfur—Crude is steady at \$14@\$15 ton at mines and \$19.00 ton f.o.b. New York in carlots. Demand is along steady lines.

Talc—French is in fair demand with prices ranging from \$25@\$32 ton; Italian holding firm at \$35@\$42 ton as to quality; American, \$12@\$20 ton.

#### NEW CONTAINER ASSOCIATION FORMED

National Container Association is the name of a new organization formed by the amalgamation of Container Club and National Association of Corrugated and Fiber Box Manufacturers. The new body, which is said to comprise in its membership about 80 per cent of manufacturers of corrugated and fiber products, was organized at a meeting held at the Drake Hotel, Chicago. F. J. Kress, of F. J. Kress Box Co., Pittsburgh, was elected president, and John L. Barchard, of Hummel & Downing, Milwauke, vice-president. Mr. Kress was president of the National Association of Corrugated and Fiber Box Manufacturers.

Forest Industries Club is being formed by New Yorkers interested in paper making. A luncheon and house-warming was held recently at the club rooms in Pershing Square Building, Park ave. and 42d st. The members were addressed by Dr. Hugh P. Baker, secretary American Paper and Pulp Association, and M. W. Randall, vice-president Air Reduction Co.

Federal Paper Co. has been incorporated in Illinois with authorized capital of \$11,250,000, and will take over the assets of Gumbinski Brothers Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., and Chicago. The company will build a 300-ton paper mill, 31st st., and California ave., Chicago.

Roesch Paper Co., Tampa, Fla., will build new threestory works on South Florida ave., 100 x 150 feet. It is proposed to install machinery and equipment to double the present output. Henry Roesch is president.

Oregon Pulp & Paper Co., Salem, Ore., will call for bids for a two-story addition to its plant. The proposed structure will be 128 x 225 feet, and is estimated to cost \$110,000, including equipment installation.

OTHER PULP AND PAPER MATERIALS
For reports on chemicals, bleaches, fillers, and
other raw materials for the pulp and paper industries not reported on this page, see the general market reports on the thirteen pages immediately preceding LEATHER CHEMICALS. For current
market quotations on chemicals and allied products
with specifications and packing, see price list beginning on fourth page toward the back of the book.
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for prompt shipment unless otherwise specified.
Read full explanation on first page of price quotations.

# Rubber Chemicals

# RUBBER CHEMICALS SELL CHEAPER BUT CONSUMERS HOLD OFF BUYING

Price Tendency Continues Toward Lower Levels— Chemical Demand From Tire Makers Depends on Speeding Up Automobile Sales—General Supplies of Chemicals in Akron Reported Small

Although practically the whole chemical list shows a tendency to slide off slowly, but steadily, the lower figures induce very little buying by the rubber mills. Of course, the downward price trend is causing buyers to hold off, each believing that next week or next month will be a better time to cover. Many items are cheaper to-day than they have been any time this year. If the sale of automobiles continues active, it is believed that the now slowed-down operations in tires will have to be speeded up over the balance of the year. Advices from Akron, O., state that stocks of chemicals there are greatly reduced as a result of close buying. The reduction in tire prices by several big makers has tended to unsettle general conditions and cut down purchases of all raw materials by the industry. Any renewed activity in rubber will mean enforced purchase of chemicals owing to small supplies on hand, it is believed.

Acid, Acetic—Buying is still along active lines and makers are operating in some cases at capacity. All grades are moving well. Prices are holding steady at recent levels with 28 per cent at \$3.38@\$3.63 in bbls.; 56 per cent, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.03.

Acetone—Spot stocks are light with C.P. named at 25c@25½clb. spot. Methyl at its increased price, 90c@95clb., is being disposed of along steady lines.

Aluminum Flakes—Stocks remain sufficient to take care of demand at \$30.00 ton.

Aniline Oil—Spot stocks appeared ample with resales named at 16cfb. spot. Reports are heard that makers would not hesitate to shade price of 16cfb. at works. Demand is generally conceded to be routine.

Antimony Sulfuret—Makers continue to make good sales, and quote 43c@52ctb. spot for crimson, and 20c@25ctb. spot for golden.

Asbestine—No change was noticed over last week. While business in this item has been good for some time past, the demand at present has slowed up somewhat. Best quality quoted at \$18.00@\$20.00 ton at works.

Benzol—The large outlet for this item has not materialized, especially export demand. Foreign buyers are not in the market, or else they are buying in some other countries. With such large stocks accumulated, it is quite probable that lower prices will be seen. Pure quoted at 27c@30cgal., and 90 per cent, 25c@27cgal. at works.

Blanc Fixe—Demand has been good, and makers report no accumulation of stocks to depress the market. Quoted at 4c@4½ctb., and pulp at \$40@\$50 ton.

Cadmium Sulfide-Unchanged at \$1.40@\$1.50tb. spot.

China Clay—Demand has dropped off due to consumers having satisfied their needs. Imported quoted at \$23.50@\$25.00 ton spot, and domestic at \$15.00@\$18.00 ton f.o.b. production points.

Carbon Black—Makers still continue to add contract orders to their already long list. Spot market is not over plentiful. There is some new process carbon black being offered on the market. Spot quoted at 20c@22clb., and contracts at 15c@17clb. f.o.b. works.

Diphenylguanidine—Spot supplies unchanged at \$1.15 @\$1.20lb., as to quality, single deliveries.

Hexamethylene—Imported material easy at 75c@80c bb. spot as to quantity. Stocks are ample at the moment. Domestic quoted at 93cbb. spot with tendency to shade this figure slightly.

Iron Oxide—Unchanged at 3½c@14clb. as to quality and quantity.

Lithopone—Demand is reported quite fair for this time of the year, which is anything but brisk. Quoted at 7c@7½ctb. as to quantity at works.

Solvent Naphtha—Demand has gone ahead of production, with the natural result of firmer prices. Now quoted firm at 37c@42cgal. on contract, and 34c@37c gal. for crude.

Starch—Domestic corn starches have advanced and now quoted at \$3.12@\$3.39 per cwt. for powdered. Domestic potato unchanged at 4½c@5ctb. spot, and imported at 6½c@7ctb. spot.

Talc—Market is unchanged at \$15@\$18 ton f.o.b. at points of production for domestic; French, \$20; high grade, French \$40; and Italian \$47@\$58.

Whiting—Demand is good for this season of the year. Quoted at \$1.00 per cwt. for commercial; gilders' bolted \$1.10; extra \$1.15; American Paris white, \$1.15; and English cliffstone, \$1.50.

#### R. & H. TO SELL BAKELITE PHENOL

Phenol manufactured by the Bakelite Corp., at their plant nearing completion near Cleveland, O., will be sold by the Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Co., New York, according to an announcement from the latter as follows: "It is with pleasure we announce that the plant of the Bakelite Corporation is nearing completion and by the last of summer or early fall we hope to be in position to offer this article to the trade as the sales agents for the above company. We are confident our price will prove of interest to consumers and caution is therefore suggested to see that stocks that are being purchased at present prices are kept as low as possible. We anticipate making a further announcement in the not distant future." Roessler & Hasslacher also announce: "We have been appointed sole selling agents for the Niagara Smelting Company of Niagara Falls, New York. We are in position to make prompt shipment from stocks as well as tank car shipments direct from the works. We solicit your inquiries."

#### OTHER COMPOUNDING INGREDIENTS

For reports on chemicals, solvents, fillers, vulcanizing compounds, colors, and other raw materials for the rubber industries not reported on this page, see the general market reports on the thirteen pages immediately preceding LEATHER CHEMICALS. For current market quotations on chemicals and allied products with specifications and packing, see price list beginning on third page toward the back of the book. Prices are for goods f.o.b. New York or works prompt shipment unless otherwise specified. Read full explanation on first page of price quotations.



# **ELLIS JACKSON & COMPANY**

18 NO. FRONT STREET PHILADELPHIA

Foreign Department

29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

GLASS, SOAP, PAPERMAKERS, TEXTILE and FERTILIZER SUPPLIES

# Textile Chemicals

# TEXTILE MILLS CURTAIL PRODUCTION; SPOT BUYING OF CHEMICALS QUIET

Southern Mills Fairly Active—Starches and Dextrines Higher—Bleaching Powder Tending to Lower Levels —Zinc Dust Continues Decline—New Alkali Method of Quoting Prices

Owing to curtailment of production in New England mills, textile chemicals have been in little demand during the past few weeks. Consumers are inclined to operate on their present stocks and are taking on supplies only as actually required. Prices have been showing a tendency to become easier, but even at more attractive figures buyers are showing little interest. Basic chemicals such as caustic soda and soda ash are holding their own both in demand and in stability of prices. Prominent makers have altered their method of quoting prices and hereafter these commodities will be quoted on a flat basis of 76 per cent Na2O for caustic soda and 56 per cent Na2O for soda ash instead of the old method of 60 per cent and 48 per cent. This brings caustic soda in drums to \$3.16 per 100lbs, on contracts and ash to \$1.45 in bags. Bleaching powder is somewhat unsettled as to price owing to a slackened demand during the summer months. Recent strength in corn has resulted in advances in starches and dextrines of 15c per 100lbs. Zinc dust is lower owing to easier price of the metal. Egg albumen continues strong and

Acid, Acetic—Buying is still along active lines and makers are operating in some cases at capacity. All grades are moving well. Prices are holding steady at recent levels with 28 per cent at \$3.38@\$3.63 in bbls.; 56 per cent, \$6.75@\$7.00; 70 per cent, \$8.38@\$8.63; glacial, \$12.78@\$13.03.

Acid, Muriatic—Makers report a steady demand from all industries which is keeping their plants busy. Prices are steady and firm at \$1.00@\$1.10 for 20° in tanks and \$1.25@\$1.50 in carboys; 22°, \$1.75@\$2.00.

Acid, Oxalic—Makers have reduced their prices and are now quoting 13c@13½clb. as to quantity at works. Spot prices are also lower at 13c@13½clb. Imported named at 13c@13¼clb. Demand is less active and competition keen.

Acid, Sulfuric—Contract business is reported steady and spot buying is up to normal. Quoted at \$15@\$16 ton for 66° in tanks at works; carboys, \$1.25@\$1.75; oleum in small supply at \$18@\$20 ton in tanks and \$1.25@\$1.75 in drums.

Alums—All grades are quiet with prices of imported material easier in some directions. Domestic ammonia in lumps named at \$3.50@\$3.60; potash alum held at 3c@3½clb. on spot; chrome steady at 5½c@5¾clb.

Bleaching Powder—The situation is unsettled with demand for bleach less active during warm weather and buyers and sellers adjusting conditions to suit the season. Prices are quoted mainly at \$1.90 at works and \$2.50@\$2.60 on spot.

Epsom Salts—Demand regular and stocks ample. Quoted at \$2.00@\$2.15 for technical, and \$2.25@\$2.50 for U. S. P. in bbls.; imported named at \$1.90@\$2.00.

Glauber's Salts—Domestic firm and none too plentiful. Quoted at \$1.30@\$1.40 in carlots of barrels for technical; U. S. P. named at \$1.40@\$1.75 as to quantity.

Potash, Caustic-Business is barely moving in im-

ported goods, while domestic is fairly steady. Imported prices are down to  $7\frac{1}{2}$ c@ $7\frac{3}{4}$ clb., and this is about as low as sellers can afford to do business. Import costs are at  $7\frac{3}{4}$ clb. Domestic material at  $9c@9\frac{1}{2}$ clb.

Soda Ash—Makers are now quoting ash on a flat basis, \$1.33 per 100lbs. for light in bulk, 58 per cent, Na<sub>2</sub>O; bags, \$1.45@\$1.50; bbls., \$1.69. Dense, 58 per cent, \$1.51 in bags, and \$1.75 in bbls. Demand is steady and makers report plants operating at near capacity.

Soda Caustic—The new selling basis names solid in drums at \$3.16 per 100lbs. at works for 76 per cent Na<sub>2</sub>O on contract. Other forms are also on a flat basis. Spot prices range from \$3.30@\$3.70 as to brand and quantity. Export demand is quiet while domestic business is fair on spot. Makers are enjoying a steady volume of business.

Sodium Acetate—Domestic unchanged at 5½clb. and imported at 5½clb.

Zinc Dust—Has declined again and now quoted at 8c lb. for carlots of kegs, and smaller quantities up to 10clb.

Castor Oil—Quoted easy at  $14\frac{1}{2}$ c 215clb. spot for No. 1, and 14c@14 $\frac{1}{2}$ clb. for No. 3.

Olive Oil—Unchanged at \$1.17@\$1.20ga.. spot for denatured.

#### Starches and Dextrines

Corn dextrines, starches and British gum have been advanced 15c per 100lbs. Reports of an advance brought buyers into the market and some large sales have been put through to southern textile mills. New prices bring British gum up to \$4.24@\$4.34; white corn dextrine, \$3.79@\$3.89; yellow, \$3.84; potato unchanged at 7c@8clb., and tapioca, 9clb. Powdered starch up to \$3.22 in carlots; pearl, \$3.12; potato, 4½c@5clb. Tapioca flour, high grade, 6c@634clb.; medium, 5c@5½clb.; low, 4½c@434clb. Albumen is strong at \$1.10@\$1.13 for technical.

Announcement that the Amoskeag Manufacturing Co. would close all its mills for two weeks beginning June 29 calls attention to the movement among cotton goods producers to curtail production owing to competition with southern mills. Rumors of consolidations are becoming more insistent, and it is probable that mills firmly entrenched so far as working capital and merchandising methods are concerned, will absorb the weaker companies. Competition of Southern Cotton Mills has caused many Fall River Mills to curtail production.

#### OTHER TEXTILE MATERIALS

For reports on chemicals, oils, fillers, finishing compounds, bleaches, and other raw materials for the textile industries not reported on this page, see the general market reports on the thirteen pages immediately preceding LEATHER CHEMICALS. For current market quotations on chemicals and allied products with specifications and packing, see price list beginning or next page toward the back of the book. Prices are for goods f.o.b. New York or works for prompt shipment unless otherwise specified. Read full explanation on first page of price quotations.

# Prices Current of Fine and Heavy Chemicals, Drugs, Essential Oils, Dyestuffs and Oils

CLASSIFICATION—Prices quoted herein are listed in the following groups: Chemicals, including heavy and technical chemicals, fine and medicinal chemicals, aromatic chemicals and isolates, crudes and intermediates from coal-tar, various fine alkaloids, and miscellaneous products; Crude Drugs, Essential Oils, including oleoresins; Fatty Oils, including Animal, Vegetable and Fish Oils, Greases, Fats, and Taffow; Tanning and Dye Extracts, including miscellaneous natural tanning woods, extracts, etc. All groups are arranged in straight alphabetical order.

Packages—Prices are for large quantities in original packages of the customary trading units of weight or measure. A container given in connection with a price does not necessarily mean that this is the quantity on which the price is based. Containers named are the original packages most commonly sold in this market.

QUOTATIONS—Chemical prices quoted herein are those of American manufacturers unless otherwise specified. Quotations on imported chemicals are so designated. Where resale or "second hand" stocks of any chemical product are sufficient to be considered a factor in determining the market, prices for goods in this class will be quoted in addition to makers' prices available, and indicated as such. Chemical prices quoted

herein are for goods spot New York or Metropolitan District, f. o. b. or ex-store, for immediate shipment, unless otherwise specified. Numerous domestic-made heavy or industrial chemical products are sold principally on a basis of f. o. b. works, and are thus quoted in the list herein, each instance of a "works" price, however, being specified as such.

Fatty Oils prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York unless otherwise noted; f. o. b. mills and Coast prices being designated as such. Crude Drugs and Essential Oils are quoted f. o. b. New York (Manhattan with limitations) for immediate shipment. Tanning and Dye Extracts are quoted spot New York unless otherwise noted.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—All quotations are made on a basis of avoirdupois pounds and ounces, and American gallons. The following equivalents are given for the reference of exporters, importers, and foreign buyers:

- 1 Imperial Gallon (British)—1.20 American Gallons 1 American Gallon — .833 Imperial Gallon
- 1 American Gallon —3.79 Liters
- 1 Liter .264 American Gallon
- 1 American Gallon (Water)—8.35 Pounds 1 Pound (Avoirdupois) — .454 Kilograms
- 1 Kilogram —2.20 Pounds

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#### Chemicals

ACETANILID, tech. 150 m bbls m	.37		ACID, Carbolic-(Continued)			. 1	Acid, hydrofluoric—(continued)		
100 lb kps	.28	: .30	Crude, 25% 50 gal. bblsgal	.35		.36	60% 100 m cby. wks m	:	.14
USP 200 h bbls	.32	: .35	10%, 50 gal. bblsgal	.30	:	.32	60% 300 lb dr., wks lb	:	.13
Second Hands	.32	: .35	Chloracetic,				White Acid, 100 lb cby. wks. lb	:	.26
Acetic Anhydride, 85% 480 lb drs. lb			mono 100 lb bbls, wks lb	***	:	.30	White Acid, 10 cbys. wks ID	:	.25
85%, 107 b cbysb	***		Di. 150 lb cbys wis lb	***			Hydrofivosilicie, 35% 450 m bbls.		
92-95% 100 m chys	.43	: .45	Tri, 425 m bbls. wis m				wis	.10 :	.13
Acetone, CP 700 lb drs. c/l wkslb			Chlorosulfonie, 1500 lb drs.				Hyperhospherous, USP 30% 5		
700 lb drs. lc/l wks		: .251/2	with	.15	:	.16	gal. demis	:	.95
350 m drs. lc/l wks	.30	: .32	Chromie, USP 200 D drums D			.40	USP, 10% 5 gal. demis Ib		
Second Hands, spot Ib	1.00	: 1.05	85% Pure, 200 lb drums lb			.35			
Acetone Gils, light, bbls, wksgal Heavy, bbls., wksgal	1.00	: 1.05	Chromotropie, 300 m bbls m			1.25	LACTIC, 22% dark 500 m bbls. To	.04 1/2 :	
Acetophenone, CP 1 m bot m	4.00	: 4.25	Chrysophanie, see Chrysarobin				22% light, bbls	.05%:	
Acetphenetidin, 150 m bbls m	1.85	: 1.95	Cinnamic, 5 h cans	3.00	: 3	3.25	44% dark, bbls	.0914:	
Acetyl Chloride, 100 h cbys h	.40	: .41	CITRIC, USP cryst 230 m bbls m				44% light, bbls	.11%:	
ACID. 1, 2, 4, 250 m bbls m		: 1.30	Powd., USP 200 lb bbls. lb			.49	66% bbls	:	
Acetie, 28%, 400 b bbis. 0/1			Imported, cryst. 112 h kegs. h			.50	USP IX 100 m ebys m	.60 :	
wks 100 m		: 3.38	Single kegs			.54	USP VIII 100 lb cbyslb	:	.55
28%, le/l wis100 m	***	: 3.63					Laurent's, 250 m bbls	:	.90
56%, c/1 wks100 fb			Cleves, 250 lb bbls	1.00		1.10	Metanilic, 250 m bbls m	.60 :	.65
56%, le/1 wks100 fb		: 7.00	97-99% straw, drs. wksgal						
70%, bbls. c/l wks100 fb			97-99% pale, drs. Imp gal	1.15	: 1		Mixed, sulfuric-nitric	.07%:	.08
70%, le/l wks100 lb			97-99% decolor. drs. wks. gal	1.15			Drums, wks N Unit Drums, wks S Unit		
gook coml. bbls. c/l wks.100 fb		: 9.58			•	***	Tank cars, wksN Unit		
80% coml. lc/l wks100 h		: 9.83	Diethylharbiturie, 10 h lots,				Tank cars, wasS Unit	.009	
80% pure bbls. c/l wks.100 h		: 11.41	1 m bot	8.50	: 10				
80%. pure le/l wks100 lb		: 11.60	Formic, 75% tech. 100 m chys. m	.11		.12	Molybdie, 85% pure 1 lb bot. lb	1.75 :	
Clacial, bbls. c/l wis100 fb		: 12.78 : 13.03	90%, 75 lb cbys. incl lb	.12		.14	85% pure, 100 lb kegs lb	:	1.30
filacial, lc/l wks100 b		: 13.53	Gamma, 225 D bbls, wis D	1.80	: 1		Monosulfonic F, Delta. 50 D		
(Bacial, USP cby wks100 fb	05	: 1.05	Bbis., ton lots wks	1.70	: 1		tine	:	2.30
Asstylmalicylie, 220 m bbls m	.90	: .95	Glycerophosphoric, 25% 1 m b. m	1.65		1.70	MURIATIC, 20° cbys. le/1		
Second Hands		96	II. 225 m bbls. single m	2.00		.85	wks100 m	1.40 :	1.50
95-98%, 100 b drs b	1.00	: 1.10	Bbls, too lots was			.80	Chys. c/l wks100 lb	1.25 :	
99-100%, 100m drs m			Hydriodie, 10% USP 5 b bet. b	.65		.70	Tank cars, wis100 D	1.00 :	
Bennote, tech. 100 lb bbls lb	***		Hydrobromie, 48% coml. 155 D						
Tech. ton lots bhis			cbys. wks	.35	:	.40	18°, 120 lb ebys.	1.00 :	1 10
USP. 100 m bbls	.73	: .77	48% coml. 10 cbys. wks Ib		:	.40	e/1 wks100 lb	.90 :	
Beric, crys. powd. 250 h bbls. h	.11		40% USP 155 th chys. whs. Ib	.45	:	.46	22°, 120 lb cbys.		2.00
Kegs, 100 D	.114		10%, USP 100 D cbys. wks. D	.11	:	.13	c/1 wks100 m	1.75 .	2.00
		-	Hydrochloric, see also Acid Muris	ttle				2	
Broenner's, 250 m bbls m			CP. USP. 110 m cbys m	.09	:	.11	Iron, free, 20° chys.		
Butrric, 60% pure 5 b bot D	.50	: .00	HYDROFLUORIC, 30% 400 D bols.				c/1 wks100 m	***	1.30
Campberie, USP VIII 1 b bot. B	5.50	: 5:60	wis		:	.07	Tank cars, wksnet ton	20.00 :	20.00
Carbelle, USP crys. see also Phenol-	-		30% bbls. c/l wis			.06	Muriatic, CP & USP, see Acid Hyd	irochloric	
110 b tins b		: .57	30% 100 b cbys, wis b			.07	Naphthionic, tech, 250 h bbls. h		.62
25 D tim	***		48% single 100 b cby, wholb			ii			
5 b tins or bot	.61	: .62	48% 10 cbvs. wks			.10	Refined, single bbls	:	.65
1D bot		: .68	52% 100 m chy. wis m			.13	Nevile & Winther's, 250 b	:	
Ligati, USP, 1D bot D	***	: .65	52% 10 cbr. wis D			.11	bbls.		

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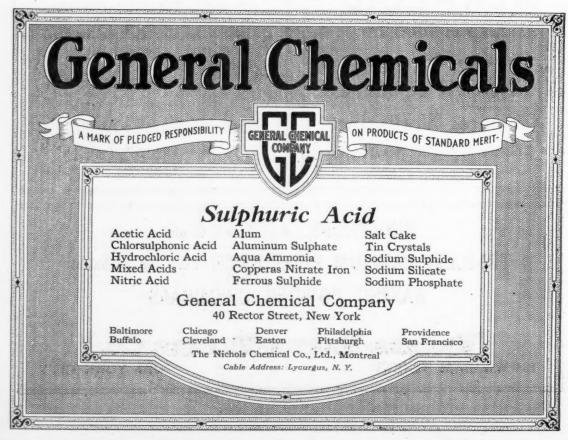
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**NEW YORK CITY** 

#### Chemicals

ACID, NITRIC, 36° 135 b			Acid Sulfurie			ALCOHOL - (continued)	
eby. wks 100 fb Cbys. e/l wks 100 fb	4.75	: 5.00 : 4.75	Tank cars, wksnet ton C. P. 175 lb cbys100 lb	9.00 :		Butyl, 50 gal. drums Ib Cinnamic, liquid, 1 Ib bot Ib 10,00	: 12.00
38° single ebys. wks100 fb	5.50	: 5.75	0leum, 20 p.c. 1500 b drums,		***	Crystallizable	: 15.00
Chys., c/l wks100 lb 42° Single chys. wks100 lb	5.25 6.00	: 5.50 : 6.50	lc/l wks100 lb	1.50 :	1.75	Isobutyl, crude 50 gal. drums.gal	: 4.4
Cbys., c/l wks100 lb	5.75	: 6.00	Drums, c/l wks100 lb		1.50	Refined, 10 m canm	: .7
44° Single chys. wks100 h	6.75	: 7.50	Tank cars, wksnet ton	18.00 :	20.00	Isopropyl, crude 50 gal. drsgal Refined, 50 gal. drsgal 4.00	: 2.21
Chys. e/l wks100 lb		: 7.00	Contract ears, wkston	:	18.00	Ref'd, 91%, drsgal	: 3.50
C. P. chys. single wks100 h	.14		Oleum, 40% drs lc/l wks.net ton	:	40.00	Methyl, see Alcohol, Wood	
Oxalic, 325 lb bbls. wks lb	.13		Oleum, 60% drs., lc/l wks. net			Phenylethyl, see Phenylethylalcohol	
Bbls., NY	.131/4		ton		70.00	Propyl, nml. erd 50 gal. drms.gal	: 4.40
Imp., 560 lb casks	.13	: .1314	Sulfurous, USP 6% 100 D cbys. D	.05 :	.06	Refined, 10 lb can lb	: .70
Phenylacetic, 1 lb bot lb		: 4.00	4% 100 b ebysb	.04 ;		Denatured	
Phosphoric, 50% tech. 100 b	0.00	. 1.00	USP, 5 gal. demis ID	.08 :	.08	No. 1 Complete Denat, 188 Proof	
еруя	.08	09	Tannic, tech. 300 lb bbls lb	.40 :	.50	50 gal. bbls. inclgal .43 50 gal. drums, extragal .38	: .40
USP, 85% syrupy, 70 m			USP, powd. 200 m bblsm	.70 :	.75		
demis		: .18	USP, fluffy, 50 m bbls m	.75 :	.80	No. 1 Special Denat. 190 Proof 50 gal. bbl. inclgal .41	: :43
Phthalic, see Phthalic Anhydride			Tartarie USP cryst 300 fb bbls. fb	:	.371/4	50 gal. drums, extragal .35	: .37
Pieramie, 300 lb bbls lb		: .65	USP, powd. 300 lb bbls lb	:	.371/4	No. 5 Complete Denat. 188 Proof	
Pierie, 450 lb bbls		: .30	Imp. USP, 240 m bbls m	.35%:	.361/4	50 gal. bbls. inclgal .40	: .42
Bbls. car lots wks	.20		Powd. 240 b bbls b	.35 :	.36	50 gal. drums, extragal .34 No. 6 Complete Denat. 188 Proof	: .36
Pyrogallic, crys. 5 lb cans lb			Tobias, 250 lb bbls	1.20 :	1.30	FO 1 111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	: .42
		: 1.20	Tungstic, 100 h kegsh	:	1.00		: .35
Resublimed, 5 lb cans lb Tech. powd., 200 lb bbls lb	1.55	1.60	Aconitine Alk, cryst. 1 oz. visoz Amorphous, 1 oz. visoz		30.00 20.00	In addition to the regular author-	
Salicylic, tech. 125 m bblsm	.38	: .43	Adeps Lanae, hydrous 350 lb bbls lb	.21 :	.23	ized formulae for completely dena-	
USP, 100 m bbls	.40		Anhydrous, 350 lb bblslb	.23 ;	.24	tured alcohol, some 75 formulae for	
Second Hands			Albumen, Egg, edible	:	1.10	specially denatured alcohol are au-	
Sulfanilie, 250 lb bbls lb	.17	: .20	Technical, see Dyers Sundries			thorized for special uses. Owing to	
SULFURIC, 66° 180 lb cbys.			ALCOHOL, USP 190 pf. 50 gal.			the limitations of their uses however,	
	1.50		bbls gal.	4.75 :	4.80	prices are quoted by the alcohol	
Chys., c/l wks100 lb	1.25	: 1.50	Second Hands, bbls, USP 190			producers only to holders of per-	
1500 D Drums, le/l			pfgal.	1	4.70	mits allowing the use of specially	
wks 100 m		: 1.25	Export, USP, 190 pfgal	.42 :	.50	denatured formulae in products author-	
Drums, c/1 wks100 fb		: 1.10	Cologne Spirit, 50 gal. bbls.gal	:	4.75	ized by the Dept. of Internal Revenue.	
Tank cars, wksnet ton	15.00	: 17.00	WOOD, see Methanol				
60° 1500 lb Drums,			Alcohols, also in 50 gal.			For prices on specially denatured	
le/1 wks100 fb	.70		drums, extra and returnable.			alcohols not listed above, consult any	
Drums, c/l wks100 fb	.60	: .80	Amyl, see Oil Fusel			of the alcohol producers.	



#### Chemicals

Aloin, USP 100 lb cases lb	.87	:	.90	ALUMINUM SULFATE-(Continued)			AMMONIUM CHLORIDE—(Continued)			
Alpha-Naphthol, crude 300 lb bbls. lb		**	.65	Cont. bgs. c/l wks. E.100 b	:		Imp. wh. 600 lb cases spot. lb	.063		.065
Refined, 300 m bbls			.75	Bags, c/l wks. W100 lb Bbls., c/l wks. East.100 lb	:	1.35	Gray, 600 lb casks spot lb	.08		.09
Alpha-Naphthylamine, 350 m bbls. m	.37	-	.39	Bulk, c/l cont. wks. E.100 h	:	1.35	Lump, 500 lb casks spotlb	.13	-	.14
	.35		.37	Amidol, (see Diaminophenol)			Ichthyolate, as to brand Ib	.75	-	4.00
Ton lots, bbls, wks	.33		101	Amidopyrine, 10 lb boxeslb	5.50 :	6.00	Iodide, USP 25 lb jarslb	***	:	5.20
ALUM, Ammonia, lump 400 m bbla.				1 lb cartons, 10 lb lb	:	***	Lactate, 500 lb bbls	.15		.16
wks100 D	3.50	:	3.65	Aminoazobenzene, 110 lb kgslb	:	1.15	Nitrate, tech. crys. 225 lb bbls. lb	***	-	
Imp., 500 lb casks100 lb	3.50	:	4 00	AMMONIA anhyd. 100 m cyl m	:	.30	Refined Crystals, bblsIb	.18	:	.20
Ground, 400 lb bbls. wks.100 lb	3.65	:	3.75	· Water, 26° 800 m drs. wks m	:	.07%	CP gran, 100 lb kegslb	.35	-	.37
Powd., 380 h bbls. wks. 100 h	3.90	:	4.00	Drs. c/l wks	.07 :		Oxalate, pure, 100 lb kegslb Persulfate, 112 lb caseslb	.55	-	.57
Chrome, 500 m cks wks. 100 m	5.50	:	6.00	Imp., 800 lb drs incl spot. lb	.06%:	.07	Phosphate, dibasic 200 lb bbls. lb	.54	-	.60
Fotash, lump 400 m bbls.				26° 100 m cbys. le/l wks. m	***	.081/2	Tech., powd. 325 lb bblslb	.15		.17
wks 100 lb		:	4.50	Cbys., c/l wks	:	.08%	Salicylate, USP 100 lb kegs lb			.85
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb		:	4.25	Cbys., le/l wks		.0734	Sulfate, bulk c/l wks100 lb			3.20
Cont. bbls c/l wks100 D			4.25	18°, 800 lb drs, le/l wks. lb	:	.05%	200 lb single bgs c/l wks.100 lb		:	3.30
Imp. 650 lb cases s.p100 lb	3.00	:	3.25	Cbys., le/1 wks	:	.0734	200 m double bgs, f.a.s.100 m		:	3,65
Ground, 400 lb bbls, wks.100 lb	4.35	:	4.60	16°, 800 m drs. le/l wks. m	:	.04	Sulfocyanide, tech. 100 lb kgs. lb		:	.50
				Cbys., le/l wks	:	.05	CP. 25 lb jars	.60	0 0	.65
Imp. 650 lb easks100 lb	3.00	:	3.25	Ammonium Acetate. 100 lb kezs. lb	.35 :	.36	Amyl Acetate, tech. 50 gal. drs.gal	4.25	2	4.50
Powd., 380 lb bbls. wks.100 lb	4.50	:	4.75	Benzoate, USP 11b bot1b	.85 :	.90	Pure, 5 gal. cansgal	6.75	:	7.75
Chrome, 700 lb cks wks.100 lb	5.50	:	6.00	Biffuoride, 300 lb bbls lb	.22 :	.23	Alcohol, see Fusel Oil			
Soda, grd. 400 m bbls. wks.100 m		:	4.00	100 D kess	.23 :	.24	Butyrate, 1 lb bot	2.00		2.10
Bbls. e/l wks100 lb		:	3.50	Bromide, 50 lb boxes	:	.33	Formate, 1 b bot	1.75		2.00
Aluminum, metal, c/l NY100 lb	25.00	:	26.00	Imported, 112 b boxes b	.19 :	.20	Salicylate, 100 m cbys	1.45	-	1.60
Chloride, anhyd. 275 lb drs lb	.20	:	.22	Carb., tech. 560 lb caskslb	:	.0936	Anethel, 2 h both	1.60		2.00
30% sol. 120 h ebysh	.03	16:	.04	Powd., tech. 385 m bbls. m	:	.09	ANILINE OIL, 900 h drsh	.16	:	.17
Mydrate, 96% light 90 h bbls. h	.183	-	.20	USP, lump, 100 lb kegslb	:	.0914	Aniline Salt, 200 m bbls	.24	-	.25
	.107		.20	Powd., 100 h kegs h	:	.081/	Anisie Aldehyde, 1 lb bot lb	3.40	:	4.00
SULFATE, Iron-free bags e/l				Chloride, Domestie			Anthracene, 40-45% 600 lb casks	.12		.17
wks			2.65	White gran. 250 lb bbls.NY. lb	:	.08	80-85%, 600 m casks wksm	.75	:	1.00
Imported, spot100 b	2.50	:	2.60	Bbls., c/l wks	:	.0714	Anthraquinone, subl 125 lb bbls. lb 30% paste 350 lb bbls lb	1.30		1.35
Cemm'l., 1/2 % iron, bgs. c/1				Gray 250 lb bbls, wks lb	.08%:	.08%	Antimony metal, slabs ton lots100 lb	6.75	:	6.87
wksEast 100 lb	1.45	:	1.50	Bbls, c/l wks	.08 :	.08%	Needle Powd., 100 lb caseslb	.061	<b>%</b> :	.07



Aconitine and Salts
Amidopyrine
Antipyrine
Apomorphine Hydrochloride
Arecoline Hydrobromide
Atropine and Salts
Berberine and Salts
Berberine and Salts
Codeine and Salts
Codeine and Salts
Codeine and Salts
Colchicine Alkaloid, U. S. P.
Colchicine Salicylate
Crossote, U. S. P.
Crossote, U. S. P.
Crossote Carbonate
Cumarin
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Alkaloid and Hydrochloride
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Eserine and Salts
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Hydrastine and Salts
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Phenolphthalein
Pilocarpine and Salts
Potassium Guaiacol
Sulphonate "Alta" Brand
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Scarlet Red Medicinal
Genuine "Biebrich"
Silver Proteinate
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Strychnine and Salts
Theobromine and Salts
Theobromine and Salts
Veratrine and Salts

THE HOFFMANN-LAROCHE CHEMICAL WORKS WORKS

#### Chemicals

ANTIMONY CHLORIDE, anhyd 10				Bay Bum, Porto Rican, genuine
drs		:		Denat. salicy acid or tartar eme
50 lb crocks lb Sol'n. 130 lb carboys lb	.45			45 gal, bblsga
Oxide, 500 fb bbls	.07	:		Denat, quinine sulf. 45 gal.
Salt, dom. 500 lb bbls lb			.25	bblsga
Imp., NY	.23	:	.24	Domestic synthetic, 50 gal,
Sulfuret. golden 500 lb bbls lb		:	.21	bblsga
336 lb kegslb	***	:	.19	Benzaldehyde, tech. 945 lb drs.
Crimson, 500 lb bbla lb		:	.38	wks
336 lb kegs lb Red. 500 lb bbls lb	***	-	.36	USP, 40 lb cbys
336 lb kegs			.42	
Tartrolactate, 500 lb bbls lb				FFC, 40 lb cbyslb
Antipyrine, USP, 100 m casesm	2.00	:		BENZENE, 90% 8000 gal, tanks
	3.00			wks ga
Apomorphine Hydchlide, 1/8 oz. vls.oz			19.65	110 gal. drs. wksga
Arecoline Hytromide, 1 oz. vialoz.	8.00	:	9.50	Pure, Tanks, wksgal
Argols, red powd. 350 lb bblslb	.07	:	.07%	110 gal. drs. wksgal
Arsenic, metal 220 lb kegs lb		:	.35	
Red, 224 lb kegs caseslb	.154			Benzidine Base, dry 250 lb bbls. lb
White, 550 lb bbls, e/l NYlb	.14		.141/4	10 bbl. lots
Aspirin, see Acid Abetylsalicylic				Benzidine Sulfate, paste 350 h
Atropine Alk, USP 1 on vialon			10.50	bbls
Sulfate, 5 oz. cangoz			3.00	Benzol, see Benzene
Single ounce	***		3.17	Benzonaphthol, 5 lb boxes lb
BARIUM BINOXIDE, see Barium diox	ride		-	Bensoyl Chloride, 500 D drs 20
Carbonate, precip., 800 lb bbls.				Benzyl Acetate, 100 h cbvs h
wkston			70.00	
Imports, bbls., spotton Precip., 200 lb bgs, wkston			72.00 70.00	Alcohol, 5 lb bot
			90.00	Benzoate, 5 m bot
Chloride, 800 fb bbls, wkston 200 fb bgs, wkston			90.00	Medicinal FFC
				Chloride, 95% tech. 925 lb drs. lb
Import, bbls., spotton		-	85.00	100 lb cbys lb
Dioxide, 88% 690 lb drs lb	.17	:	.18	Redistil. 100 b cbys b
Import, 83-85% 400 m drs. m	.14	:	.16	Formate, 1 m bot
Hydrate, 500 lb bbls	.05%		.06	Berberine Hydchlide, 1 h bot h
Iodide, 5 lb box	***	:	5.15	Sulfate, acid or neut, 1 lb bot. lb
Nitrate, 700 m casks		:	.10	
Import, casks	.07%	:	.08	BETA-NAPHTHOL, 350 lb bbls.wks. lb
Sulfocyanide 400 lb bbls lb		:	.35	Ton lots, wks
tarytes, floated 350 m bblston	33.50	:	35.00	Sublimed

Bay Rum, Porto Rican, genuine Denat. salicy acid or tartar emetic				Beta-Naphthylamine, tech.
			0.00	Sublimed, 200 h bbls
45 gal. bblsgal Denat. quinine sulf. 45 gal.	3.17		3.20	Bichloride Mercury, see Me
bblsgal	3.40	:	3.50	BISMUTH metal, 150 m cs Second Hands
Domestie synthetic, 50 gal. bbls gal	1.25	:	1.35	Ammon. Citrate, USP 51
Benzaldehyde, tech. 945 lb drs.			-	Betanaphtholate, 5 h b
wks	.75	_	.80	Citrate, USP 5 to bxs
USP, 40 lb ebyslb	1.50	-		Nitrate, 25 m jars
FFC, 40 lb cbys	1.75	:	1.85	Oxychloride, 250 bbls
BENZENE, 90% 8000 gal, tanks				Phenolsulfonate, 5 lb car
wks gal	.25	:	.27	Salicylate, 250 bbls
110 gal. drs. wksgal	.30		.32	Subcarbonate, USP, 250
Pure, Tanks, wksgal	.27	0	.32	Subrarbonate, USP 250 X-Ray diag, 1 b bot.
110 gal. drs. wksgal	.33	:	.35	
Benzidine Base, dry 250 m bbls. m		:	.86	Subgallate, USP 175 bb
10 bbl. lots	.82	:	.84	Subiodide, 5 lb lots
Benzidine Sulfate, paste 350 B				Subnitrate, USP, 250 bb. Second Hands, bbls. of
bbls	.70	:	.72	Cones, 1 lb bot
Benzol, see Benzene	0			Subsalicylate, USP, 175
Benzonaphthol, 5 lb boxes lb	2.00	:	2.10	Tannate 1 lb bot
Bensoyl Chleride, 500 lb drs 20		:	1.00	Bismuth Preparation
Benzyl Acetate, 100 m cbys m	1.25	:	1.40	above on basis 25
Alcohol, 5 lb bot	1.50	:	1.75	Smaller lots at an
Benzoate, 5 lb bot	1.50	:	1.60	Blanc Fixe, dry 400 lb bbls Imported, bbls
Medicinal FFC	1.75	:		Paste, 650 lb bbls
Chloride, 95% tech. 925 lb drs. lb		:	.30	BLEACHING POWDER, TO
100 lb cbys lb	.30	:	.35	c/1 wks
Redistil. 100 lb cbys lb	.40	:	.45	Drums lc/l ex-warehouse
Formate, 1 m bot	2.50	:	3.00	Contract, e/l wks
Berberine Hydchlide, 1 h bot h		:	22.00	F. a. s. c/1
Sulfate, acid or neut, 1 h bot. h		:	22.00	Imported, spot
BETA-NAPHTHOL, 350 to bbls.wks. Ib		:	.24	Blue Ointment, see Mercury Mass, see Mercury
Ton lots, wks	.22	:	.23	Bone Ash, 100 h kegs
Sublimed	.55	:	.60	Black, 200 h bbls

	Beta-Naphthylamine, tech. 200 B.				
	oois		:	.76	
	Sublimed, 200 lb bbls lb		:		
	Bichloride Mercury, see Mercury Bic	hloride			
	BISMUTH metal, 150 h cases h	2.75	:	2.85	
	Second Hands	2.60	:	2.65	
	Ammon. Citrate, USP 51b bxs. 1b			5.60	
	Betanaphtholate, 5 h bxs h			3,20	
	Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs		0	3.00	
	Nitrate, 25 m jars		:	1.85	
	Oxychloride, 250 bbls		:	3.35	
	Phenolsulfonate, 5 lb cans lb		:	3.05	
	Salicylate, 250 bbls		:	1.95	
	Subcarbonate, USP, 250 bbls Ib		:	3.25	
	Subrarbonate, USP 250 bbls To		:	3.25	
	X-Ray diag. 1 lb botlb		:	3.60	
	Subgallate, USP 175 bbls Ib		:	2.65	
	Subiodide, 5 m lots		:	4.55	
	Subnitrate, USP, 250 bbls Ib		:	2.75	
	Second Hands, bbls. or less. Ib	2.55	:	2.60	
1	Cones, 1 lb botlb		:	3.75	
ı	Subsalicylate, USP, 175 bbls Ib				
1	Tannate 1 lb bot		:	2.58	
ı	Bismuth Preparations quoted above on basis 25 b lots.				
1	Smaller lots at an advance.				
ı	Blanc Fixe, dry 400 lb bbls, wks.ton	80.00		85.00	
1	Imported, bblston	65.00	:	70.00	
4	Paste, 650 lb bblston	50.00	:	55.00	
1	BLEACHING POWDER, TOOM drs.				
1	e/1 wks100 lb	1.90	:	2.15	
ĺ	Drums lc/l ex-warehouse100 lb	2.40	:	2.65	
1	Contract, e/l wks100 lb		:	2.00	
ı	F. a. s. c/1100 lb		:		
1	Imported, spot100 lb		:	• • •	
1	Blue Ointment, see Mercury Mass, see Mercury				
١	Bone Ash, 100 lb kegs		:	.08	
ı	Black, 200 lb bbls	.06	:	.08	
	,		-	+	

# BETA NAPHTHOL

Dyestuffs and Intermediates Manufactured by



Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

CONSOLIDATED COLOR & CHEMICAL CO. CENTRAL DYESTUFF & CHEMICAL CO. WILLIAMSBURG CHEMICAL CO.

and other American manufacturers, distributed by

Borax, USP, cryst. 400 lb bblslb Powdered, U.S.P. 300 lb bblslb	.05 1/4 :		CALCIUM CHLORIDE—(Continued)				Carbon Tetrachloride, 1400 lb drs.
Kegs, USP, 100-150 lb lb	.05%		Flake 330 b drs. c/l drs. f.o.b.		. :	30.50	NY
Bordeaux Mixture, powd. bbls Ib	.12	.15	Anhyd., 350 lb drs, f.o.b. NY. lb			.20	700 lb drs. single NY lb : .1014
Paste, bbls	.08	.10	Glycerophosphate, 250 lb bbls lb	1.55	:	1.60	Carmine, No. 40 5 lb boxes lb 4.50 : 4.60
Borneol, 1 m botm		3.50	Hydrate, (see Lime)		•		Casein, edib. 100 m keg m .45 : .50 Technical, 200 m bbls m .16 1/2 : .18
Bromide, see potass. bromide, etc.			Iodide, 5 th bot		:	4.35	Castoreum, 1 lb boxes
Bromine, bot. in 60 h cs. wks h		20	Lactate, tech: 500 m bblsm			.131/4	Castor Oil, USP 50 gal. bbl ib : .141/2
Bromobenzene, 600 m drums m	.40	.42	Nitrate, 220 B bbls, e/l NY.ton		: .	40.00	Cases, 80 lb 2 tinslb : .15
Bremeform, USP 5 lb bot 50 lb cs. lb		1.50	Phosphate, tech. 350 m bbls. m	.09		.10	Caustic Potash, see potash, caustic
Bromstyrol, 25 lb kegs	4.00	4.25	Phosphate, precip. tribasic 200				Soda, see soda, caustie
Brucine Sulfate, 100 ozsoz		.20	Ib bbls, wks	.12	:	.13	Cerium Oxalate, USP 100 to kgs. tb .48 : 53
Butter of Antimony, see Antimony Chle	oride		Phosphate, mono	.07	:	.09	Chalk, drop 175 b bbls b : .08 14
CADMIUM, metal 100 m bxs m	1.15	1.25	Sulfocarbolate, 100 lb kegs lb	.58	:	.60	Precip. light 250 lb csks lb .04 1/4: .04 1/2 Precip. heavy 560 lb csks lb .03 1/4: .04
Bromide, 50 lb cases jars lb			Calomel, see Mercury				Bulk
Iodide, 10 lb bot			CAMPHOR, Amer. ref. 250 D				Precip. English, 7 lb bags lb
		1.60	bbls		:	.96	Charcoal, Bone, see bone black
CAFFEINE ALK. USP 5 ID cans. ID	3.75		2½ lb slabs, 100 lb cs lb		:	.97	Wood, powd. 100 lb bbl lb .04 : .05 Willow, powd. 100 lb bbl lb .06 : .07
Second Hands		4.25 3.75	1 lb cakes, 100 lb cs lb		:	.971/4	China Class Inc.
Hydrochloride, 1 b bot b	7.12	: 7.32	1 oz. tab., 1 lb ctns.			1.01%	Domestic, fob Mineton 18.00 : 22.56
			½ oz. tab., 1 lb etns.	•••	•	1.01 76	Chloral Hydrate, USP 100 D drs. D .75 : 80
Sulfate, 1 lb bot			100 D cs		:	1.02	25 lb jars b .76 : .81
Hydrobromide, 1 lb bot lb	3.00	4.75	Jap. ref. 21/2 m slabs, 100 m				Chinoidin, 170 b cases b .65 : .75 Chloramine-T, 5 b bot b 1.25 : 2.50
nyarobronide. 1 m bot m	•••	1.10	cs	.88	:	.90	Chloreosane, 5 lb bot lb .55 9 .75
CALCIUM Acetate, 150 lb bgs, c/l			1 oz. tab., 100 m cs. 1 m				Chlorhydrin, Ethylene anhyd, 600 D
wks100 lb			tins	. ***	:	1.00	40% soln. 100 lb ebys lb .75 : .85
Arsenate, 100 lb bbls. c/l wks. lb Bbls. lc/l wkslb	.17		1/2 oz. tab. 100 lb cs. 1 lb tins lb			1.02	40% soin. 100 m ebys m .25 : .30 CHLORINE, Liquid 2000 m eyl.
				•••	•	1.02	c/1 wks
Bromide, 100 lb es	•••		Chinese ref. 2½ lb slabs 100 lb		:	.90	Tank car lots wks
Calcium Carbide, 220 B dr c/lwks B			Crude, 100 lb cslb	.72	:	.73	100 m cyl c/l
Drums lc/l wks	• • •	: .05	Camphor, Monobrom, 100 D cs. D	1.75	:	1.85	100 m cyl. lc/l, ex-warehousem
c/1100 Ib	1.00	: 1.10	Caramel, 50 gal. bblsgal	.60	:	.62	Chlorobenzene, mone. 1000 lb drs.
USP, precip, 175 m bbls. m	***		Carbazol. 250 lb bbls	.75	:	.80	Drs. c/l wks
Chloride, solid, 650 lb drs, c/l	• • • •		Carbon Bisulfide, 500 lb dr., lc/l NY lb		:	.07	Drs. c/l wks
f.o.b. NYton		: 24.50	c/1 drums, NY		:	.08	CHLOROFORM, USP 50 b drs b : 35
Gran., 350 lb drs. e/1 f.o.b.			Carbon Black, 12 1/2 lb bags, wks. lb	.18		.35	Second Hands, 650 lb drslb .32 : .34 Technical, 650 lb drumslb .32 : .33
NYton	• • •	: 30.50	I Carbon Brack, 12-2 to bags, was in	.10		,00	Technical, 650 lb drumslb .32 : .33
							The same of the sa



Acetic Anhydride 92-95% Free of Phosphorus Chlorine and Sulphur

Acid Phosphoric 50% (Meeting Food and Drug Law requirements)

Sodium Phosphate Monobasic

Sodium Phosphate Dibasic U. S. P. Granular and Anhydrous

Sodium Phosphate Dibasic Granular Commercial

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Plant

Carteret, N. J.

South Charlestown, W. Va.



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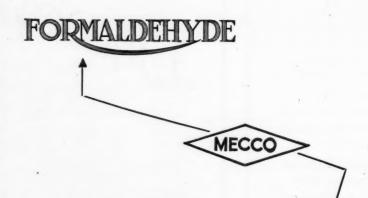
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Plans NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.

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Chromium Acetate, 20° soln. 400 h			, COD LIVER OIL, Norwegian, 30 gal.			Cyanamide, bulk c/l wks, Amm.unit		:	3.25
bbla	.08		bblsbbl	25.00	: 26.00	DIAMINOPHENOL, 100 D kegs D		:	3.80
Fluoride, Powd. 400 m bblsm	***		Newfoundland, 30 gal. bblsbbl		1	Dianisidine, 100 b kegs		:	4.60
Sulfate, 400 m bbls	.07	.09	Colchicine alk., USP 1 os vial. og		: 30.00	Dichlorobenzene. 1000 D drs D	.06	:	.073
Chrysarobin, USP 5 D cans D	2.00		Salicylate, 1 oz. vialou		: 45.00	,		-	
Cinchonidin alk., pwd. 100 cs. tingos	2.00		Collection, USP 30 h drums h	.22	: .23	Diethylaniline, 850 m drs m	.60	:	.65
Crystal			Flexible, USP 30 D drums D	.27	: .28	Diethyl Phthalate, 25 b cans b	.65	:	.75
Sulfate, 100 cm. tins	.4934		COPPER, metal electrolytic e/l			Diethyl Sulfate tech. 50gal.drs Ib	.20	:	.25
Cinchonine, alk., pwd. 100 oz.tins oz	:	.38	NY	18 10	: 15.25	CP drums	.40	:	.50
CrystalOK.	:	.43	Lake, c/l NY100 lb		: 15.37	Digitalin, Pure, 1 oz. vialos	7.75		8.25
Sulfate, 100 oz. tinsos.	:	.25	Casting, c/l NY100 lb		: 15.75	Dimethylaniline, 840 lb drs. wks. lb	.42	:	.48
Cinnamic Alcohol, see Alcohol Cinnas			Carbonate, 400 lb bblslb			Dimethylsulfate, 100 b drs B		:	.50
Cinnamic Aldehyde, 170 bot Ib	3.20 :	3.50	Chloride, 250 lb bbllb	.19	: .191/2	Dinitrobenzene, 400 m bbls m	.193		.20
Citral, 25 D cans	2.75 :	3.00	Cyanide, 100 lb drs	.58	: .60	Dinitrochlorobenzene, 400 h bbls. h	.191	_	.20
Citrine Ointment, see Mercury			Iodide, 5 m bot		: 5.65	Dinitronaphthalene, 350 b bbls. b			
Citronellal, 1 m bot	2.00 :	2.25	Oxide, 1000 h bbls. ton lots h		: .20	Dinitrophenol, 350 m bbls m	.32		.34
Citronellol, 1 b bot		14.00	Sub-Acetate, verd. 440 lb bbls. lb	.35	: .37		***		.40
						Dinitrotoluene, 300 lb bbls lb	.19	:	.21
Cobalt metal, 100 h kegsh	2.75 :		SULFATE, crys. 450 m bbls. lc/l	5.60	: 5.70	Dionin, see Morphine, Ethyl			
Cobalt Oxide, 500 D bbls D			Spot	5.50	: 5.60	Diphenylamine, 250 m bbls m	.48	:	.56
10 m tins 200 m cases m COCAINE alk., USP, 1 on vialor	:		Carlots, bbls., delivered.100 fb	0.00	: 5.60	Diphenylguanidine, 170 b bbls b		:	1.20
Hydrochloride, USP-1 cm. vials.	:	11.00	Imp. 550 fb caks100 fb	5.00	: 5.25	Diphenyloxide, 500 lb drumslb	.85	:	.90
25 ons	:	TOT	Powdered, 350 b 5 bbls b	***	: .061/4	Dover's Powder, USP 5 to tins In	2.20	:	2.30
In 1/2 on vialsos	:		1	20,00	: 21.00	Duboisine Sulfate, 1 oz. vial oz		:	60.00
In crystals, granular, powder,			400 lb bbls. c/l wisston		: 25.00	EARTH, Diatomaceous, see Kieselguhr			
or finky crystals as desired.			200 fb bgs. c/l wkston	• • • •	: 23.00				
Cocoa Butter, bulk, 200 h bales. h	.2716:	.30	Powdered, bbls 100 fb	1.90	: 2.00	Emetine, alk., 15 gr. vls		:	1.65
Fingers, cakes, etc. 12 b bxs D	.361/4:	.3714		1.00	. 2.00	Hydehlide, USP 1 oz. vialos			19.00
CODEIN alk., 1 oz. vls. 10 oz.			Corn Syrup, 42 deg. 50 gal.		. 0 #1	15 gr. vials	.75	:	.80
lotscs	:	8.62	bbls100 fb		: 3.51	EPSOM SALT, tech. 300 lb bbls.			
Hydrobromide, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz.		0.00	43 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 fb		: 3.56	NY100 m		:	2.15
Hydrochloride, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz.	:	0.92	Corrosive Sublimate, see Mercury Bichle	ride		Bbls. c/l NY100 m			2.00
lots	:	7.77	Cotton Soluble, 100 h bbls. wet. Ib	.40	: .42	100 m bgs., c/l NY100 m			
Nitrate, 1 or, vls. 10 og, lots.og	:		Coumarin, 25 lb tins lb	4.50	: 4.75				1.80
Phosphate, 1 eg, vls, 10 ez.			Second Hands		: 4.35	Imp., 220 lb bgs. e/l			4 44
lots	:	6.47				USP, 300 lb bbls, 10 bbls, 100 lb		:	1.10
Salicylate, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz.			CREAM TARTAR, USP, 300 D		: .26%	Carlots, bbls100 lb	2.35	:	2.50
lots	:					Imported, 400 lb bbls100 lb	1.90		2.00
Sulfate, 1 oz. vls, 10 oz. lots.oz	:	6.92	Imp. powd. USP, 224 bblsfb		: .25 1/2	100 lb kegs100 lb	2.00	:	2.25
Small Sizes, 1/6 on vials, 50c			Creosote, USP, 42 lb cbyslb	.50	: .55	Ergotin, Bonjean, 1 D jars D	9.50		10.00
34 oz. 25c extra, singles 7c per oz.—25 oz. lots, 10c oz.			Creceote Oil, 50 gal. drsgal	.20	: .22	Eserine alk., 1 oz. vialoz.	9.50		30.00
than above. Less than 10 ons.			Carbonate, 1 lb bot, 25 lb lb	1.80	: 2.00	Salicylate, USP 1 oz. vialoz.			20.00
higher than above.			Cresol. USP, 400 m bbls	.25	: .27	Sulfate, USP VIII, 1 oz. vial.oz			15.00



Are We Supplying

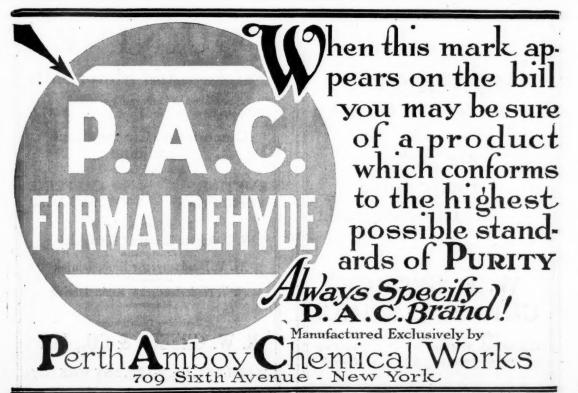
Your

**METHANOL** 

Requirements?

The Miner Edgar Company
Rail and Water Facilities
110 William Street
New York

.13					
	: .15	Fluorspar, 95% 220 m bgs. ex	GLYCERIN, C. P. 550 m drums. m	.16	
	: .16	dockton : 25.0	Cally Coll Ittititititi	.174	6: .18
	: .38	96% bgs	Dynamite, 1000 lb drs lb	.15	: .151/2
	: .30	98% bgs	Saponification, tanks	.11	: .111/2
.26	: .27	FORMALDEHYDE, USP 400 m bbls.	Soap, Lye, tanks	.10	: .101/
.92	: .95	e/1 wks	Goa Powder, see chrysarobin		
	: 1.30	Carboys, 100 lb lc/l wkslb :		15.00	: 35.00
1.05	: 1.15			.06	: .10
	: .95				: .05
	: .92			2.50	: 2.60
			Demonte, 4 to Continue to the continue		: 18.00
			Carbonate, 5 lb boxes	5.00	: 5.25
		Fusel Oil, refined, 100 gal drm.gal : .	HAARLEM BIL, Dom. 6 gr. cs.gross		: 3.50
		Crude, 100 gal drumgal : .		5.20	: 5.25
2.00		G. SALT, paste 350 lb bbls. basis			: 3.25
4.50		100% 1b .60 : .0	Heliotropin, 10 lb bot	1.75	: 2.75
		Gelatin, USP silver bbl. 100 fb cs. fb .85 : .!		0.2	. 07
.25	: .251/4	Gold Label, 100 fb cases fb : .			: .95
	-	Technical, 100 Ro cs lb .60 ;	50		, ,,,,
4.50	: 4.75	Geraniol, 50 th cans th 2.75 : 3,6			: .95
		Geranyl Acetate, 1 lb bot lb 4.25 : 4.3			
.65		GLAUBER'S SALT, tech. 200 D bags	vial		: 16.00
		e/l wks 100 fb 1.15 : 1.5	Five ozs., 1 oz. vialsoz		: 15.00
		350 lb bbls. c/l wks100 lb 1.30 : 1.	Hydrastine Alk., USP, 1 oz. vial.oz		: 20.00
		Bbls. le/l wks100 b 1.50 : 1.	75 Hydchlide, USP, 1 oz: vialoz		: 20.00
		Imported, bbls, spot100 tb .90 : 1.	00 Sulfate, 1 oz. vialoz		: 22.00
		USP, 300 fb bbis, Imp. sp., 100 fb : 1.	25 Hydrastinine Hydchlide, USP 15 gr.		
20.00	: 25.00	USP, 300 h bbls. dom. sp. 100 h : 1.	75 vialsvial		: 2.40
	. 09	USP. 300 lb bbls. c/l wks.100 lb : 1.4	Hydrazobenzene, 100 h kegs h	1.30	: 1.35
			HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, 25vol.400 m		
			16 bbls,		: .10
	: .08	Syrup, Drs. & bbls, c/l NY100 lb ; 3.	USP Soln. 375 m bbls	.05	: .051/4
		le/1 NY 100 m : 3.		8.00	: 8.25
		GLUE, pure white, bbls 10 .30 :			: 12.00
	0075	Medium white, bbls 10 .25 : .:	80		: 20.00
.06	: .0614		10	1.25	: 1.35
					. 21 00
2.00	. 0.00				: 21.00 : 20.50
		: .38 : .30 .26 : .27 .92 : .95 : 1,30 1.05 : 1,15 : .95 : .90 : .35 1.85 : 2,00 : .40 2.00 : 2,25 : .35 4.50 : 5,00 : .35 4.50 : 5,00 : .60 : .60 : .65 : .60 : .65 : .85	38	1.38	1.38



Hyoscamine Alk. Cryst., 1 oz. vial.or		: 35.00	LANOLIN, see Adeps Lanae		Litharge, see lead oxide	
Alkaloid, Amorphous, 1 oz. vial.or. Hydrobromide, USP 1 oz. vial.or.		: 75.00 : 60.00	LEAD, metal, c/l NY100 h Acetate, white crystals 500 h	7.25 : 7.30	Lithium Carb. USP 100 lb kgs. lb Bromide, 100 lb cs lb	
Sulfate, 1 cz. vial		: 35.00	bbls. wks I		Citrate, USP 100 h kegsh	1.60 : 1.70
INDOL, C. P. 1 os. bot	8.50	: 9.00	100 to 250 lb kgs, wks. I		Iodide, 5 lb bot	
Iodides, see Potass. Iodide, etc.			White, broken, bbls, wks.100 m White, gran., bbls., wks.100 m		Lithopone, 400 lb bbls. lc/l wks. lb Bbls. c/l wks	
IDDINE, crude, 200 h kegs m	3.90	: 3.95	White, powd., bbls. wks I	: .14%	Imported, 400 lb bbls	
Resublimed, 10 h jarsh		: 4.55	Brown, broken, bbls, wks		Litmus Cubes Ib	.90 : 1.00
Tincture, USP, 50 gal. bblsgal Carboys		: 4.60 : 4.85	USP, 100 lb kegs	: .20	MAGNESITE, crudeton Calcined, 500 lb bblston	
Iodoform, powd, 10 lb bot lb		: 6.00	Bbls. c/l wks			
Crystals, 10 m bot		: 7.00	Paste, 600 lb bbls		Magnesium mtl., sticks 100 lb cs. lb Carb. tech. 70 lb bags NY lb	1.25 : 1.30
Ionone, (violet) 1 m bot m		: 9.00	Iodide, USP VIII 51b bot If		75 lb bbls. NY	.08%: .09
Iridium, metal 10os lots		:250.00	Nitrate, 500 lb bbls, wks Il		USP, 60 m bbls	.10 : .11
Iron, metal by hydrogen 1 lb bot. To	.65		Oxide, lithge, 500 lb bbls100 lb		USP, blocks 100 lb cs. 1, 2, 4	
	.00		0xide, red 500 lb bbls, wksR		028	.19 : .33
JRON & AMM. CITRATE, USP 25 D		: .84	100 lb kegs wks		Chloride, fused 575 b drs. e/l	
Green scales, 25 lb cans lb		: .84	Peroxide, 100 lb drs	: .26	wkston	
Green scates, 25 ib cats ib	•••	: .01	White, basic carb. 500 m bbli		Flaked, 350 lb drs. wkston Imp., fused 900 lb bbls. NY.ton	
Cacodylate, 10 m bot m	9.00	: 9.25	wics.		Fluosilicate, crystals 400 m bbls.	20.00 . 20.00
Citrate, USP VIII 25 D cans D		: .99	Bbls. c/l wks100 fb		wks Ib	: .15
Chloride, see ferrio or ferrous			White, sulfate 500 m bbls, wks. m		30% solp, 500 lb bbls, wks. lb	.07 : .07%
Hypophosphite, 5 lb cans lb Syrup, USP VIII lb	1.50	: 1.60 : .30	Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	: 9.25	Soln, bbls. c/l wks Ib Glycerophosphate, 5 lb time Ib	: .06
Jodide. 1 lb bot		: 4.30	Licorice Ext. Mass, cases In Compound powder, bhis It			
Syrup, USP 5 lb bot lb		: .36	Powdered		Hypophosphite, 5 lb cans lb	
Nitrate, kegs D	.09	: .10 : 3.25	Sticks, 1 cz. 100 lb caseslb		Oxide, USP light 100 m bblsm USP, heavy 250 m bblsm	: .45
Com'l, bbls,100 b	2,75		LIME (Salts, see Calcium Salts)		Peroxide, 5 lb cans	: 2.15
Oxalate, scales 25 lb canslb	.80	: .82	Live, 325 lb bbls. ton lots, wks. lb Single bbl, wks		Perborate, 1 lb tins	: 3.25
& Ammon. Oxalate, 25 b bxs b	.45	: .50	Hydrated, 167 m bbl, ton lots,	: .01%	Salicylate, 100 lb kegs lb	: .80
& Potassium Oxalate, 25 lb brs. lb	.47	: .48	wks	: .0134	Sulfate, see Epsom Salts	
& Sodium Oxalate, 25 D brs D	.40	: .42	Single bbl, wks	: .01%		
Phosphate, USP 25 lb cans lb		: .89	Oyster Shell, 150 m bbl, single. m	: .03	Manganese Chloride, 600 lb csk.	
Pyrophosphate, USP 25 lb			125 lb bag	.08 : .10	NY	.09%: .10
cans	.90	: .97	Drs. e/1 NY	: .1014	Borate, 30%, 200 m bbls m	: .36
so-Eugenol, 1 h bot	4.25	: 5.00	83° Soln. 50 gal. bbls. NY.gal		100 m kegs	: .37
ALAP RESIN, lump 5 th time Th	3.25	: 3.25	Linalcol, 5 m botm	7.00 : 7.25	Dioxide, 80-84% 900 to bbls.	90.00 + 95.00
Powd., tins	3.40	: 3.50	Linalyl Acetate, 1 m bot m	7.00 : 10.00	85-90%, 900 lb bbls. NY.ton	
HESELGUHR, 90 m bags NYton	60.00	: TO.00	Benzoate, 1 h bot h		Hydrated, precip. 100 lb kgs. lb	.32 : .35

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Manganese—(continued)  METHANOL (Wood Alcohel)  Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tins lb : 3.05  METHANOL (Wood Alcohel)  95%, 50 gal. drms. extgal 1.12 : 1.16  Was		
	:	.40
Hypophos, USP VIII 5 to cans, to	:	.35
Iodide, 1D bot		
One hall are	:	.073
Sulfate, 600 b cashs NYb .10: .11 Methyl Acetone, 100gal. drumsgal: .85 Bbls., second hands NYb	.08 :	.083
		.08
See also Calcium Carbonate  Anthranilate, 1D bot	001/	.073
MENTHOL, USP, 60 lb cases lb 9.50 Cinnamate, 1 lb bot lb 4.00 : 4.50 Combination of the cases lb	.08%:	.00
Less cases, 5 lb tins lb 9.75 : 9.85 Paracresol, 1 lb bot lb 8.00 : 9.00 Crude, imp., bes lb	.03%:	.04
MERCURY, metal 75 m flask flask 68.00 : 68.50   Saletylate, Usr, 50 m Cases m 50 : .62   Nerolin, 1 m time	1.75 :	2.00
Less Flashs, 5 lb jugs lb 1.02 : 1.04 Second Hands, cases lb : Nickel Metal, electralytic 100 lb		.30
Bichloride, cryst. 25 lb bxs. lb: 1.17 Methylene Blue, tech. 100 lb kgs. lb 1.60 : 1.50 kegs lb USP, medicinal 5 lb cans lb 2.25 : 2.60 Ingot, 100 lb kegs lb	.29	.82
Risulfate, 25 m borse, B	.11 :	.12
Blue Mass, 25 h barse	.10 :	.11
Powdered, 25 lb boxeslb: .64 Milk Sugar, see sugar of milk Oxide, 100 lb kegs NYlb Sulfate, 450 lb bbislb	.40 :	.0734
	6.50 :	
	9.00 :	9.75
USP, dilute 25 D cams 30 % D : .62 Monomethyl paramidophenol sulfate Nitrobensene, crude 1000 b dr.		.10%
33 1/3% Mercury b : .67 100 D drs D : 4.00 wis b B MORPHINE Sulfate, USP 5 on. time	.09%:	
Calomel, 50 m or 1.25	.10 :	.11
Citrine Cintment 25 b tars. b	.20 :	.21
Iodide, green 25 lb jars lb 4.00 Hydrabromide, 5 es tins 10 es. Nitrotaluene, mixed 1000 b es.	** .	.15
Red, USP 25 m jars m : 4.10 lots	.14 :	.10
Yellow, USP VIII 25 m jars. m 4.00 Hydehilde, 5 cm tins 10 cm. Oil Fusel, see Fusel Oil Pusel, see Fusel Oil Pusel of the Pusel		
Process Con 20 to the 1.38   Diagety Alk 14 on via 10	1.00 :	1.35
10wdet, USE 20 Mirbane, see mitrocement		
White Precip. USP 25 lb bzs lb: 1.49 Hydchlide, 1/6 oz. vis. 10 oz.oz: 9.25 Opium, see crude drugs		
Powder, USP 25 lb brs lb : 1.54 Ethyl Hydchilde, 1/6 ca. viz. 10 Orange Mineral, 800 lb casks NY . lb	.15%:	.16
With chalk, USF 25 lb brs b :	.15%:	.16%
Meta-Nitroamiline, 800 ib bois. ib .78 : .80 14s 25c extra; single on via., 7e ex-	:	3.00
	:	
bbls b 2.25 lots in 5 oz. tins, 10e oz. lower than Ortho-Dichlerobensens, 1000 m drs.		
Meta-Phenylenediamine, 300 m above schedule. Less than 10 oz. lots wks m	.06 :	.08
Dols ID .90 : .95 Musk Ambrette, 1th caps ID 14.50 : 16.50 Ortho-Nitrochianscenses, 1200 E	10 .	**
Meta-Toluvlenediamine, 300 lb Ketone 1 lb cang lb 13 00 : 14 00 drs. with	.18 :	.20
bbls	:	1.25

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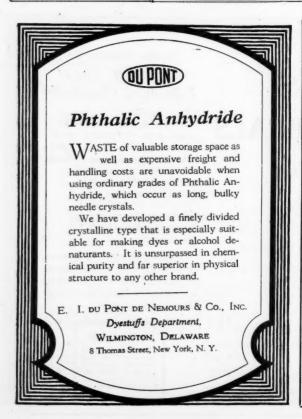
Acid Molybdic
Acid Phosphoric, anhydride
Ammonium Molybdate, cryst.
Ammonium Persulphage, 98%
Calcium Chloride, anhydrous, granular
Copper Chloride, \*cupric
Nickel Formate
Potassium Binoxalate
Potassium Thiocyanate
Sodium Oxalate
Tin Crystals

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Important Price Information

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Ortho-Nitrotoluene, 1000 b dra.	.00	: .10	Para-Phenylenediamine, 350 bb bbls	1.45 :	1.55	Phosphorus, red 110 lb cs. wkslb Imported, 112 lb caseslb	***	:	
Ortho-Toluidine, 350 b bblsb		: .16	Para-Toluene-Sulfonamide, 175 lb	2.10	2.00	Yellow, 110 fb cs. wksfb	.35	:	.40
Oxgall, USP 51b bot	-	: 3.00	bbls	.40 :	.41	Imported, 112 lb caseslb		:	.30
			Para-Toluene-Sulfonchloride, 410 lb			Phosphorus Trichloride, 175 h cyl.			
PALLADIUM, metal 10 oz. lots oz	51.00	: 53.00	bbls. wks	.25 :		wks	***		.45
Pancreatin, USP 5 h both		: 1.40	Para-Toluidine, 350 lb bbls. wks. lb	.90 ;	1.00	Phthalic Anhydride, 175 b bbls. b	.30	:	.35
Papain, 17b bot	2.15	: 2.25	PARIS GREEN			Pilocarpine Hydchlide, USP 25 oz. lots, 1 oz. vialsoz			5.50
Paraffin, ref'd 200 lb cs. slabs			Arsenic Basis, 500 m kegs m	.29 :	.31	Nitrate		:	5.50
120-125 Deg. M. P m	.0334	: .031/4	Kegs, 100 lbs	:	.33	Single ounces		:	5.75
125-130 Deg. M. P D	.04	: .0434	Kits, 56, 28, 14 ms	.32 :	.34	Alkaloid, 15 gr. vlsea		2	.75
130-135 Deg. M. P B	.04	: .04%	Packages, 5 and 2 m z m	.33 :	.35	Piperazine Hydrate, 1 lb bot lb		: 1	16.00
135-140 Deg. M. P	.05	: .0614	Packages, 1 lb, 1/2, 1/4 lb lb	.35 :	.40	Pitch, Coal-Tar, wkston	30.00	: 3	33.00
Para-Aminoacetanilid, 100 fb			Paris White, see whiting, French			Plaster Paris, tech. 250 lb bbls.bbl			3.30
kegs	1.05	: 1.15	Pepsin, USP 5 to bot	2.25 :	2.50	True Dental; 300 bblsbbl			4.50
Para-Aminophenol, 100 th kegs To		: 1.40	PETROLATUM, green 300 lb bbls. lb	.0214:	.03	Platinum, metal soft 10 oz. lota-oz	***		16.00
Hydrochloride, 100 lb kegs lb	***	: 1.65	Dark Amber 300 to bbls to	.0314:	.04	Podophyllin, 5th bot	4.75		5.50
Para-Dichlorobenzene, 50-300 b bbls.			Light Amber, 300 m bbls m	.04%:	.05	Second Hands	* * *		
wks	.17		Cream White, USP 300 lb bbls. lb	.07 :	.0734	POTASH, CAUSTIC, solid 88-92%			
25-50 lb kegs	.18		Lily White, USP, 300 m bbls, m	.09 :	.0914	700 lb drs. wks lb	.09		.094
Paraldehyde, 100 gal drs ID			Snow White, USP, 300 lb bbls. lb	.13 :	.1314	Imp., 88-92% 700 h drs. NY. h	.07 1/2	-	.07%
Paraformaldehyde, USP 100 B cs. B	.52 1/2	: .55		.10 .	110.78	USP, by alcohol 5 lb canslb	.46	:	.48
Para-Nitroacetanilid, 300 B	**		PHENOL, see also acid carbolic Open market, 950 lb drs lb	E0 .	.52	CASES	.50	:	.00
bbls	.55	: .60	240 lb des drs, wkslb	.50 :		POTASSIUM Acetate, USP, 100 lb kegs	.28		.29
PARA-NITROANILINE, 300 D bbls. wks. ton D	.74	75	Natural 240 lb des drs. wkslb	:	***	Bicarbonate, crys. 220 m bbls. m	.08		.09
Para-Nitrochlorobenzene, 1200 lb drs.			Imported, 336 lb des drs lb	:		Bichromate, crys. 900 lb casks			
wks.	.21	: .30	Phenolphthalein. USP 100 b drs. lb	:	1.50	wks	.1134	4:	.1114
Para-Nitro-ortho-Toluidine. 300 m			5 lb cans, 100 lb lotslb	1.55 :	1.60	Powd., 900 lb casks wkslb		:	.13 1/2
bbls Ib	2.75	: 2.85	Phenylacetaldehyde, dom, 1 b bot. b		11.00	Binoxalate, 300 lb bbls lb	.33	:	.34
Para-Nitrophenol, 185 h bbls h	.75	: .80	Imported		14.00	Bisulfate, C.P. 5 h cansh		:	.30
Para-Nitrosodimethylaniline, 120 b			Phenyl-Alpha-Naphthylamine 100 lb			Bromate, 100 lb cs	• • • •	:	.22
bbls,	1.25	: 1.30	kegs	:					
Para-Nitrotoluene, 350 m bbls m	.50	: .60	Phenylethylalcohol, 1 lb bot lb	8.00 :	9.00	BROMIDE, USP cryst. 450 lb			.26
Para-oxy-Benzaldehyde, 100 lb			Imported		10.00	Granular, 300 lb bblslb		:	.26
kegs	1.50	: 1.60	Phosgene, 100 lb cylinders lb	:	1.00	Cases 100 D		:	.27
Para-Phenetidin, 500 lb drs lb	1.55	: 1.80	Phosphorus Oxychloride, 175 lb cyl. lb	.35 :	.40	Imported, USP, 220 m cs Ib	.18		.19



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					_	
POTASSIUM-(Continued)			POTASSIUM-(Continued)			QUININE-(continued)
CARBONATE, 80-85% cale.			Sulfate, 200 lb bags, NY.K20 unit	:	.93	Hydchlide & Urea, UMP : .88
800 lb cks	.063	4: .06%	USP, VIII, 100 h kegsh	.18 :	.20	Hypophosphite
80-85%, hydrated, 800 D.			Sulfocyanide, CP 25 lb jarslb	:		Lactate
csks	.073		Tartrate, neutral, 100 h kegs. h	:	.53	Phenolsulfonate
90-95% casks	.07		Titanium Oxalate, 200 lb bbls.	:	.35	Phosphate
96-98% casks	.073		Pumice Stone, lump, 250 h bbls. h	.04%:	.06	Salicylate, USP
99% casks	.093		Lump, bags	.0314:	.05	Tannate, USP
USP, 100 m kegs	.11	: .12	Powdered, 350 lb bbls	.0214:	.03	Tartrate
Chlorate, crys. 112 b kgs. c/l			Pyridine, 50 gal, drumsgal	4.00 :	4.50	Valerate
wks	.083		QUICKSILVER, see Mercury			
Powd., 112 lb kegs wkslb	.0834		Quinidine Alk., 100oz tinsoz	.70 :	.75	Small Sizes: 1oz vials or cans,
Imp. kegs NY	.071/		Sulfate, 100oz tinsoz	:	.50	50oz. lots, 5e oz extra; 5oz cans,
Pyrotechnic, fine powd, NY Ib	.08		Quinoidine, see Chinoidin	40-		50oz lots 3e ez extra; 25oz cans,
USP, fine crys, 110 lb kegs			QUININE SULFATE, USP,			50oz lots, 2c oz extra; single 1oz
NY D	.08	: .09	American, 100oz tins02		.50	vials or cans, 5c extra. All minor
Citrate, USP 10 m cans m		: .66	log tins, 100oz lotsoz	••••	.57	quinine salts sold and quoted basis
Cyanide, 110 D cases D	.45	: .50	Java. 100oz tinsoz	:	.50	100cz lots in 100cz cans. Sulfate
Glycerophosphate, 75% Soln. 25 h	1 45	: 1.70	Japanese, 100oz tinsoz	:	.50	and bisulfate sold basis 1000z
Guaiacol Sulfonate, 5 lb cans,	1.00	1.10	QUININE ALK., USP, 1000z tinsoz	:	.67	lots in 100oz cans. Smaller orders
10 lb	1.50	: 1.75	Acetate		.88	or containers extra as above
Hypophosphite, 10 lb cans lb		: .85	Arsenate		.88	schedule,
Iodide, USP, 100 lb cases lb	3.75	: 3.85			.88	R SALT, 250 D bbls. wks 10 .55 : .70
Second Hands, cases D		: 8.65	Benzoate		.50	
Lactophosphate, 4oz botoz		: .90	Bisulfate, USP02		.62	Red Lead, see lead oxide
Metabisulfite, 300 lb bbls lb		: .23	Citrate	••••	.66	Red Precipitate, see mercury.
Imp., 300 m bbls m	.14	: .16	Dihydchlide., USP	:		Resorcin, see resorcinol.
Muriate, 80%, 200 h bags, NY			Dihybromide	••• :	.66 2.50	Besorcinol tech. 100 m keps m 1.50 : 1.55
K <sub>2</sub> 0 unit		: .68	Dicarbonate, 10oz tinsoz	•••		USP, 25 lb cans
Nitrate, see Saltpetre			Ethyl Carbonate, 16 oz tinsoz	:	.95	Rochelle Salt, USP, 225 m pbls. m : .21
Oxalate, neutral, 100 h kegs h		: .45	Ferrocyanide02	:	.88	Imp. USP, 300 m bbls m .191/2: .20
Perchlorate, 112 h kegs h		: .10	Formate			Rosewater, triple, 5gal, demisgal .90 : 1.10
Permangan, USP, crys. 112 lb drs. lb	.17	: .171/2	Glycerophosphate	:	.88	
Prussiate, red, 100 m bbls m		: .74	Hydriodide	:	.88	Rotten Stone, lump imp., bbls Ib .07 : .03
500 lb caskslb		: .70	Hydrobromide, USP02	:	.62	Lump selected, bbls b .09 : .12
Prussiate, yellow, 500 lb casks. lb	.35	: .36	Hydrochloride, USP	:	.62	Powdered, bbls
Salicylate, 25 m cams	.70	: .73	Hydrochlorsulfate	:	.66	Domestic, bags, mineston 24.00 : 30.00



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			-			-
SACCHARIN, USP, 1 b came, 25 b b 1.90 : 2.0	Soap, Castile, 40 h bxs		: .25	SODIUM ACETATE, crys 450 D bbls	081/ -	
Soluble, USP, 1 m cans, 25 m . m 1.90 : 2.0	TOWN. USE, AUGIN OUR	.28		wks	.05%:	.05%
Safrol. 60 m cans m .55 : .6	Green, USP, 150 ib kegsib	.07	: .071/4	Imp. 500 lb casks lb	:	.053
Sal Ammoniac, see Ammon. Chloride	Soupstone, see Tate, crude			Aluminum Sulfate, see alum soda.		
Salicin, USP, 1 h cartons, 25 h . h 5.00 : 5.	Prices on soda alkalies are		OR BETUR!	Benzoate, USP, 100 h bags h	.65 :	.68
Salol, USP, 100 b drums b .85 : .	percentages and not m. 1. & L.	test.		Bicarbonate, 400 h bbls NY100 h	1	2.25
Salt, Common, see sodium chloride.	SODA ASH, 58% light be NY			Bbls. e/l wks100 lb	:	2.00
	flat, ex-warehouse100 lb		: 2.00	112 b kegs wks100 b	***	2.25
	Bbls., ex-warehouse. 100 lb		: 2.25	112 b kegs, NY100 b	001/	2.50
SALTPETRE, Double Refined	Contract, Basis 48% bags c/1			Bichromate, 600 lb casks wks. lb Casks, c/l wks	.081/4:	.083
Granular, 400-500 m bbls., e/1 wks	16 wks		: 1.20	Casks, NY Ib	:	.089
Less c/l works, bbls				Bisulfite, dry powder, 500 lb		
Large Crystals, 350-400 b bbls., c/l wks		1.25	: 1.30	bbls., wks		.043
Small Crystals, 350-400 lb bbls.	Soda Ash, 58% dense, bags ex-			wks 100 lb	1.25 :	1.75
	warehouse, NY100 lb		: 2.07	Bromate, 100 lb cs	:	1.05
Powdered, bbls. e/l wks ib :	Bbls., ex-warehouse. 100 fb		: 2.30	Bromide, USP, 500 lb bbls lb	:	.25
Imported, 500 lb bbls., NY lb : .(				Cases, 100 m	*** :	.26
Santonin USP, 1 b bot b 175.00 :177.0			: 1.25	Imp. USP, 112 b cs b	.21 :	.22
Powd. 1 lb bot lb 176.50 :178.8	Pmpt. and spot, Basis 48% bags			Cacodylate, USP, 5 lb bot,	6.00 :	8 25
Saponin, ex Quillaja, 5 lb tins lb 1.25 : 1.	e/1 wks	1.30	: 1.35	Carbonate, sal soda, 350 D bbls	0.00	0.20
Schaeffer's Salt, 250 m bbls.wks., m .60 ; .6	SODA, CAUSTIC, 76% solid, resale,			le/1 NY100 m	1.30 :	1.35
Saponin, ex Quillaja, 5 th tins th 1.00 : 1.5		3.50	: 3.60	Works e/1100 lb		1.30
Satin, White 10 .011/2:				Monohydrate, 400 lb bbl,		
Seidlitz Mixture, 225 lb bbls lb .17 : .1	NY100 To		: 3.70	Pure photographic, 100 fb	:	2,40
SILICA	Contract basis 60% c/1 was			keg	.08 :	.09
Crude, bulk, mineston 10.00 : 12.0	100 B		: 2.50	Chlorate, 112 lb kegs, wkslb	.06%:	.07
Refined, floated, bagston 18.00 : 30.0	Pmpt and spot, basis 60%	2.571/	: 2.60	Imported, 112 lb kegs lb		.063
Ale destal to	.,	2.017	2.00		12.00 :	13.00
Dutas dant 1	Contract 60% low grade e/1		: 2.65	C. P. 300 m bbls		
SIIVED	wks flat100 fb		2.00	Citrate, USP, IX, 100 lb kegs. lb USP, VIII, 100 lb kegslb		.62
				Cranide, 96-98%, 100 lb cases		.00
Foreign	% spot, wks c/l drs100 lb		: 3.65	wks	:	.23
Colloidal, 16oz botoz : 2.8				Ton lots, wks	:	.23
Silver Iodide, 16oz botoz :	flat100 lb			73-76%, 100 lb cases, wks. lb	:	.20%
	76% drs. ex-warehouse NY100 fb		: 4.15	Imp. 128%, 200 m cases m	.21%:	.22
Nucleinate, 16oz bet 32 : .3	USP, stick, 10 m cans m		: .21	120%, cases		
Proteinate, 16om bot 34 : .3	Pure, stick, by alcohol D	.25	: .27	Fluoride, 350 lb bbls, NY imp. lb	:	.091/

### DIAMOND & BRAND



A **SUPERIOR PRODUCT** 



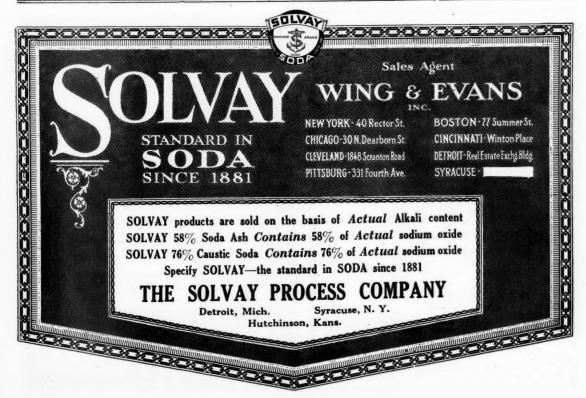
**OVER** 99% **PURE** 

Manufactured and Sold by

DIAMOND ALKALI COMPANY

PITTSBURGH - PENNSYLVANIA

ODIUM-(Continued)			SODIUM-(Continued)			STRONTIUM Bromide, USP, 100 m
Glycerophos, USP, crys 25 m			Para-Toluene Sulfonate, 175 D			kegs
cans		1.75	bbls	.08 :	.09	Carb. 600 lb bbls. wks lb : .07
Powder, 25 lb tins D	1.75	1.80				100 lb kegs wks b : .08
Solution, USP 25 lb tinslb	1.00	1.05	PRUSSIATE, yellow, 450 lb csks. lb	.15 :	.151/2	Iodide, USP, 25 lb jars lb : 4.00
Hydroxide, see Soda Caustic			250 m bbls	:	.16	Nitrate, 600 m bbls, wksm : .11
Hypochlorite, Soln, 100 m cbys. m	***		Pyrophosphate, 100 h kegsh	.18 :	.22	Imp., bbls, NY
14½% soln., 50 fb cbys Ib Hydrosulfite, 200 fb bbls.fob.wks. Ib	.19	.04	Salicylate, 100 lb kegs lb	.47 :	.57	Salicylate, USP, 100 lb kegs lb : .85
Hypophosphite, USP, 25 lb cans	.10		Second Hands, USP, kegs. Ib	.48 :	.50	STRYCHNINE Alkaloid, USP, crys
ID		.75		.40 :	.00	1000s tins
HYPOSULFITE, tech. pea crys.,			Silicate, 60° 700 m bbls. f.a.s. NY100 m		2.00	Alk, powd, USP : 1.65
375 lb bbls. wks100 lb	2.90	3,30		:		Acetate : 1.05
Bbls. c/l wks100 fb			Works, 1000 b drums100 b	:	1.90	Glycerophosphate, USPoz : 1.05
100 lb kegs wks100 lb	3.00		Works, tanks100 lb	:	1.75	W. 4. 1
Granulated, bbls. wks100 fb	3.15	3.55	40° domestic, 700 b c/l f.o.b.			
Bbls. e/l wks100 fb	0.20		wks100 lb	:	.80	Hydrochloride
Kegs wks	3,25	3.85	Works, 1000 b drums100 b	:	.82 1/4	Hypophosphite
Regular crystals100 fb	2.65	2.90	Works, tanks100 lb	:	.75	Nitrate, USP
Codide, USP, 25 lb jars lb		4.25	Spot, drums, bbls100 h	1.30 :	1.50	Phosphate 1.05
Metanilate, 150 lb bbls lb	.55	.60	Silicofluoride, 450 lb bbls, NY, lb	.0734:	.0734	Sulfate, USP, crys powdos : .84
Naphthionate, 300 lb bbls lb	.60	.62	Sulphate, see Glauber's Salt.	,	,.	Saccharinate 2.15
Nitrate, crude, 95%, 200 lb bgs			Suifide, 60% solid, 650 lb drs			Strychnine preparations quoted bases
c/1 NY100 m		2.58	, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,		0.51/	100oz lots in 100oz tins. Small Sizes;
Futures, NY100 lb			le/1 wks,	.05 :	.051/4	%oz vials, 50e extra; %oz vials, 25e
Double Refined, 400 lb bbls			Drs. c/l wks	:	.04%	extra: single ounce vials, 7c extra. Lots
gran. c/l wks		.041/4	Imp. 700 lb drs. NY lb	.03%:	.04	of 25 ozs. 5e higher than above schedule. Lots of less than 25 ozs.
Nitrite, 500 m bbls. wks m		.071/4	60% broken, 650 lb drs wks. lb	.05 :	.05 1/4	10c higher per ox.
Bbls. spot, makers To		.071/3	Imp, 500 lb drs NY lb	.041/4:	.04 1/2	
Imp. 650 lb casks lb		.071/2	30% crys. 400 lb bbls.wks. lb	.021/4:	.02%	Sugar Milk, USP, 200 m bblsm .21 : .22 Second Hands, USP, bblsm .23 : .24
Ortho-Chloro-para-Toluene Sulfo-			Imp., 400 lb bbls	.02%:	.02%	Sulfonal, see Sulfonmethane.
nate, 175 lb bbls. wkslb	.25	.27	Sulfite, crys, 400 lb bbls wks. lb	031/2:	.03%	
Oxalate, neutral, 100 h kegs. h		.47	Dessicated, 400 m bblsm	.0916:	.10	Sulfonmethane, USP, 5 lb brslb : 3.50
Perborate, 275 lb bbls lb		.24	Sulfocarbolate, USP, 100 lb			Sulfonethylmethane, USP,bxs5 lb lb : 4.50
Imp., 225 lb drs	.18		kegs	.36 :	,38	SULFUR, crude, bulk, c/l NYton : 19.00
Peroxide, 200 m cases m	.25	.27	Sulfocyanide, 400 D bbis D	.45 :	.47	Crude, f.o.b. mineston 14.00 : 15,00
Phosphate, di-sodium, tech 550 lb			Tungstate, crys 100 b kegs Ib	:	.55	Brimstone, 250 lb bgs, e/l 100 lb 1.75 : 1.95
bbls	.03 1/2	.03%				Less c/1 bags NY100 m 1.85 : 2.10
USP, gran. 275 bbls To	.07		Dessicated, kegs	:	.65	Roll, 500 m bbls e/1 NY.100 m : 2.15
Imp. gran lb	.051/2		olvent Naptha, see Naphtha.			Less c/l bags NY100 fb 2.20 : 2.45 Flour, Heavy, 290 fb bbls, 100 fb 2.50 : 3.05
USP, recrys 275 bbls Ib	.10		Spartein Sulfate, USP, 25oz bulk.oz	.60 :	.70	Light, 100%, 260 lb bbls, 100 lb 2.50 ; 3.05
Mono-sodium 100 h kegs Ib	.24		Single oz. vialoz.	:	.60	Rubbermakers 100%, 246 h
Tri-sodium tech. c/l, bblsTh	.041/4		Starch, rice, 140 h bags h	.09 :	.10	bbls, NY100 m 2.60 : 3.15
raciamate, room kegs		00				



ANI PUR (mattered)		_		les de de la		-		Vultur on all		_	
SULFUR—(continued)				Tin-(continued)				XYLENE, 2° dist range, mitration			
Commercial, 99%, 150 b bgs				Bichloride, 50% soln 100 m				tks. wks gal 110gal. drs. NY gal			1.00
NY	1.35	:	1.65	bbls. wks fb			.1234	5° dist, range, 8000gal tanks	• • •		1.00
For Dusting, 99%, 100 h	0.00		0.00	Crystals, 500 m bbls, wks m			.34 16	wksgal		2	
bgs NY100 lb	2.00	:	2.50	100 lb kegs, wkslb		:	.35	110gal drs. wksgal		:	
Flowers, 100%, 240 b bbls				Oxide, 400 lb bbls. wks lb			.48	Commercial, 110 gal drs., wks.gal		:	
NY100 lb	3.00		3.55					Tanks, wks gal		:	
Precipitated, 125 h bbls NY h	.14	:	.16	100 b kegs wksb		-	.50	Xylidine, 900 lb drs			.50
Lac, 125 m bbis NY	.07	:	.10	Tetrachloride, 1000 lb drs. wks. lb			.26	YARA YARA, 1 ID tins ID	2.00	:	2.50
Sulfur Chloride, red, 700 h drs				Tolidine, 350 h bbls	.95	:	1.00	Yohimbin Hydchlide, 1 oz. vialoz	5.00		5.50
wks	.05		.06	Sulfate, 350 m bbls		:	1.00	ZINC. METAL, high grade, slabs	0.00	•	0.00
150 lb cbys wks		:	.06	Toluene, 8000gal tank cars, wks.gal	.29		.30				
Yellow, 700 lb drs. wks lb	.05	:	.06					c/1 NY	6.35	:	9.00
150 lb cbys. wks		:	.06	110gal drs wksgal	.34	:	.35	Mossy, 25 lb bxs NY lb	0.35		6.40
Sulfur Dioxide, 100 m eyl m	.08	:	.08%	Toluidine, Mixed, 900 D drs. wks. Ib	.31	:	.32	Ammonium Chloride, powd., 400 lb		•	.10
Iodide, USP, VIII, 5 h bot. h		:	4.55					bbls	.075	6:	08
Sulfuric Ether, see Ether. Sulfuryl Chloride, 600 m drs m			70	Tribromphenol, 100 lb cases lb		\$	1.00	Carb. tech, 150 m kegs NY. Ib		:	.18
		:	.70	Trional, see Sulfonethylmethane.				USP, 100 m kegs		:	.30
TALC, Italian, 220 h bags NYton			0.00	Triphenyl Phosphate, 450 lb bbls. lb		:	.60	Chloride, fused, 600 lb drs wks. lb		*	.08
Refined, white, bagston			5.00	Tripoli, 500 m bbls100 m	2.50		3.00	Drs. c/1 wks		:	.053
French, 220 lb bgs. NYton			0.00	Tungsten NYW02 unit	8.25		8.50	Imp. drs NY	.06	:	.063
Refined, white, bagston		-	5.00					Imported, drs. NY Ib	.063		.07
Dom, crude, 100 h bags NY ton				UREA, pharm 112 lb cases lb		:	.40	USP, 25 lb jars lb			.25
Refined, 100 b bags NYton	20.00	: 3	0.00	VANILLIN, USP, 400oz cansoz	.41	:	.41%	Cyanide, 100 lb drs	.42		.43
Tartar Emetic, tech. 700 m bbls. m	.27		.27%	Cans, 80 ogs		:	.411/2	Dust, 100 lb tins wks lb	.091	4:	.10
USP, 300 m bbls	.343	1/2:	.35%	Cans, 16 02808			.421/4	500 lb bbls, kegs, lc/l wks. lb		:	.09
Terpin Hydrate, USP, 100 lb kegs lb	.70	:	.72					500 lb bbls, kegs, c/l wkslb	* * *	:	.08
Terpineol, CP 1000 b drums b	.50		.55	Vermilion, Amer. 100 lb kegs lb	000		.35	Iodide, 5 lb bottslb			5.20
Cans, 50 m	.55	:	.57	English, kegs			1.30	Nitrate, 25 B jars B	***		.35
Imported, cans, 25 lb	1.00		1.25	Veratrine Sulfate, loz vialoz		:	2.50	Oxide, Amer. 300 h bbls, wks h	.083		.09
Terpenyl Acetate, 25 D cans D	1.65		1.85	Hydrochloride, 10z vial oz			2.50	Bbls c/l wks	.103		.12
Terra Alba, No. 1, 300 b bbls100 b	1.85		1.90	Veronal, see Acid Diethylbarbituric				Bbl e/l wks	.10		.12
No. 2, bbls100 lb	1.25		1.35					Bags, c/l wks	.099		.10
Theobromine Alk., 5 D cans D			6.00	WHITE LEAD, see lead, white.				USP, 100 m bbls. c/1 m			.16
and Sod. Salicylate, 1 lb bot lb		:	4.00	White Precipitate, see mercury.				Ton lots, wks		:	.17
Thiocarbanilid, 170 m bbls m	.28	:	.30	Whiting, 200 lb bags, c/l wks,ton	14.00	:	16.00	Imported, white seal, bbls To		:	.139
Thymol. USP. 10 lb cans lb	3.25	: :	3.50	Bags, lc/l NYton			22.50	Green seal, bbls		:	.10
Iodide, 5 h boxesh			6.75	Gilders, bags, NYton			15.00	USP, 100 lb bbls	.15	:	.17
TIN. Metal Straits, NY 100 lb		: 4	0.62					Stearate, USP, 60 lb bblslb	***	:	.23
American standard, NY100 fb			0.25	French, bags, NYton			18.00	Sulfate, 400 lb bbls. wks lb	.033		.03
99% American, NY 100 lb			0.25	English, bags, NYton	* * *	:	23.00	Bbls c/l wks	.08		.035
C.P. mosey, 25 lb bas NY. lb		:		Witch Hazel Extract, 50gal bbls.gal	1.20	:	1.25	Sulfocarbolate, 100 lb kegs, lb	.35	:	.37
								- reserved to the Regards			

# **NITRATE POTASH**

DOUBLE REFINED CRYSTALS GRANULATED OR POWDERED



#### BATTELLE & RENWICK

80 Maiden Lane, New York, N. Y.



Pure Benzol **Pure Toluol** Benzol 90% Nitration Xylol Commercial Xylol Solvent Naphtha **Extraction Benzols Denaturing Benzols** Special Fractions of Coal Tar Light Oils

For shipment in tank cars or one hundred gallon drums.



40 Rector Street Rew York, N. Y.



#### Oils and Fertilizers

Oils		•	LINSEED, raw c/l bbls. spotgal Five bbls., rawgal	:		SOYA BEAN, crude this. Coast ib Crude, This. D.P., NY ib	.10%:	.10%
Caster, No. 1, 400 lb bbls lb	.141/2:	.15	Boiled, 5 bbl. lotsgal Double boiled 5 bbl. lotsgal.		1.17	Crude, bbls, NY	:	.13
80 lb cases	.15 1/2:	.16				Sperm, 38° c. t. blehd. bbls, NY.gal		.94
No. 3. bbls	.14 :	.141/2	Raw, lc/l bblsgal	:		45° cold test, blehd. bbls, NY.gal	***	
Blown, 400 lb bbls	:	.15%	June, c/l bblsgal	1.00	1.15	STEARIC ACID, s. p. 200 m bags. lb	.13 :	.131/
China Wood, bbls., spot NY ID	:	.27	July, Aug., Sept., c/l bblsgal	1.08 :		Double pressed, bags	.1314:	.13%
8000 gal. tks. NY	:	.26	Imported, bbls., NYgal	1.05 :	1.08	Double pressed, bgs, saponified. Bo Triple pressed, bgs, distilled. B	.1314:	.15
June-July, forward, China Ib	:	.24 1/2	Menhaden, crude, bbls, wksgal	:		Triple pressed, bgs, distined Ib	.141/2:	.15
Coast, tanks, July forward Ib	:	.23	Crude, tanks wks. Baltgal	.48 :	.50	Stearine, oleo, bbls	/2 .	.08%
Coconut Ceylon, 375 lb bbls, NY, lb	.10 :	.101/4	Light strained, tanksgal	:		Lard, bbls	:	.13
8000 gal. tanks, NY Ib	:	.08%	Light strained, bbls, NYgal	:	.86	Tallow, edible, tierces	:	.09%
Cochin, 375 fb bbls, NY fb	.10%:	.11	Yellow bleached, bbls, NYgal	:	.84	City extra, loose	:	.07%
Tanks, NY	.091/2:	.09%	Blown, bbls, NYgal	:	.92	Tallow Oil, acidless tks, NY Th	:	.09
Manila, tanks, P. Coast ID	:	.0814	Neatsfoot, 20° c.t. bbls, NY Ib	:	.1634	Bbls., c/l NY	:	.111/
Edible, bhls, NY	.11 :	.11%	30° cold test, bbls, NY Ib	.1514:	.1534	Walnut, reude bbls, NY Ib	- :	-
Cod Newfoundland, 50 gal, bbls.gal	.70 :	.72	Prime, bbls, NY	:	.141/4	Whale, nat. winter bbls, NY lb	.73 :	.75.
Tanks, NYgal	1		Oleo Oil, No. 1. bbls, NY To		.12	Blehd, winter bbls, NYgal	.76 :	.78
Copra, bags	:	.051/4	No. 2, bbls., NY	.11	.1136	Extra Blchd, bbls, NY Ib	.79 :	.81
Corn. ref. 375 lb bbls. NY lb	.1314:	.131/4	No. 3, bbls, NY	:	.0912	Crude, No. 1, tanks Coast To	:	
Crade, tanks mills	.09 %:	.10	OLIVE, denatured bbls, NYgal	1.17 :	1.20	Crude, No. 2, tanks Coast Ib	:	
Bbls. NY	:	.13	Edible, bbls., NYgal	1.80 :	2.20	Crude No. 3, tanks Coast Ib	:	
COTTONSEED, crude the mills Ib	:	.10	Foots, bbls, NY	.081/4:	.09			
P. S. Y. 100 bbl. lots NY 1b	:	.111/2	Shipment	.0072.	.09			
White, 100 bbl. lots NY Ib	:	.11%	Palm Lagos, 150 fb casks fb	.071/2:	.08	Fertilizer Mate	erials	3
Winter yellow, 100 bbls, NY To	:	.12	Niger casks	.07%:	.07%			
Degras, Amer. 50 gal. bbls. NY. Ib	.041/4:	.04 1/2	Bonny old Calabar, casks 10	.0178	.0174	Ammon. Sulf. bulk wks100 h	:	3.20
English, bbls, NY	.041/2:	.04%	Palm Kernel, 1500 lb casks NY lb	.09%:	.0936	Double bgs, f.a.s. NY100 lb	3.50 :	3.60
Neutral, bbls. NY	.09 :	14				Blood, dried f.o.b. NYunit	:	3.75
Greases, choice white, bbls, NY Ib	.08 %:	.09	Peanut, refined bbls, NY	.161/2:	.17	Bone, 3 & 50 ground steamedton	:	28.00
Yellow	• • • •	.06%	Crude, mills buyers' tks Ib Crude, bbls. NY Ib	10	107/	Raw, Chicagoton		30.00
Brown	• • • •	.061/6		.12 :	.121/2	Cyanamide wks.,unit	2.20 ;	2.25
House Ib	••• :	.06%	Perilla, bbls, NY	.1614:	.161/2	Fish Scrap, dried wksunit	:	4.00
Herring, Tanks, Coastgal	:		June, ship. bbls, NY	.15%:	.16	NITRATE SODA, NY100 D	:	2.45
Horse, 375 fb bbls, NY	:	.10	Poppyseed, bbls, NYgal	2.20 :	2.20	Phosphate Rock, f.o.b. mines,		
Lard, prime steam bbls	:	.124	Rapeseed, refined bbls, NYgal	.84 :	.85	Florida pebble, 68-78%ton	3.25 :	5.50
Compound, bbls	:	.131/2	Blown, bbls., NYgal	:	1.00	Tennessee, 70-75%ton	8.25 :	3.40
LARD OIL, Edible prime, bbls 1b	:	.141/2	Red Oil, distilled, bbls	.09%:	.10	Phosphate Acid, 16% Bulk wkston	:	9.00
Off prime, bbls	:	.12%	Saponified, bbls	.091/3:	.10	Potassium Muriate, 80%unit	*** :	.68
Extra bbls Ib	:	.12 1/2	Salmon, 8000 gal. tks. Coastgal			Sulfateunit	:	.93
Extra No 1, bbls	:	.12		107	1.10	Steamed Bone Meal, NYton	:	35.00
No. 1 bbls	:	.111/2	Sesame, domestic edible bblsgal Sod Oil, bbls. NYgal	1.05 :	1.10	Tankage, ground, NYunit High grade f.o.b. Chicagounit	:	3.50
No. 2 bbls					.45		:	



#### SULPHURIC ACID, C. P.

Spec. Grav. 1.84 9 lbs.

#### THE STANDARD OF PURITY

Acidity  $95\%H_2SO_4$ Fe .00002%"Nil" HC1 .0000025% "Nil" Nitrogen Nonvolatile .0006%

**GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY** BAKER AND ADAMSON WORKS EASTON. PENNSYLVANIA MADE IN U. S. A.

## Heyden Chemical Company of America, Inc.

80 Fifth Ave., New York

Manufacturers of

# Synthetic Phenol

U. S. P.

We Solicit Your Inquiries

Works: GARFIELD, N. J.

#### Tannins and Dyestuffs

# | Carteads & year | Name | Nam

	W	oods
--	---	------

Barwood, chips	.041/4:	.05
Camwood, chips	.09 :	.13
Divi Divi, pods 100-200 lb bags.ton Fustic, sticks	30.00 :	35.00
Hypernic, chips		
LOGWOOD, stickston Chips 150 lb bagslb Mangrore bark, Africanton Bark, South Americanton	.021/2:	33.00

Myrobalans, 150 lb bags J1ton		:	33.00	
B1ton		:	35.00	
J2ton Nutgalls, see Crude Drugs.		:	27.00	
Oak bark, wholeton	20.00	:	23.00	
Groundton		:	25.00	
Quercitron bark, roughton		:	10.00	
Groundtop	20.00	:	25.00	
dumac, Sicily, 160 b bags ton	76.00	:	80.00	
		:	35.00	
Valonia Cups. 28-33% tanton	34.00	:	36.00	
Beard, 40% tan, 150 m bgs.ton		:	56.00	
Wattle bark, 150 lb bagston			35.00	

#### Extracts

Range of prices includes quality range for large quantity.		
Annatto, fine	.26 :	.29
Archil, double 600 m bbls m	.16 :	.18
Triple, 600 m bbls	.17 :	.19
Conc., 600 m bbls	.18 :	.20
Chestnut, clarified, 25% tks. wks.ton	.03 :	.03 1/4
Bbls., wks	.0314:	.04
Powd., 60% 100 lb bls. wks. lb	.06 :	
Decolorized, bbls. wks To	.09 :	.0934
Cudbear, English	.21 :	.23
Cutch, Rangoon, 100 h bales h	.13 :	.16
Borneo, solid, 100 m bales m	.04%:	.051/4
Liquid, 450 m bbls	.10 :	.11
Tablets, 120 lb boxes	.13 :	.14
Flavine	.90 :	.95
Fustic, solid 50 m boxes m	.14 :	.18
Crystals, 100 lb boxes lb	.22 :	.24
Liquid, 51°, 600 D bbls D	.10 :	
Gal extract	.16 :	.18
Gambier, 25% liq. 450 h bbls h	.0814:	.0914
Common, 200 lb cases lb	.10%:	.11
Singapore cubes, 150 lb bags lb	:	
HEMATINE, Paste, 500 lb bbls lb		.131/
Crystals, 400 lb bbls	.16 :	
Hemlock, 25% 600 m bbls. wks. m		.031/
Hypernic, 51°, 600 b bbls b	.15 :	
Indigo, Madras bbls	.85 :	.90
Manila, bbls	:	1.30

Larch, 25%, 600 b bhls., wks Ib	.031/4:	.03%
Powd. 100 lb bags, wkslb	.0714:	.08
Logwood, 51°, 450 m bbls m	.0736:	.13%
Solid, 50 lb boxes	.15 :	.21
Madder, Dutch D.	.28 :	.30
Mangrove, 55% 400 m bbls m	.05%:	.05%
Mangrove, 55% 400 m bblsm Myrobalans, 25% liquid bblsm	.04 :	.05
50% solid, 50 lb boxes lb	.04 36:	.05
Oak, tanks wks	.04 :	.0436
23-25% liq. 600 h bbls. wks. lb	.05 :	.05%
Osage Orange, 50° liquid Ib	.07 :	.08
Powd. 100 hs bags	.15 :	.16
Persian Berries	.97 :	.30
QUEBRACHO, 35% liquid tks To	.0314:	.04
- 450 m bbls		.0434
35% bleaching, 450 m bbls m	.04%:	.05%
Solid 65% 100 m bales m	.05 :	.05%
Clarified bales	:	.06
Quercitron, 51° 450 m bbls m	.06%:	.0736
Powdered, 100 lb boxes lb	.00	.13
Spruce, 25% liquid tanks wks. Ib	.01	.0134
Spruce, 25% liquid tanks was in	.02 :	.0214
Powd. 50% 100 lb bags wks. lb Sumae, liquid 450 lb bbls lb	.07	.00
Samet, tidma 450 m ppm	.01 .	.00
Albumen technical agg 200 h os h		
	1.10 :	1.13
Blood, domestic, 100 b drs To	.45 :	.55
Spray Yolk 150 m es	.45 :	.65
	:	4.24
Bags, 1c/1	:	4.34
Dextrin, corn 140 lb bags c/1.100 lb	:	3.79
Bags, le/1100 fb	:	3.89
Yellow, bags c/l100 lb	:	3.84
Potato 140 lb bags c/1 lb	:	.07
Bags, 1e/1	.07%:	.08%
Tapioca, 200 m bags, le/1 m	:	.0936
Prussian blue	.60 :	.62
Sago Flour, 150 h bags h	.04 1/2 :	.05
STARCH, powd. 140 m bgs.c/1100 m		3.22
Bags le/l100 lb	:	3.32
Pearl, 140 lb bags c/l100 lb	:	3.12
Potato, domestie, 200 lb bags. lb	.04 1/6 :	.05
Imported, bags duty paid To	05 .	.0514
	.06 :	.06%
Tapioca Flour, high grade bags Ib Medium grade, bags Ib	05 .	051/
	.05 :	.04%
Low grade, bags	.04 1/4 :	.09%
Turkey Red Oil, bbls	.44 .	
Yolk Oil, bbls	:	.35

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Crude Dru	gs	BALSAMS Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cslb	.23	: .25	Cannabis, USP. bales	1.05	2.00 1.10
Accroides Gum, yel,	10 . 00	South American, 80 to cs to	.28	: .29	Powd., boxes	1.25 :	1.35
	.18 : .20		13.00	: 14.00	Cantharides, Russian, cases Ib	1.75 :	
ACONITE Leaves, bales To	.16 : .17	Oregon, bbls., cansgal	3.40	: 3.50	Powdered, boxes	1.90 :	
Aconite Root, USP, bags	.38 : .40	Peru, 120 b casesb	1.75	: 1.80	Caraway Seed, African, bags lb	.25 :	.26
Agar Agar, 1, 200 b bales h	: 1.50	Tolu, 90 lb cases	1.15	: 1.25	Dutch, 110 lb bags	.25 :	.26
No. 2, bales		Barberry Bark, tree bales Ib	.22	24	Cardamom bleached cases	1.40 :	1.75
No. 3, balestb	: 1.30	Bayberry Bark, bales	.11	.14	Decorticated, cases	1.10 :	1.15
Agaric, white, cases	*** * ***	Wax, bbls	.32	: .85			
Almonds, bitter bags bxs Ib	.32 : .35	Belladonna Leaves, bales	.17	: .1716	Carnauba Wax, Flor. bags ib	.52 :	.53
Sweet, bags	.45 : .46	Root, bags	.12	: .13	No. 1 N Country bags lb	.42 :	.45
Meal, tins, boxes	.28 : .30	Bees Wax, white bbls	.36	: .37	No. 2 N Country bags Ib	.24 :	
Aletris Root, bags	.55 : .57	Yellow, refined bbls	.23	: .26	No. 3 Fatty Gray, bags	.1936	: .20
Alkanet Root, bags	.08 : .10	Crude, bags	.20	: .22		.19%:	.20
Aloes, Barbadoes, 120 b bbls b	.65 : .70	Benzoin Gum, Siam, boxes Ib	1.15	: 1.20	Cascara Amarga, 150 m bales m	.30 :	.32
Cape, 400 % cases	.09 : .10	Sumatra, 80 lb boxes	.30	: .32	Cascara Sagrada, bales	.14 :	.15
Curacao, 100 m cases	.08 : .081/2	Berberis Aquifolium Boot, bags ID	.16	: .17	Cascarilla Bark, quills bales Ib	.30 :	.35
Socotrine, whole 100 m cs m	.30 : .32	Beth Root, bags	.22	: .25	Siftings, bbls ID	.20 :	.25
Althea Root, cut cases	.20 : .22	Blackhaw Bark, root, bales Ib	.40	: .42	Cassia Buds, 66 lb caseslb	.14 :	.15
Whole bags	.09 : .10	Tree, bales	.24	: .25	China, select, mats cases Ib Saigon, assort, bales Ib	.07 :	.071/2
Ambergris, black boxes	: 8.00	Blood Root, bags	.13	: .15	Cassia Fistula, baskets	.24 :	.27
Grey, boxes	: 28.00	Blueflag Root, bags	.23	: .25	Castor Beans, bags	.03	.0314
Ammoniac, tears, bags	1.35 : 1.40	Boldo Leaves, bales	.20	: .21	Castoreum, 1 lb bot	4.00 :	4.50
Angelica Root, dom, bags	.14 : .15	Boneset Herb, bales	.68	: .10	Catechu Gum, bags	.09	.10
Angostura Bark, bags	.08 : .10	Borage Flowers, bales	.10	: .11	Catnip Herb, bales	.12	.15
Anise, Levant bags	.17 : .17%	Bryonia Root, bags	.10	11	Celery Seed, 220 lb bags lb	.211/6	
Star, cases	.14 : .15	BUCHU LEAVES, short, 250 B			Ceresin Wax, white bags D	.08%:	
Spanish, bags	.261/2: .271/2	bales	.95	: 1.00	Yellow, 200 m bags	.0734:	
Annatto Seed, bags	.111/2: .12	less, bales	1.05	: 1.10	CHAMOMILE FLOWERS, Boman		
ARABIC GUM,	73	Long, bales	.07	08	bales		1.75
White, No. 1, 200 m bags m	.26 : .28		.20	: .22	Hung. cases bales	.14	.14%
Seconds, 250 lb bags	.24 : .26	Burdock Root, bags	.20		Charcoal Willow, powd. bbls Ib	.06 :	.0634
Sorts, amber, 200 to bags, bls. to	.14%: .15	Gross for pet		: .05	Wood, powd, bbls	.04	
Powd., USP, 300 lb bbls lb	.22 : .23	Calabar Beans, bags	.13	.14	Chestnut Bark, bags	.07	.08
Areca Nuts. 150 m bags	: .09	Calamus Root, bleached cases Ib	.42	: .47	Herb, bales	.08	.063
Powd., 200 D bbls D	: .12	Unbleached, bags	.07	: .08	Chicle Gum, bags	.75	1.00
Arnica Flowers, bales	.08 : .08%	Calendula Petals, imp. bales Ib		: .30	Chiretta, bales ID	.10	.12
	.20 : .22	Calisaya Bark, bales	.19	: .22	Cinchona Bark, red quills bales. To	.55	.60
Root, bags		Camphor, see Chemicals			Broken, bales	.24	.26
Arrowroot, Amer. powd. bbls Ib	.061/2: .091/4	Canary Seed, Morocco bags ID	.06	: .0614	Cinnamon, Ceylon, bales, bond Ib	.20	.22
St. Vincent, powd. bbls B	.14 : .15	South American, bags Ib	.05%		Civet, Abyssin hornsos	2.75	3.75
Asafoetida, USP, 250 m casesm	.25 : .28	Candelila Wax, bags	.24	: .27	Clover Tops, bags	.14	.15
Powd. 50 lb bas	.50 : .53	Canella Alba Bark, bales ID	.51	: .53	Cloves, Zanzibar, 135 lb bales lb	.28	.281/4
BALM GILEAD BUDS, bags D	.40 : .45	Cannabis, true imp. bags		: 4.25	Amboynas, bales	***	
Balmony Herb, bales	: .14	American (no assay) bales ID	.90	: 1.00	Penang, bales	***	

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:	.37 .45 .09 1/2 .19	Dogwood Bark, Jamaica bags D Flowers, bales D Doggrass Root, USP, cut bags D Dragons Blood, mass cases D ECHINACEA ROOT, bags D	.12 : .55 :	.13 .15 .15 .60	Grindelia Robusta Herb, bales Ib Guaiac Gum, 80 lb cases lb Guarana, tins, cases lb GUM, see Arabic Gum, etc. HELLEBORE ROOT.	.09 .35 .60	3	10 37 75
:	.45 .091/2 .19	Doggrass Root, USP, cut bagsib Dragons Blood, mass casesib Reeds, boxes	.12 : .55 :	.15	Guarana, tins, cases			
:	.09 1/2 .19	Dragons Blood, mass cases 10 Reeds, boxes	.55 :	.60	GUM. see Arabic Gum, etc.	.00		
:	.19	Reeds, boxes						
:	.09		1.40 : 1	1 45				
:		ECHINACEA ROOT, harm To				.08	. 4	10
:			.33 ;	.34	Black, bbls			15
		Elecampane Root, bags lb		.09	White, Powd. 250 lb bblslb	.15%		16
	.04	Elder Flowers, bales		.20	Helonias Root, (unicorn false)	,1079		10
		Elemi Gum, 89 lb cases lb	.10 :	.11			6	65
		Elm. select. 576 bundles cases To	.25 :	.26	Hemn Seed, Manchurian hags Th			04
-			.10 :	.12			: .	
		Powdered, bbls	.18 :	.19		.35	: .4	40
		ERGOT. 150-200 m bags th	.52 :	.55	No assay	.30		35
:	.15							17
:	.16							19
								10%
	18							20
								11
								18
								10
	-							
		Ground, 180 b bbls	.071/2:	.08	Closed whole hales Th			
		Foenugreek Seed, 200 lb bags lb	.07 :	.08				68
		Fish Berries, 100-125 b bags D	.0336:	.04				
3						.42	: .4	43
:					Ipecac Root, Cartagena, bags Ib	1.70	: 1.7	75
2	.85				Powdered, 200 lb bbls. boxes. lb	1.90	2.0	
:	.32	Gambier Gum, bags			Rio Whole, bags		: 1.8	
		Galhanum Gum, cans						
								70
								35
								42
								18
:								09
	.09					.03		0314
:	. 4					1.90		.00
	13							20
	.16							18
:	.10	Golden Seal Root, bags			Kino Gum, black cases D.	.50		55
	.08	Powdered, boxes	3.80 : 3		Kola Nuts, 150 h bags	.04 1/4		05
16:	10	Grains of Paradise, bags	.12 :	.14	Kousso Flowers, bags	2.25	: 2.6	50
	**************************************		Strong   S	Section   Sect	22	1.0	1.5	Second Color   Seco

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LADY SLIPPER ROOT, bags Ib	.50 :	.52	Musk, pods Cabardine, tinsoz		Patchouli Leaves, bales 1b	.22 :	.25
Larkspur Seed, bags	.31 :	.35	Tonquin08		Pepper, black Sing, bags To	.10 :	.101/
Laurel Leaves, bales	.05 :	.051/4	Grain Caboz		White, bags	.131/2:	.14
Lavender Flowers, Ordinary Ib	.20 :	.25	Tonquinoz	35.00 : 38.00	Peppers, red Mombasa bags Ib	.26 :	.27
Selected	.30 :	.33	Synthetic, see Chemicals		Cherries, bags	.1614:	.17
			Musk Root, Russian bags	:	Bombay, bags	.15 :	.15%
Leeches, tubsPer 100	7.00 :	7.50	Mustard Seed, Barl brown bags Ib	.081/2: .09	Japan, bags	.08	.12
Lemon Peel, bags	.09 ;	.10	Bombay, brown	.07 : .08	Peppermint Leaves, imp. bales 10	.00	.35
Licorice Root, Russian whole ib	.08 :	.09	California, brown	.09 : .09%	Domestic leaf	.27 :	.29
Spanish, natural bales Ib	.09 :	.091/4	Yellow	.04 : .0434	Peru Balsam, see Balsams		
Powdered, bbls	.10 :	.11	Chinese, yellow Ib English, yellow Ib	.08%: .09	Pichi Leaves, bags	.23 :	.25
Selected, 2 & 5 lb bundles lb	.17 :	.20		.09 : .09 1/2	Pimento, select bags	.0414:	.04%
Cuttings, 125 lb bags lb	.071/4:	.08	Dutch, yellow	.08%: .09	Pink Root, true bags	:	1.20
ife Everlasting Herbs, bales Ib	.05 :	.06	Myrrh Gum, select 200 lb cslb	.38 : .40	Pitch, Burgundy, see Burgundy Pitch		
ime Juice, clarified bblsgal	.50 :	.60	Sorts, cases	.36 : .38 -	Pleurisy Root, bags	:	.32
inden Flowers, with leaves, bales to	.17 :	.18			Plantain Leaves, bales D	:	.18
Without Leaves, bales Ib	.35 :	.36	NUTGALLS, Chinese bags D	.15 : .16 14 : .15	Poke Berries, bags	:	.15
iverwort Leaves, bales	.20 :	.22	Aleppy, bags	14 : .15 .24 : .25	Poke Root, bags	:	.073/
obelia Herb, bales	.20 :	.21	Nutmegs, 110s cases	.26 : .27	Pomegranate Bark, of root bags. To	:	.30
obelia Seed, bags	55 :	.60	Nux Vomica Buttons, bags Ib	.06 : .061/2	Of Fruit, bags	:	.30
ovage Root, Imported, bags Ib	:	.25	Powdered, 200 lb bblslb	.10 : .101/2	Of tree	:	.30
apulin, boxes	1.40 :	1.50			Poppy Flowers, red bags	.25 :	.27
Domestic	1.30 :	1.40	OAK BARK, red bags	.05 : .06	Poppy Seed, Dutch, bags	.11 :	.12
ycopodium, 88 h cs	.45 :	.47	White, bags	.10 : .11	German, bags	.11%:	.12
ACE, Siauw, No. 1 cases ID	.44 :	.45	Tears. 280 lb cases	.13 : .14	Turkish, bags	.06 :	.08
Banda. No. 1 cases	.50 :	.52	No. 1, all white, 280 lb		Blue Indian, bags	.08 ;	.0834
Batavia, cases	.38 :	.39	cases	.21 : .22	White Indian, bags	.07 :	.0734
			Opium, gum USP cases lb	: 8.00	Prickly Ash Bark Southern, bags Ib	.14	.14%
falva Flowers, blue bales ID	.27 :	.30	Granular, cans	: 9.00	Prickly Ash Berries, bags	.11	.13
Black, bales	.65 :	.75	Powdered, USP cans	: 9.00	Prince's Pine, bales	.14 :	.15
fanna, large flake cases To	.56 :	.58	Orange Flowers, cases	: 1.00	Pulsatilla Herb, bags	.25 :	.27
Small flake, cases	.28 :	.30	Orange Peel, bitter bags Ib	.071/2: .07%	Pumpkin Seed, bags	.14	.16
Sorts, cases	.27 :	.30	Sweet, bags	.071/2: .08	QUASSIA CHIPS, bags	.071/4:	.08
dandrake Root, bags	.16 :	.18	Orris Root Florentine bold bags Ib	.07 : .08	Queen of the Meadow Herb, bags. Ib		.06
fastic Gum, 120 lb cases lb	.44 :	.48	Verona, bags	.05 : .06	Quince Seed, bags	1.05 :	1.15
dezereon Bark, bags	.11 :	.12	Powdered, 200 D bbls D	.08 : .09	RAPE SEED, South Amer. bags Ib	.07 :	.0734
datico Leaves, bales	.20 :	.22	Fingers, cases B	.65 : .70	Dutch, bags	.08	.0834
darjoram Leaves, German bales ID	.17 :	.15%	Ozokerite Wax brown hard bags. Ib	.22 : .24	Japanese, small, bags	.06%:	.061
French, bales	.15 :	.05	Green, hard bags	.25 : .26	Raspberries, dried boxes	.35 :	.40
Montan, Wax, crude bags	.03%:	.0434	Refined, yellow bags	:	Red Saunders	.17 :	,19
Bleached	.01	.0175	PAPRIKA, bags ID	.17 : .24	Rhatany Root, bags	:	.10
doss, Iceland bales	.08 :	.09	Hungarian	.27 : .37	RHUBARB, H. D. cases ID	.43 :	.45
Irish, bleached bales Ib	.09 :	.10	Pareira Brava Root, bags ID	.19 : .20	Powdered, 200 m bbls m	.48 :	.50
Mullein Flowers, tins	:	1.25	Parsley Seed, bags	.08 : .081/2	Rosemary Leaves, bales 10	.04 1/4:	.05
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				~		
Rosemary Flowers, cases balesIb Bose Petals, paleIb	.28 : .30 .22 : .25	Snake Root, Canada natural bags. Ib Stdipped, bags Ib	.32 :	.33	Tragacanth Gum, No. 1, ribbon,	
Red	: .60	SOAP BARK, whole, 150-200 D	:	.55	No. 2 to No. 6, cases	1.52 : 1.55 1.00 : 1.50
Rue Herb, bales	.30 : .35	bales	.07%:	.08	Powdered, 50 lb boxes	1.00 : 1.50
SABADILLA SEED, bags	.12 : .123	Cut, 125-175 b bags b	.081/2:	.09	Turkish, cases	.75 : .90
Powder, bbls	.16 : .17	Crushed, 200 m bbls	.091/3:	.10	Turmeric Root, Madras bags Ib Aleppy, bags Ib	.0914: .0914
Saffron Flowers, Amer. bales Ib Valencia, 1 lb cans lb	1.15 : 1.25 41.00 : 42.00	Spearmint Leaves, American bales. Ib	.23 :	.24	China, bags	.07 : .07%
Sage, Dalmatian bales	.05%: .06%	Spermaceti, blocks cakes cases ID	.36 :	.37	Turpentine, Venice, true 80 D cs. D Artificial, 80 D cases	.20 : .22 .14 : .15
Greek, bales	.03 %: .04	Spikenard Root, bags	.15 :	.16	Spirits, see Naval Stores	.14 ; .10
Sandalwood, chips bags	: .30	Spruce Gum, boxes	1.00 :	1.50	UNICORN ROOT, false, see Helonias	
Ground, bags	: .35	Squaw Vine, bales	••• :	.17	True, see Aletris Uva Ursi Leaves, bales	.0514: .0614
Sandarae Gum, 300 lb bbls lb	.23 : .25	Stavesacre Seed, bags	:	.04	VALERIAN ROOT, Belgian bags To	.111/4: .12
Sarsaparilla, Honduras, bales Ib	.61 : .65	Squill Root, white bags	.28 :	.29	Vanilla Beans Mex. whole cases. Ib	8.50 : 11.00
Mexican, bales	.33 : .36	Stone Root, bag	.04%:	.041/2	Cuts, cases	6.00 : 6.50
Sassafras Bark, ordinary bales D	.12 : .14	Storax, liquid artif	.09 ;	.10	Bourbon, cases	4.50 : 4.75 6.00 : 6.50
Select, bales	.09%: .10	Gen. USP	.90 :	1.00	Tahiti, yellow label cases Ib	:
Saw Palmetto Berries, bags D	.12 : .13	St. Ignatius Beans, bags 10	.22 :	.23	Green Label, cases	:
Scammony Resin, boxes	1.15 : 1.25	St. John's Bread, bags	.04 :	.06	Violet Flowers, bags	.65 : .70
Seammony Root, bags	.061/2: .07	Stramonium Leaves, bales Ib	.07 :	.07%	WAHOO BARK, of root bagsIb Of Tree, bags	.90 : .95 .43 : .45
Senega Root, bags	.64 : .65	Stramonium Seed, bags	.12 :	.13	White Pine Bark, rossed, bags ID	.061/4: .071/4
BENNA, Alex. 150 lb cases lb Half Leaf, 350 lb bales lb	.17 : .20	Strophanthus Seed, Hispidus D	:		White Poplar Bark, bags Ib	.04 : .05
Siftings, 400 lb bales lb	.11 : .12	Kombe, bags D	.30 :	.35	Wild Cherry Bark, thin green	
Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.13 : .13	Sunflower Seed, domestic bags ID	.07 :	.0734	Rossed, bales ID Thick Rossed, bales ID	.10 : .12
Tirnevelly, job, 350 h bales. h Grinding, 350 h bales h	.11 : .18	South American, bap D	.06%:	.07	Thin Natural, bales	.101/2: .12
Powdered. 200 lb bbls lb	.08 : .081/4	TAGALDER BARK, bags To	:	.05	Thick Natural, bales	.07 : .08
Pods, 350 m bales	.06 : .061/2	Tamarinds, bbls	:	.071/2	Willow, bark bags	: .06
Serpentaria Root, bags	.80 : .85	Kegsper keg		3.50	White, bags	: .15
shellac, T.N., bags	.62 : .64	Tansy Herb, bales	1.60 :	.15	Witch Hazel Bark, bags D Witch Hazel Leaves, bales D	: .06
Superfine Orange, bags ID	.66 : .79	Thus Gum, 280 D bbls	1.00	1.75	Worm Seed, American bags ID	.10 : .11
V. S. O., cases	: .89	Thyme, Spanish bales	:	.08	Levant bags	3.50 : 3.75
Pwd. reg., 350 lb bbls lb	.75 : .77	French, bales D	:	.11	Wormwood Herb, imported bales Ib	: .10
Regular Bleached, 350 m bbls m	: .79	Tillia .See Linden			Yacca Gum, red	.04 : .04 1/4
Bone, Dry, 350 m bbls m	: .72	Tolu Balsam, see Balsams			Ground Ib	.05%: .06%
Simaruba Bark, bales	.09 : .10	Tonga Bark, bags	2.00 :	.31	YELLOW DOCK ROOT, bags ID	.18 : .18 .16 : .17
Skullcap Leaves, bales In	: .38	Para, cases	.80 :	.85	Yerba Santa, bags	.11 : .12
Bloe Berries, bags	.03 : .04	Surinam, cases	.85 :	.95	Zedoary Root, bags	.08 : .10

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#### Essential Oils

Essential C	ils 🖫	Coriander, USP, 170 bot	.35 : .40 19.00 : 20.00	Pimento, 25 lb tins	1.85		1.95 1.75
		Croton, USP 25 lb tins lb	1.00 : 1.10	Pumilio, USP 25 D tins D			2.75
lmond, Bitter USP 510 bots 10		Cubebs, USP, 5 m bot	6.00 : 6.25	Rose, Fr., 8, 16 & 32 on pkge, on		: 5	9.00
Bitter ff PA 5 lb bots lb	3.75 : 4.00	Cumin, 1 lb bot	15.00 : 20.00	Bulg., 8, 16 & 32 os pkgsos			6.00
Artificial (See Benzaldehyde—C	hemicals)	Dill, 1 lb bot	4.75 : 5.00	Artificial, 1 D bot	2,00		3.00
Sweet, 56 lb cans	.34 : .36	Erigeron, 20 lb tins	.90 : 1.00				
Peach Kernel, 55 lb tins lb	.25 : .27	EUCALYPTUS, Austl. USP		Rosemary, USP, 271/2 Ib tims Ib		:	.48
Apricot, see Peach Kernel		56 lb cs	.471/2: .50	1000 lb drums	***		.427
nber, crude 25 lb tinslb	.70 : .80	500 m drums	: .451/4	Tech., 2714 D tins	.40		.45
Rectified, 25 lb tinslb	.90 : 1.00	Fennel USP, 25 D tins D	1.10 : 1.20	Rue, 1 lb bot			4.25 7.90
		Geranium, Algerian, 25 lb tins lb	8.00 : 8.50	Sandalwood, E. Ind. USP, 76 lb cases lb	7.75		
gelica Root, 11b bot	38.00 : 39.00	Bourbon, 25 lb tins	6.50 : 7.00	.W. Indian, (Amyris) 25 h tins. h	3.75		8.90
Seed, 11b botb		Turkish, 28 h tinsh	4.75 : 5.00	Sassafras, USP, 50 lb cans lb	1.00		1.19
ISE, Tech., 66 m case m	45 : .50	Ginger, 1 To bot	5.75 : 6.00	Artificial, 63 lb cans, 1000 lb drs. lb		:	.45
USP 50 lb tinslb	.521/4: .55	Gingergrass, 28 lb tins	2.75 : 3.00	Savin, 5 lb tins	3.25	: 3	3.50
r, 25 m tins	2.50 : 2.60	Hemlock, 50 m cans	: 1.40	Spearmint, USP, 60 h cases lb	2.50	: 2	2.60
rgamot, 25 lb coppers lb	2.60 : 2.70	Juniper Berries, USP, 25 to tins To	1.25 : 1.35	Spruce, 50 m tins		: 1	1.40
Artificial, 25 lb canslb		Wood, 50 lb tins	.60 : .70	Tansy Amer., 20 lb tins	7.00	: 7	7.25
rch Tar, rect. 5 lb botlb	2.00 : 2.25	Lavender, USP, 28 h tins h	2.75 : 3.50	Tar. 50 gal. bblsgal	.24	:	.25
Crude, 50 m tins	1.10 : 1.15	Spike, Spamish 50 lb cans lb	.70 : .80	Refined, USP 25 m tins m		:	
te de Pose OF Th. Al-	.60 : .65	LEMON, Ital. USP, 25 to time To	.77%: .90	Thyme, red, USP 25 h tins h	1.00	: 1	1.10
is de Rose, 25 lb tins lb	2.50 : 2.65	American, USP, 25 lb tins lb	.75 : .80	White, USP 25 lb tins lb	1.10	: 1	1.15
de, USP, 25 h tinsh	.35 : .40	Lemongrass, native, 50 D cansD	.80 : .85	Crude, 110 lb drums lb	.85		.90
USP, 5 lb bot	.45 : .50	Limes, express 25 lb tinslb	1.70 : 1.80	Vetivert, Bourbon 1 h bot h	5.50		5.00
juput, native, 50 lb tins lb	.80 : .85	Distilled, 25 lb tins	.80 : .90	Java, 1 m botm		: 24	
lamus, 5 m bot	4.25 : 4.75			Wine, heavy 1 m bot			2.75
mphor, heavy, 1000 lb drums lb	.11%: .12	Linaloe, Mex. 80 m cases m		WINTERGREEN,			
Japanese, white, 72 m cases m	.13%: .15	Mace, distilled, 50 lb tins lb	: .90	Sweet bch, 25 lb tins	2.00	. 3	3.00
White, 1000 m drums m	.13 : .15	Mirbane, ref., see Ar. Chemicals		Gaultheria, true 25 D tinsD	4.00		7.00
nanga, Native 25 lb tins lb	2.25 : 2.50	Mustard, USP, 1 m bot	: 17.00	Synthetic, USP, 50 fb cases fb	.57		.62
Rectified, 25 h tinsh	2.50 : 2.75	Artif., USP, 510 bot1b	2.55 : 2.65	Wormseed Balt., USP, 25 fb tins. fb	7.00		.50
raway, USP	7.25 : 7.50	Neroli, Bigarade, 1/2 and 1 m bot. m		Wormwood, dom., 25 lb tinslb	6,50		3.75
rdamom, USP, 11b bot 1b	20.00 : 22.00	Petale, 1 lb botlb			0.00	. 0	, 10
rvol, 5 lb bot	12.00 : 13.00		10.00 : 25.00	Ylang Ylang, Bourbon 10 lb. tins	7.00	. 0	00.0
SSIA, 75-80 p.c. 66 lb cases. Ib	2.20 : 2.35	Nutmeg, USP, 25 h tinsh	: .90	No. 1	5.00		.00
Redistilled, USP, 50 lb cans lb	3.00 ; 3.10	Orange, bitter, 25 lb tins lb	2.60 : 2.75	No. 2			
dar Leaf, 50 lb tins	1.10 : 1.20	Sweet, W. Ind. 25 b tins b	2.70 : 2.80	Manila, 1 m bot			
lar Wood, light 1000 lb drums, lb	.26 : .28	Italian, 25 m cop	3.35 : 3.75	Artificial, 110 bet	10.00	: 12.	1.00
ery, 1 m bot	8.50 : 9.00	American, 25 lb tins lb	2.80 : 2.85	OLEORESIN	TO		
nnamon, Ceylon 1 h bot h	11.00 : 12.50	Origanum, 50 D cans Ib	.30 : .35			-	
Leaf, 51b bot	: 2.00	Parsley, 1 D bot	3.50 : 4.00	Aspidium, USP 11b bot	2.75		3.00
TRONELLA, Ceylon, 1000 D drs. D		Patchouli, 5 lb bot	8.00 : 8.50	Capsicum, USP, 5 lb bot	2.50		1.75
	.70 : .71	Pennyroyal, dom 25 lb tins lb	1.95 ; 2.25	Cubeb, USP, 1 th bot Ib	4.75	: 5.	6.00
50 lb tins	.72 : .74	Imported, 25 lb tinslb	1.75 : 1.90	Ginger, 5th bot	3.00	: 3.	.10
Java, 400 lb drumslb	: .85	PEPPERMINT, nat, 60 m cases Th	2.65 : 2.80	Malefern, See Aspidium			
50 lb tinslb	: .871/	Redist., USP, 60 lb cases lb	2.90 : 3.05	Orris, 1 D bot		: 18.	.00
oves, USP, 50 lb cans lb	1.95 : 2.00		1.55 : 1.65	Pepper, black, USP, 11b bot 1b	3.50	: 4.	.00
				Vanilla, 1 m bot		: 9.	

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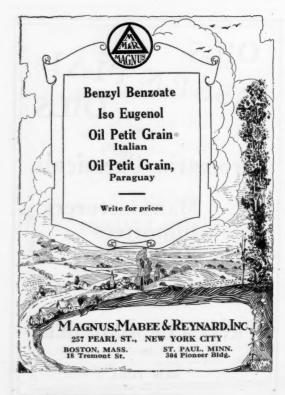
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#### Aromatic Chemicals

HATURAL DERIVATIV	VES			Cinnamic Aldehyde, 1 h bot h 3.20 : 3	.50
methol, 21b bot	1.60		2.00	CITRONELLOL, 1 m bot m 8.00 : 14	.00
Borneol, 1 m bot		:	3.50	COUMARIN, 25 m cams m 4.50 : 4	.75
Stronellal, 1 m bot		:	2.25		.75
SITRAL, 25 D cans D	2.75				.90
				Ethyl Acetate, pure, 5 m bet m .45 :	.50
UCALYPTOL, USP, 25 D cans D	.80	:	.85		.00
Sugenol, USP, 25 m cans m	2,85	:	3.25		.25
keraniol, Domestic, 50 lb cans lb	3.00	:	3.50		.00
Imported, 5 D bot	3.00	:	3.50		.75
so-Eugenol, 1 to bot	4,50		5.00	Formic Ether. See Ethyl Formate	, , 0
Imported	6.50	:	7.00		.75
inalcol, 5 m bot m	7.00		7.25	Heliotropin, dom., 10 h bot h 2.00 : 2	.25
					.75
Less cases, 5 lb cases	0.05	:	8.50		.00
	9.25	:		Ionone, 1	
thodinol, 1 m bot m		:	20.00	Alpha	
AFROL, 60 D cans	.55		.57	Methyl	
hymol, USP, 10 D cans D	3.25	:	3.50	Linalyl Acetate, 1 D bot D 7.00 : 10	
SYNTHETIC AROMAT	ICS			Linalyl Benzoate, 1 m bot m 13.00 : 14	
cetaldehyde, 50 % sol pure, 5 h bot. h	1.75		2.00	METHYL ANTHRANILATE dom.,	
cetophenone CP, 1 D bot Ib	4.00		4.25		.00
myl Acetate, pure, 5 gal cans.gal	6.00	:	7.00		.00
myl Butyrate, all bot ID	2.00		2.10		.00
myl Formate, 1 lb bot lb	1.75	:		METHYL SALICYLATE, USP 500 D	.00
MYL SALICYLATE, 100 D cbys. D	1.45	:	1.60		.60
nisic Aldehyde, 1 b bot b	3.40	:	4.00		.62
FPC, 40 m cbys	1.50	:	1.60		.55
lensoic Ether, See Ethyl Benzoate	1.75	:	1.85		.14
enzyl Acetate, 100 lb cbys lb	1.25	:	1.40	Musk Ambrette, 1 D cans D 14.50 : 16	
sensyl Alcohol, 5 m bot	1.50		1.75	Musk Ketone, 1 h cans h 13.00 : 14.  Musk Kylene, 5 h cans h 2.90 : 3	.15
ENZYL BENZOATE, 5 D bot To	1.60	:	1.75		.00
Medicinal FFC	1.75		2.00	Phenylacetaldehyde, Dom.,	
enzyl Formate, 1th bot Ib	2.50	:		1 m bot m 9.00 : 11	.00
tromstyrol, 25 lb kegs	4.00	:	4.25	Imported 10 12.00 : 14	
butyric Ether, See Ethyl Butyrate				Phenylacetic Acid, 1 h bot h 3.00 : 4	.00
	3.00		3.25	PHENYLETHYLALCOHOL dom.,	
Innamic Alcohol, liquid 1 h bet. h Crystallizable				1 lb bot lb 8.00 : 9 Imported lb 8.50 : 10	.00

Phenylpropylalcohol, 1 b bot b	15.00	:	16.00
TERPINEOL, CP, 1000 m drums. To	.50	:	.55
Cans 50 lb	.55	:	.57
Terpinyl Acetate, 25 D cans D	1.65	:	1.85
VANILLIN, USP, 400 oz. cansoz	.41	:	.41%
VANILLIN, USP, 400 oz. cansoz Cans, 16 oz., 80 ozoz	.413	4:	.421/
Valerianic Ether, See Ethyl Valerate			
Yara Yara, 1 lb canslb	1.75	:	2.00
PERFUMERS' SUNDI	ILS		
Almond Meal, 25 lb cans	.28	:	.30
Ambergris, black, bxsoz		:	8.00
Ambergris, Diaca, Diss		:	28.00
Balsam Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cases lb	.23	:	.24
South American, 80 m cases ID	.28	:	.29
Balsam Peru, 60 h cans h	1.75	:	1.80
Balsam Tolu, 90 lb cases lb	1.00	:	1.10
Castoreum, 1 b bot	4.00	:	4.50
Chalk, precip, light, 175 b bbls. ib	.043	4:	.05
Cherry Laurel Water, 5 gal cans.gal Civet Abyssin, horns	1.15	:	1.25
Civet Abyssin, horns	2.75	:	3.75
Labdanum DID DOL.		- 5	8.00
Langlin hydrone 350 m hhm m	.21		.22
Lanolin hydrous, 350 m bblsm Anhydrous, 350 m bblsm	.23	:	.24
Musk pods, Cabardine, tinsoz Tonquin, tinsoz Grains, Cabardine, tinsoz	16.00		17.00
Tonguin tins	22.00		25.00
Grains Cabardine, tingox	25.00		26.00
Tonquin, tins	35.00		38.00
Synthetic. See Aromatic Chemicals			
Orris Rt. Flor., powd. bbls	.09	:	.11
Verona, bbls	.08	:	.09
Petrolatum, snow white, 350 lb bbls lb		:	.123
Light Amber, 350 to bbls To	.04	:	.043
Rice Starch, 140 D bgs D	.09	:	.10
Rose Water, 5 gal chys gal	.90	:	1.10
Sandalwood ching, nowd., bags ID	.30		.35
Sandalwood chips, powd., bagsb Saponin, 5 lb tins	1.25	:	1.50
Tale Italian, 220 lb bgston	42.00	:	55.00
Tale French, 220 m bagston Tale, domestic ref., 100 m bagston	32.00	:	45.00



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Palermo

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CO., Buenos Aires

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Reichard Coulston, Bremen; 5 cks., Sandoz
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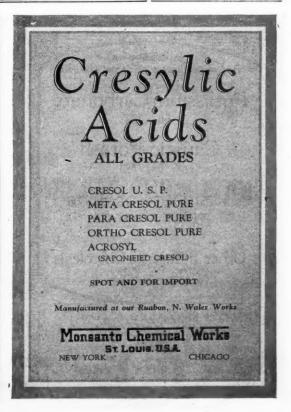
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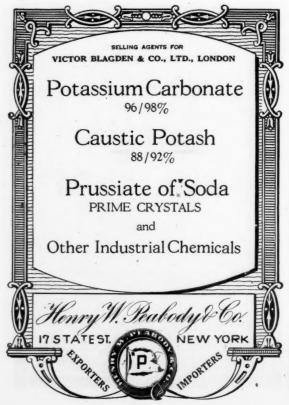
POTATO STARCH—150 bgs., Starler & Co., Rotterdam
PUMICE STONE—Lump, 10 bgs., C. B. Richard & Co., Messina; 10 cks., Irving Bank, Canneto Lipari; 315 bgs., 19 cks., Bankers Trust Co., Canneto Lipari; 3,736 bgs., 30 cks., T. Van Amringe & Son, Canneto Lipari; Powdered, 225 bgs., C. B. Chrystal & Co., Canneto Lipari; 66 bgs., Bankers Trust Co., Canneto Lipari; 66 bgs., T. Van Amringe & Son, Canneto Lipari; 0 UICKSILVER—26 flasks, J. Elizondo, Tampico; 230 flasks, Dupont De Nemours Co., Seville; 30 flasks, C. L. Huisking, Inc., Seville

QUININE—2 cs., R. W. Greeff & Co., Rotterdam; 110 cs., Amer. Exp. Co., Rotterdam ROOTS—12 bls., Order, Para; Altea, 20 bls., Order, Leghorn; Arrow, 10 cs., J. P. Smith & Co., London; Orris, 93 bgs., Order, Leghorn; Sarsaparilla, 20 bls., Triest & Co., Tampico; Licorice, 40 bgs., Order, Catania; Broom, 200 bls., Order, Vera Cruz; Canagria, 14 sks., Order, Vera Cruz; Canagria, SAL AMMONIAC—58 cks., Philipp Bauer & Co., Hamburg; 44 cks., Innis Speiden Co., Hamburg

Hamburg
SEEDS—Cauary, 1,113 bgs., Sherman, Constantinople; 150 bgs., Whitney Eckstein Co., Rotterdam; 250 bls., Order, Rotterdam; Castor, 2,000 bgs., Central Union Trust Co., Pernambuco; 2,000 sks., Baker Castor Oil Co., Pernambuco; 104 bgs., Hutblinger & Struller, Port de Paix; Foenugreek, 100 bgs., Order, Alexandria; Mustard, 40 bgs., J. B. Nordlinger, Hamburg; 100 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam; Poppy, 100 bgs., Graham Co., Rotterdam; Sunflower, 460 bgs., Order, Buenos Aires

SILVER SULFIDE-1 cse., G. Amsinck, Val-

SILVER SULFIDE—1 cse., G. Amsinck, Valparaiso
SHELLAC—900 bgs., Chase Nat. Bank, Calcutta; 332 bgs., Nat. City Bank, Calcutta; 100 bgs., London & Liverpool Bank of Commerce, Calcutta; 28 bgs., Bank of Amer., Calcutta; 50 bgs., Mech. & Metals Nat. Bank, Calcutta; 50 bgs., Standard Bank of So. Africa; Calcutta; 1388 bgs., 112 cs., Order, Calcutta; 100 bgs., First Nat. Bank Boston, Calcutta; 250 bgs., Mech. & Metals Nat. Bank, Calcutta; 250 bgs., Brit. Bank So. America, Calcutta; 48 bgs., Bank of Montreal, Calcutta; 821 bgs., Drder, Calcutta; Refuse Lac, 1,225 bgs., Bank of the Manhattan Co., Calcutta
SODIUM SALTS—Caustic, 190 drs., A. Klipstein & Co., Hamburg; Chlorate, 49 cs., Order, Venice; 100 cs., A. H. Pickering, Genoa; 144 cs., Order, Genoa; Fluoride, 49 cks., Order, Hamburg; Nitrate, 10,997 bgs., Wessel Duval & Co., Iquique; Sulfide, 223 drs., Order, Hamburg
SPICES—Annatto, 80 bgs., A. Patterson, Kingston; Cassia, 25 cs., Jardine, Matheson Co., Hongkong; 50 cs., Bank of Amer., Hong-



# CLARENCE' & COMPANY Manufacturers Representative RED OIL STEARIC ACID CANDLES For account of Emery Candle Company Deliveries from Spot Stocks 355 W.ONTARIO ST.

**SUPERIOR8870** 

kong; 200 cs., Pac. Orient Co., Hongkong; 100 bgs., Order, London; Cinnamon, 100 bls., Order, Colombo; Chips, 50 bls., Order, Colombo; Dils., Order, Exch. Nat. Bank, Colombo; 100 bls., Order, Colombo; Ginger, 217 bgs., W. Porter & Co., Freetown; 110 bgs., Cie Franc de l'Afrique Occidentale, Freetown; 300 cs., Imperial Bank of Canada, Hongkong; 12 bgs., J. Di Cristina, Mayaguez; 12 bgs., Colonial Bank, Kingston; 6 bgs., Order, Kingston; Green, 61 bgs., D. B. Cruikshank, San Juan; Mace, 36 cs.,

Daarnhower & Co., Rotterdam; Nutmeg, 75 bgs., Order, Singapore; 95 cs., 14 bgs., Archibald & Lewis, Rotterdam; 94 cs., 15 bgs., B. H. Old & Co., Rotterdam; 54 cs., L. C. Van Naiswald Co., Rotterdam; Paprika, 100 bgs., M. P. Kurzog Co., Hamburg; Penper, 840 bgs., Order, Singapore; Black, 479 bgs., Order, Penang; White, 20 bgs., Order, Singapore; Pimento, 190 bgs., Macey & Dunham, Kingston
SUMAC-350 bgs., Amer. Exp. Co., Palermo; 550 bgs., Order, Palermo

VERMILION-75 cks., Stanley Doggett & Co., Hamburg

TAPIOCA—Flour, 500 bgs., Stein Hall & Co., Batavia; 1,000 bgs., Order, Batavia

WAX—11 cs., Keferstein Starr & Co., Hamburg; Bees, 5 sks., Order, Santiago; 97 sks., Duncan Fox & Co., Valparaiso; 79 bgs., London & Braz. Bsnk, Rio de Janeiro; 150 bgs., Amer. Tdg. Co., Rio de Janeiro; Montan, 375 bgs., W. Schall & Co., Bremen XYLENE—5 drs., Van Oppen & Co., London

#### SULFUR IMPORTED AT SAN FRANCISCO

Imports at San Francisco for week ending June 9 included the following: On steamer Drechldyk, from Antwerp, to Balfour, Guthrie & Co., 100 bags chalk; from Rotterdam, to Pascal Dubedat & Co., 2,000 bags sulfur; to order, 25 bags whiting and 368 bags cocoa; from London, to order, 75 casks oxide, 423 drums linseed oil and 10 bags glue. On steamer Kiyo Maru, from Dairen, to Mitsui & Co., 700 tons soya bean oil. On steamer Astyanax, from Birkenhead, to order, 30 drums creosote and 3,600 bags soda ash; to Joseph Garman & Co., 50 cases olive oil; to R. N. Nason & Co., 4 cases oil varnish. On steamer Horaisan Maru, from Kobe, to order. 10 bales agar agar; from Dairen, to order, 7,380 bags bean oil cake, 420 bags hemp seed, 150 barrels bean oil, and 1,082 bags soya meal; from Shanghai, to order, 600 barrels peanut oil.

On steamer President Harrison, from Buenos Aires. to Bank of California, 377 bags sunflower seed; to Anglo and London Paris National Bank, 628 bags sunflower seed; H. J. Baker & Bro., 670 bags dried blood; American Trading Co., 116 bags sunflower seed; to order. 1,900 bags dried blood, 2,996 bags fertilizer, 3,016 bags tankage, and 2,486 bags linseed; to Tannin Corp., 3,171 bbls. wood extract; to Crocker National Bank, 678 bags wine lees; from Montevideo, to H. J. Baker & Bro., 1,703 bags dried blood, and to order, 1,363 bags dried blood. On steamer Corinto, from Manzanillo, to Otis McAllister & Co., 549 cases turpentine.

You have changed your address— Or your phone number— Or your company name-Or have started a new company— Or closed up an old firm-

#### Give us the full details at once

(If you have not already done so)

and you will be listed correctly in

the enlarged and revised

#### 1924 DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS GUIDE-BOOK

Otherwise you may be listed incorrectly or not at all

Lump or Ground

Charles Lennig & Co., Inc. Manufacturing Chemists

40 N. Front St. Philadelphia

Bridesburg Philadelphia

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Rate—All classifications, \$1.00 an issue for 20 words or less, additional words, 5c each, per issue.

Payment-Must accompany order, add 10c if replies are to be forwarded. Address "Wants & Offers" DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS
3 Park Place, New York.

#### BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Party versed in Crude Drugs, can purchase old established business of highest reputation \$15,000 proposition. Reason for selling—advanced age. Address "Botany 374," DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SPANISH HOUSE desires to connect with American concerns exporting specific drugs, proprietaries, pharmaceuticals, etc. Send price lists, descriptive booklets to Box 376, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS obtains, for Chemist with business ability or salesman, business incorporated for one hundred thousand dollars with license to make food specialty under patented process including formulas and machinery. Small additional working capital required. Box 361, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SOUTH AMERICAN house desires to represent American manufacturers of industrial and medicinal chemicals in Colombia. Correspondence in Spanish to Pedro Agustin Gomez, Zapatoca, Santander, Colombia, S. A.

#### HELP WANTED

WANTED—Experienced assistant in New York leather laboratory large dyestuff manu-facturer. State in letter age, experience and salary expected. Box 364, DRUG & CHEM-ICAL MARKETS.

#### HELP WANTED

SALESMAN—Experienced Pharmaceutical and Specialty man for old established and progressive house to cover part of Massachusetts, calling upon retail trade, doctors and hospitals. Salary and Commission. Give references and say how soon available. Box 373. DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED by Dyestuff Manufacturer, an assistant in testing and standardizing of Dyestuffs. State fully-experience, references and salary expected. Box 369, DRUG & and salary expected. CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SALESMEN-In all States, calling on the drug trade; 15% commission; orders through jobbers; special merchandizing campaign until July 1. Marvel Specialty Co., 4 Washington Place, New York City.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN with pharmaceutical training and sales record wanted for southern territory. Box 358, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED—Pharmaccutical Laboratory Chemist. One capable of making general line of pharmaccuticals and to take charge of Laboratory. A permanent position for the right man. Location middle west. State experience and give reference and salary expected to start with in making application. Box 375, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

#### DRUGS & CHEMICALS

FOR SALE-Odd lots and surplus stocks of Drugs, Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, Toilet Preparations and miscellaneous items. Box 377, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

OFFER-American Botanical Crude Drugs, Roots, Barks, Seeds, Flowers, Waxes, Mosses, etc. Bristol, Va. Box 372, DRUG & CHEMI-CAL MARKETS.

OFFER seven tons SUN Asphalt \$17.00, 5 bbls. Black Oil, 26c; 4 bbis. Lard Cutting Oil Black Oil, 200; 4 bols. Lat. 35c; 20 bbls. Gear Shield, 3c 4b., Rosin. etc., 11 FOR Rutherford, N. J. Burns Mfg. all F.O.B. Rutherford, N. J. Bu Co., 46 W. Broadway, New York.

WANTED-To purchase 1,000 lbs. or any part thereof Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Brown Scales. Preferably from an eastern point. Box 360, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

ODD LOTS and surplus stock on Drugs, Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, Patent Medicines and Oils. We purchase outright and pay cash. D. P. Paul & Co., Inc., 116 Nassau street, New York.

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50 ALUMINUM KETTLES 50—80 gal, Kettles, complete.

CENTRIFUGALS

26-in. Copper Baskets. 36-in. Copper Baskets. 36-in. Bronze Baskets. 48-in. Bronze Mesh Baskets. 60-in. Steel, Rubber Lined.

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3—No. 11 Vacuum Shelf, Devine.
10—Gordon Tray and Truck
Dryers.
3—Bronze Drum Dryers.
10—Other Vacuum Dryers.

STILLS
3—Vacuum Still, 35 to 100 gals.
7—Copper Col. Alcohol Dist.
Units.
1—400-gal. Aluminum Still.

FILTER PRESSES

1—4 x 6 Oliver Filter, all iron.

3—6 x 6 Oliver Filter.

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REFRIGERATING MACHINES 1—10-ton Frick. 1—4-ton York. 2—40-ton York. 6—2-ton Ref.

A large quantity of Refrigerators from 2 to 12 tons.

DURIRON
Cocks, Tees, Ells, Flanged and
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All sizes, never used.

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950-Steel Tanks of every type and size, from 96 gallons to 55,700 gallons. Made of plates 1/4 inch to % inch thick.

FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT

Let us send you our Bulletin No. 7.

Nashville Industrial Corporation JACKSONVILLE, TENNESSEE

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NITROCELLULOSE PRODUCTS—Trained Chemical-Mechanical Engineer. Practical and executive experience in manufacture, research and sales development in the commercial nitrocellulose industries. Very successful record with large corporations. Age 32. Box 365, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SALESMAN—Technical, with practical experience. Able to produce results. Mamufacturers of Chemicals or Dyestuffs requiring high grade representative in the South. Box 362, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

Salesman, road experience, familiar crude drugs, chemicals and essential oils, desires position selling or buying. Box 330, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

#### EXTRACT CHEMIST

With wide experience in Imitation Flavors, True Fruits, Emulsions and allied products, for the Bottling trade, Bakery and household uses, seeks connection with progressive firm. Box 346, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

#### SITUATIONS WANTED

YOUNG SCOTCHMAN holding diploma in Chemistry of the Royal Technical College, Glasgow, offers his services and experience to any firm or corporation owning coking plant with large by-product plant, gas work, or oil work. Particulars and first-class references. Wilson Advertising Agency, Nashville, Tenn.

SALESMAN-Desires correction with heavy chemical manufacturer or importer, Graduate Chemical Engineer. Experienced. Box 366, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

Responsible position desired by Chemist, B.Sc., with laboratory, manufacturing, production and managerial experience in organic chemical industry. Now employed, age 31, good references. Box 370, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

FOR SALE—Practically new Colton Semi-Automatic Capsule filling machine. Box 371, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

#### PLANT EQUIPMENT

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FOR SALE—Analytical balance, electric oven, porcelain, glassware and other laboratory supplies. 139 gallon stoneware jar, stoneware filters, aluminum kettles, steel and aluminum steam-jacketed kettles, Gould's rotary pump and other material. Full list with prices or request. Box 368, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

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SELLING AGENTS desiring to get in touch with manufacturers and manufacturers desiring to get in touch with selling agents—try a want ad on these pages. DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS is read all over the world.

ASK THE Bureau of Employment of the Chemists' Club (Agency) 52 East 41st Street, New York City. If you need a chemist (man or woman) for the laboratory or works. If you wish a position for the practice of your profession. No charge to employers. Moderate fee to applicants. Prof. Herbert R. Moody, Chairman Club Committee.

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Phenol coefficients 2 to 20. Rideal-Walker Test. Produce white emulsion free from deposit. Phenol coefficients guaranteed.

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AGENTS WANTED in the most important markets.

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Agent for the U.S.A.

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NEW YORK, 2 Rector St.

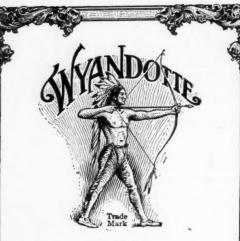
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#### UNIFORM DEXTRINES and SPECIAL STARCHES

Finest Quality Corn Dextrines

Spot Stocks carried in New York



Vyandotte Brand, special high test, 76%

Caustic Soda

(78½% to 79% N. Y. &L. Test.)



It is widely used in the refining of oil and in other chemical operations requiring a Caustic Soda of the highest purity and strength.

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Sole Selling Agents
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"Distinguished for its High Test and Uniform Quality"



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# Caustic Soda

All Tests

# Soda Ash

Dense-Light Granular if Desired

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FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.,

# SEABOARD

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(All Grades)

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(Dyewood Extract)

#### Seaboard Chemical Co.

30 CHURCH STREET NEW YORK

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Cables Carbaned New York

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For full particulars as to products and addresses see Index of Advertisers on the page following.

#### HEAVY CHEMICALS

HEAVY C
Baker Chemical Co.
Battelle & Renwick
Church & Dwight
The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co.
Contact Process Co.
Chas. Cooper & Co.
Diamond Alkali Co.
The Dow Chemical Co.
El. du Font de Nemours & Co.
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Grasselli Chemical Co.
W. F George Chemicals, Inc.
Wm. S. Gray & Co.
R. W. Greeff & Co.
Hans Hinrichs Chem. Corp.
Edward Hill's Son & Co.
T. C. Hoelzer Co.
Industrial Chemical Co.
International Salt Co.

Chas. Lennig & Co., Inc.
A. Klipstein & Co.
Meteor Products Co.
Meteor Products Co.
Mathieson Alkali Works
The Miner-Edgar Co.
Monsanto Chemical Works
Clarence Morgan & Co.
Nichols Copper Co.
Pialtz & Bauer
Roessler & Hasslacher Chem,
Seaboard Chemical Co.
Semet Solvay Co.
E. M. Sergeant Co.
Solvay Process Co.
Thorkildsen-Mather Co.
Victor Chemical Works
The Warner Chemical Co.
Victor Chemical Works
The Warner Chemical Co.
Jacques Wolf & Co.
Jacques Wolf & Co.

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Baird & MoGuire
J. T. Baker Chemical Co.
Carbide & Carbon Chem. Corp.
Antoine Chiris Co.
Charles Cooper & Co.
Darco Sales Corp.
J. E. Dockendorff & Co.
The Dow Chemical Co.
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Hoffman-La Roche Chem. Wks.
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Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc.

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Chicago Starch Co.
Dow Chemical Co.
Dye Products & Chem. Co.
Essex Aniline Works
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
A. Klipstein & Co.

Gary Chem. Co.
Grasselli Chemical Co.
H. A. Metz & Co.
National Aniline & Chemical Co.
Newport Chemical Works
Pharma-Chemical Cop.
Southern Dyestuffs Co.
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Baird & McGuire
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Essex Anline Works
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Jordan Coal Tar Products Co.
A. Klipstein & Co.
H. A. Metz & Company
Monsanto Chemical Works
National Aniline & Chemical Co.
Newport Chemical Works
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#### FATTY OILS

Antoine Chiris Co.

Jacques Wolf & Co.

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The Cleveland Cooperage Co.

Consolidated Products Co., Inc.
Nashville Industrial Corp.

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Ortho Nitro Toluol
Ortho Toluidine
Para Toluidine
Sodium Naphthionate
N W Acid
R Salt
Cleves Acid
Para Nitro Toluol
Tolidine Base
Meta Phenylene Diamine
Meta Toluylene Diamine



Newport Chemical Works, Inc.
Passaic, New Jersey

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The gradual reduction of costs has made this extremely useful reagent tremendously important to the dye industry. In the manufacture of pyrazolone derivatives several prominent manufacturers are using ethyl aceto acetate in substantial quantities.

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NEW YORK
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NEWARK
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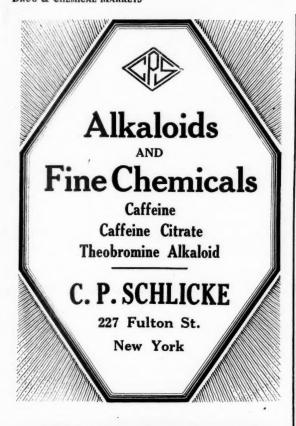
For Manufacturing, Industrial, Scientific and Technical Purposes

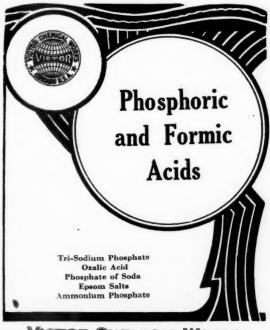
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Lurgest Producers in the World Executive Offices: 110 E. 42nd Street, New York Branches in all principal cities

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